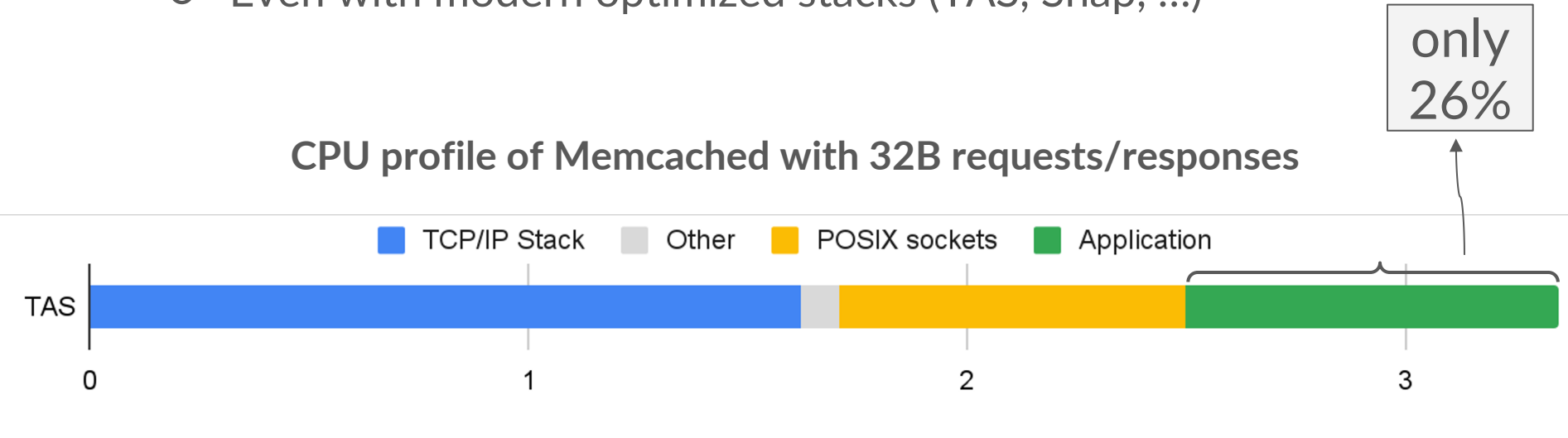
FlexTOE: Flexible TCP Offload with Fine-Grained Parallelism

Rajath Shashidhara [1], Tim Stamler [2], Antoine Kaufmann [3], Simon Peter [1]

[1] *University of Washington*, [2] *MPI-SWS*, [3] *The University of Texas at Austin*

High CPU Overhead of TCP

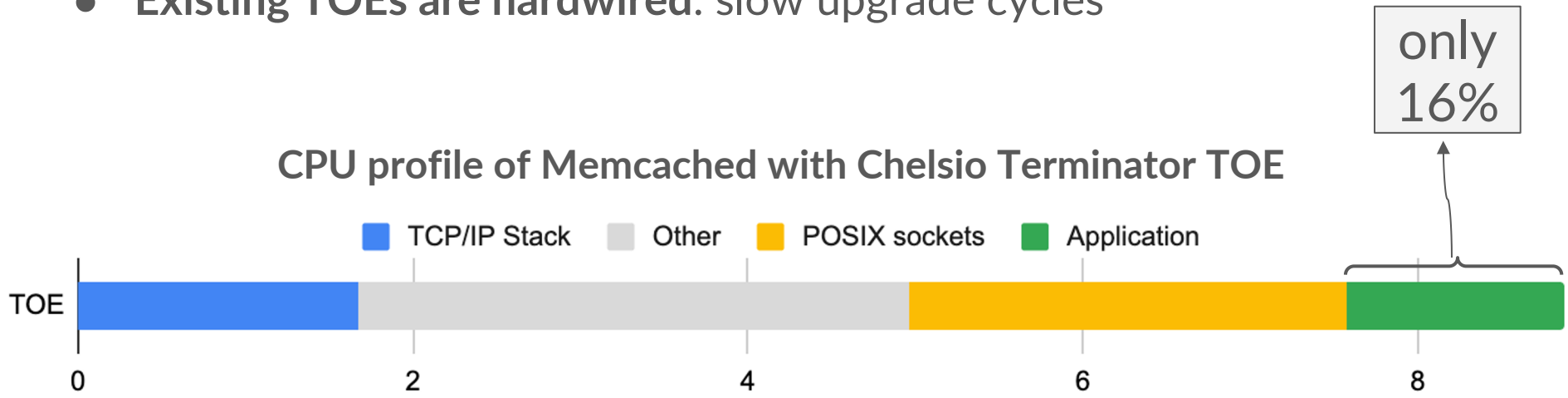
- TCP remains the default protocol in the datacenter
- But TCP stacks have high CPU overhead
  - Even with modern optimized stacks (TAS, Snap, …)



