

Elixir: A High-performance and Low-cost Approach to Managing Hardware/Software Hybrid Flow Tables Considering Flow Burstiness

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Flow Table

• More and more packet header fields taken as the input for forwarding rules, the size of flow table in modern network devices grows rapidly.



Hardware/Software characteristics

• The characteristics of hardware/software are complementary.



Hardware/Software Hybrid Flow Tables

• Many network devices take a hardware/software hybrid way to manage the large flow table.



• Previous works usually leverage the traffic skewness for flow table splitting.

[TFO SIGCOMM CCR'12, LFP TNSM'20]



• Offloading top 10% largest flows to the hardware can save up to 90% CPU resources?

• However, the bursty flows are widely existent.



- Bursty flows lead to large queue size and high latency.
- Software need to reserve more resources for the bursty flow.



- Bursty flows lead to large queue size and high latency.
- Software need to reserve more resources for the bursty flow.



Design challenges

- Challenge # 1: Accurate flow rate measurement
- Challenge # 2: Timely flow replacement



Accurate flow rate measurement

• Challenge # 1: How to accurately measure all the flow rates with low overhead on commodity devices?



We have to design an accurate and low-cost flow measurement method.

Timely flow replacement

• Challenge # 2: How to set the proper timing for flow replacement between hardware and software?



We have to design a method to identify bursty flows and keep replacement frequency low.









Periodic Large Flow Replacement

- A periodic procedure to exchange large flows.
- Sampled traffic to identify the rates of large flows.



Event-Driven Bursty Flow Replacement

• Elixir leverages an event-driven process to detect and offload bursty flows.



Evaluation

- Compared with:
 - The state-of-the-art solutions: TFO (Traffic-aware Flow Offloading), LFP (Large Flow Predictor).
 - The baseline solution: PSF (Pure Software Forwarding).
- Metric:
 - Traffic rate, CPU consumption, Forwarding capability, Latency, packet loss rate.

Evaluation: Software-forwarded traffic rate



• Elixir can successfully keep the software forwarded traffic at a stable and low rate.

Evaluation: CPU consumption with fixed forwarding capability



- Elixir can save ~81% CPU resources compared with PSF.
- Elixir can save $\sim 50\%$ CPU resources compared with TFO and LFP.

Evaluation:

Forwarding capability with fixed CPU consumption

- Maximum forwarding rate of Elixir is twice higher than that of TFO and LFP.
- PSF has the lowest maximum forwarding rate.

	Maximum forwarding rate (Mpps)
Elixir-NIC	56.2
Elixir-switch	56.1
TFO	26.4
LFP-NIC	28.3
LFP-switch	27.6
PSF	9.8

Evaluation: Latency and packet loss rate with fixed traffic rate



- The tail latency of Elixir is $\sim 97\%$ lower compared with TFO and LFP.
- The packet loss rate of Elixir is lower than TFO and LFP.

Conclusion

- We present Elixir, the first system to manage hardware/ software hybrid flow tables considering flow burstiness.
 - Separate the identification and replacement processes of large flows and bursty flows.
- We prototype Elixir and compare it with the state-of-the-art solutions.
 - Less resource consumption.
 - Higher throughput.
 - Lower latency.



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