To go further, we need to offload…

Need for ***Flexible*** TCP Offload

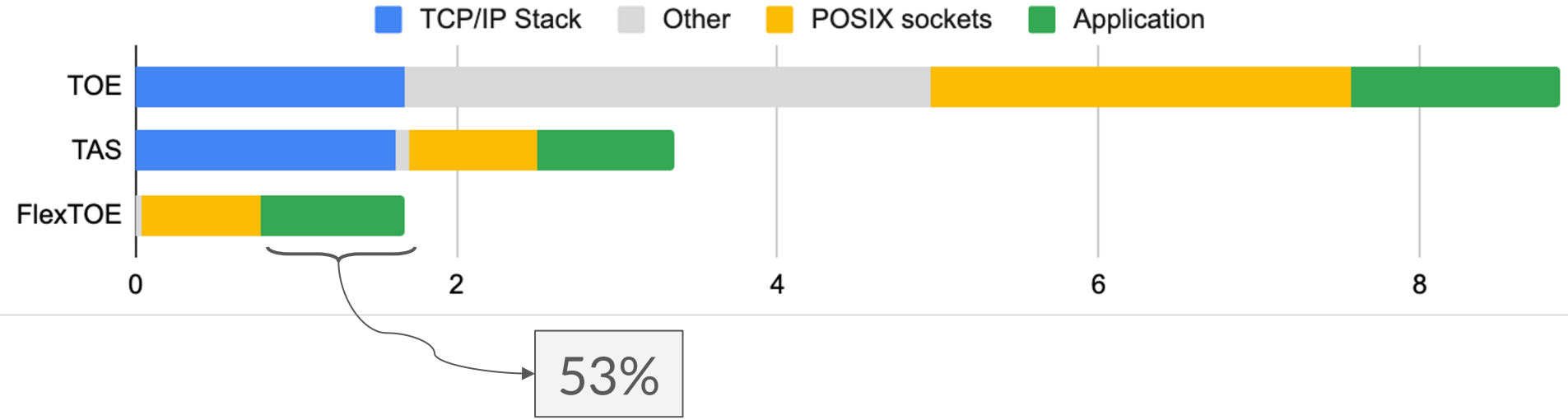
- **Flexibility**: Datacenter networks evolve rapidly
  - Operators need flexibility for **agile development**
- **Existing TOEs are hardwired**: slow upgrade cycles



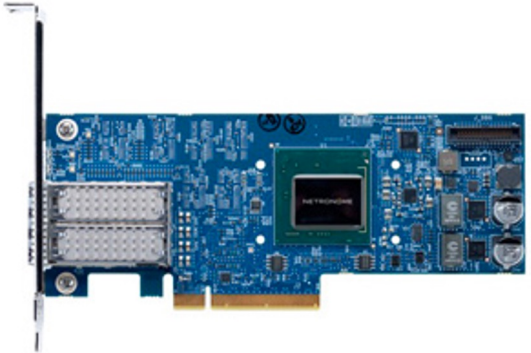
TCP Offload:
Can we get *flexibility* and *performance*?

FlexTOE: Flexible, High Performance TCP Offload

- Eliminates all host TCP stack overheads
- Supports POSIX-sockets, DCTCP/Timely congestion control
- Fully extensible (software development velocity), with eBPF support



TCP Offload to SmartNICs - Challenges



SmartNICs are flexible but **restrictive**:

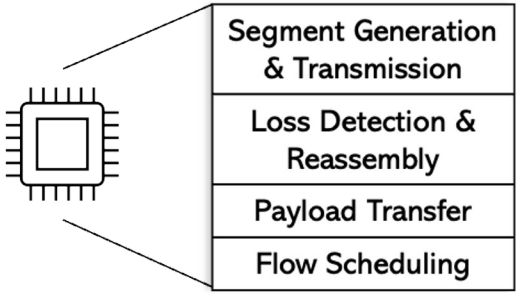
- Eg: Netronome Agilio, Mellanox BlueField, Pensando DSC, Fungible DPU, ...
- **Parallel** architectures geared towards **stateless** offloads
- **Many wimpy cores** with **limited memories**

TCP connections are processed **sequentially**:

- **Stateful** code paths track in-flight segments
- Stringent **per-packet time budgets**
- **Sensitive to reordering**

Traditional TCP stacks perform poorly on SmartNICs

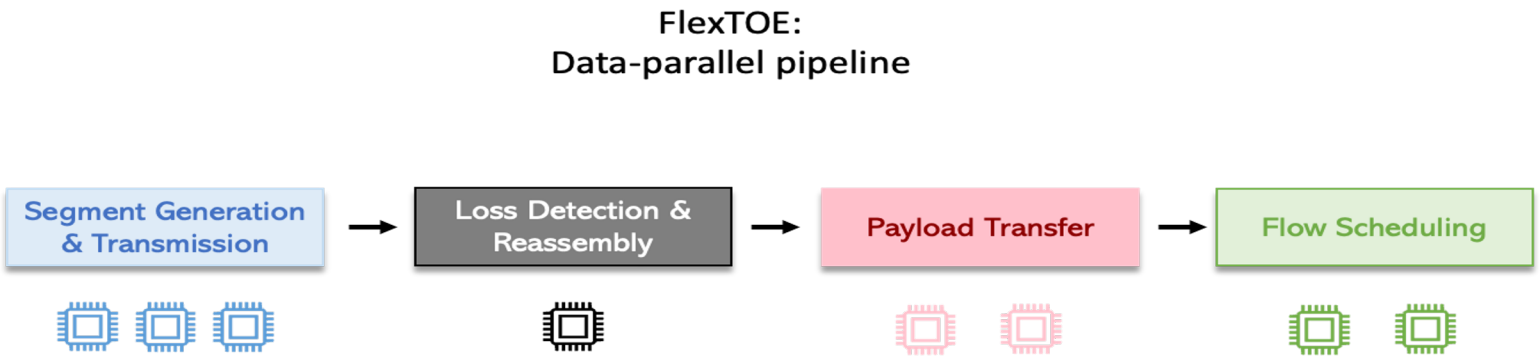
Traditional stacks:
Sequential, Monolithic



FlexTOE: Flexible, High-Performance TCP Offload with Fine-grained Parallelism

To provide **high performance** and **flexibility**, FlexTOE leverages:

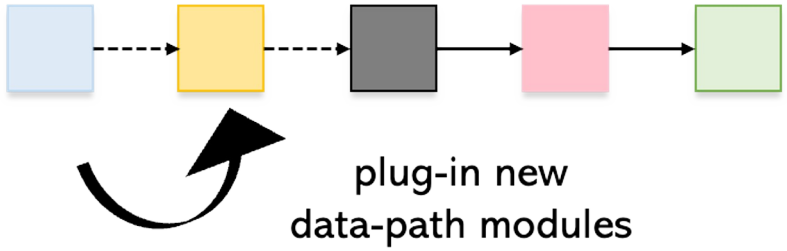
- **Modularity**: fine-grained modules keep private state and communicate explicitly
- **Fine-grained parallelism**: Modules may be replicated, sharded, execute out-of-order
- **One-shot data-path offload**: Payload is never buffered on the NIC



FlexTOE Flexibility: XDP

Supports eXpress Data Path (XDP) modules implemented in eBPF

- Operate on raw packets
- Shared state via BPF maps

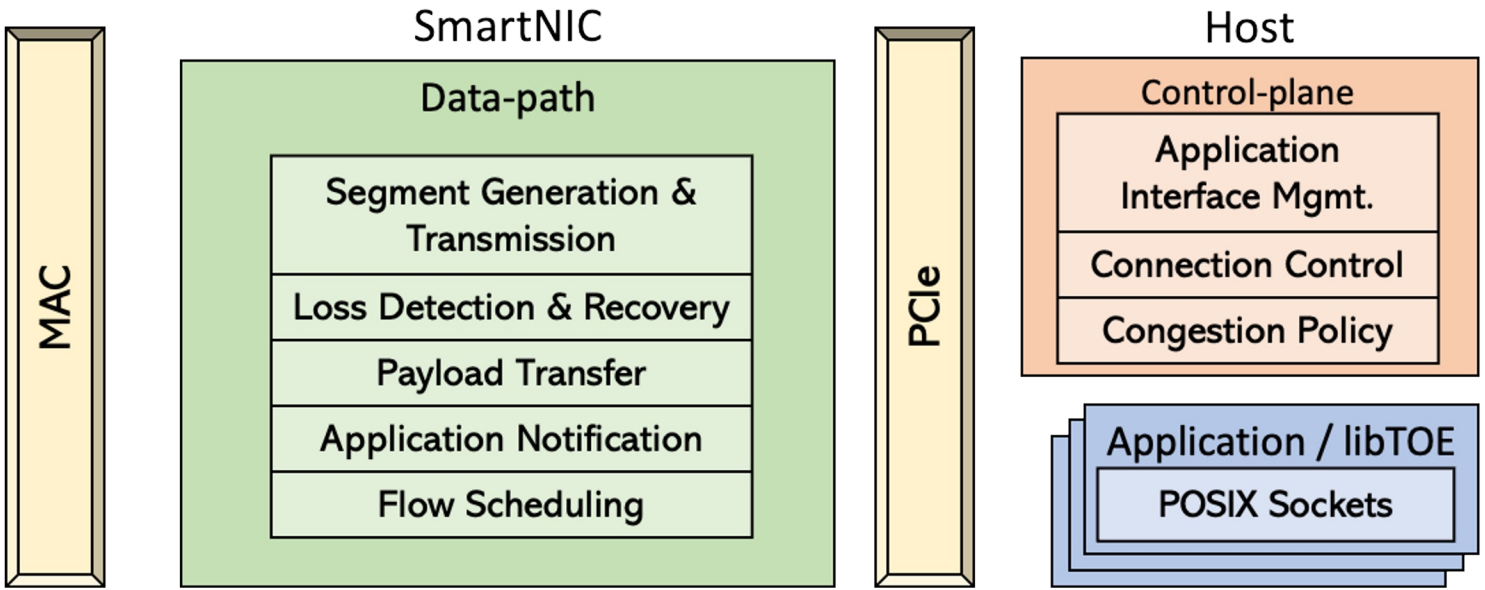


Implemented common datacenter features

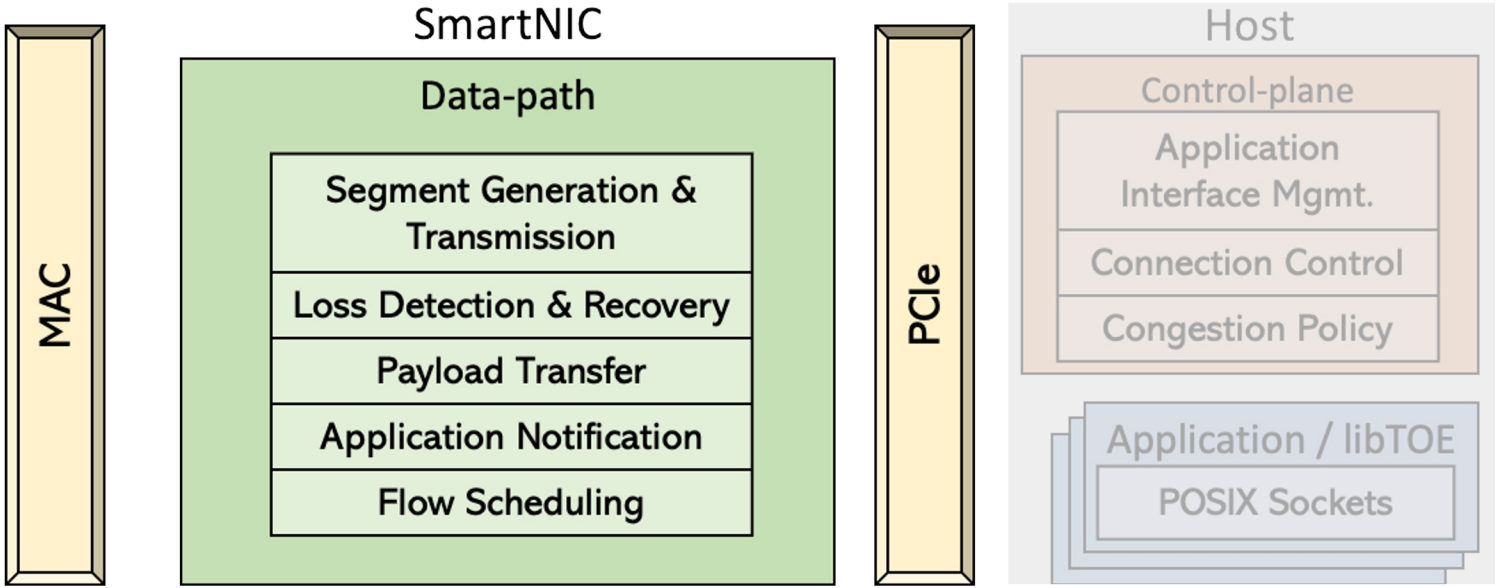
- Tracing, Statistics & Profiling
- Connection Firewalling
- VLAN encapsulation/decapsulation
- tcpdump

AccelTCP's [NSDI20] connection splicing in 24 lines of eBPF at NIC line rate!

FlexTOE Offload Architecture

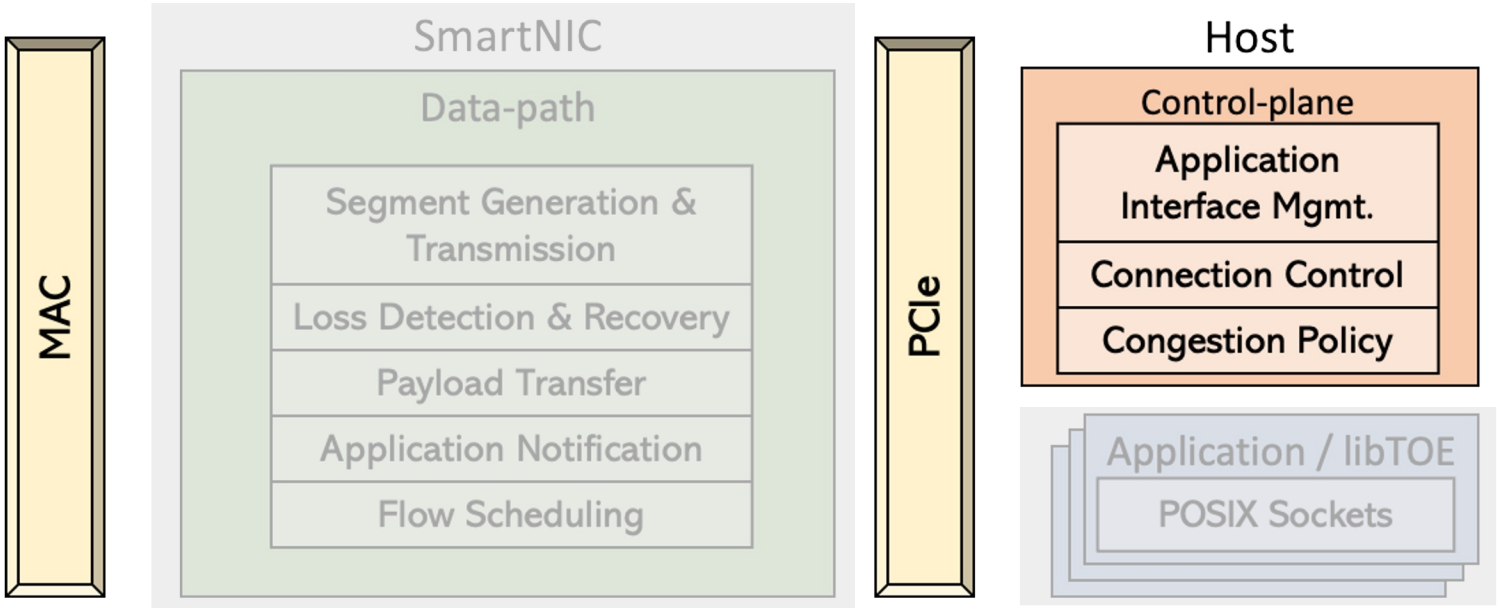


FlexTOE Offload Architecture



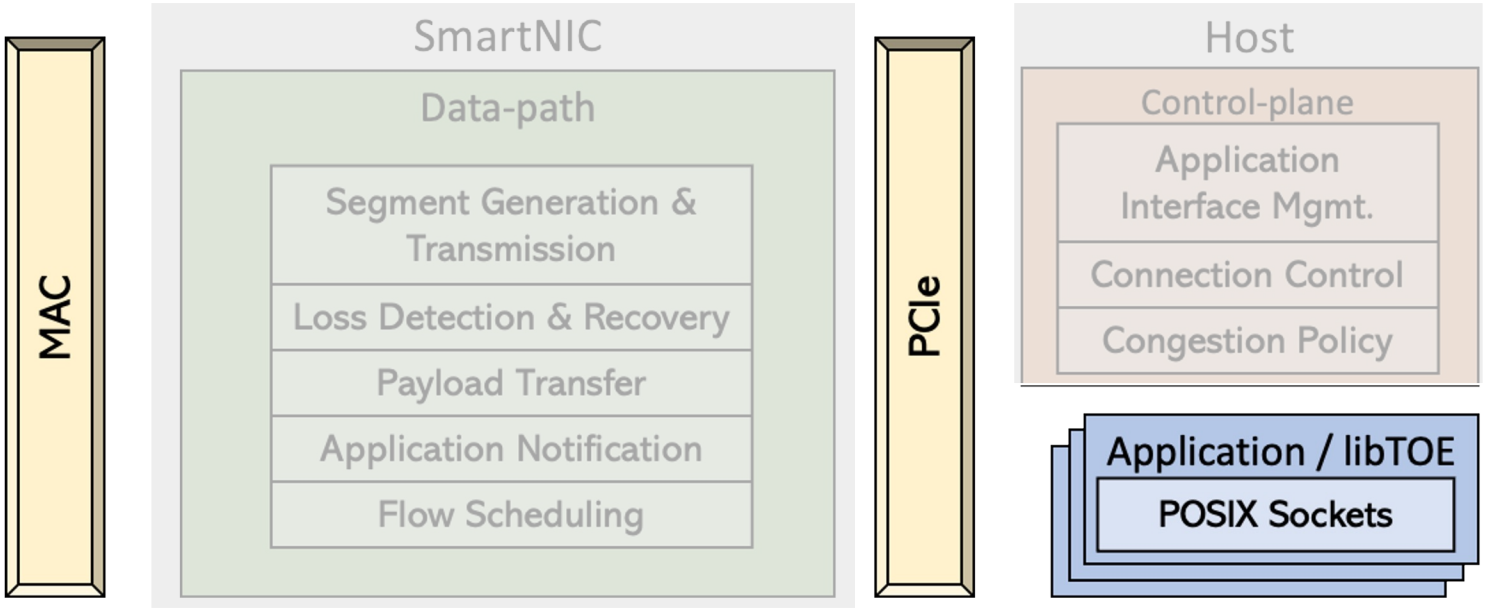
- **Data-path**: per-packet transport logic for established connections

FlexTOE Offload Architecture



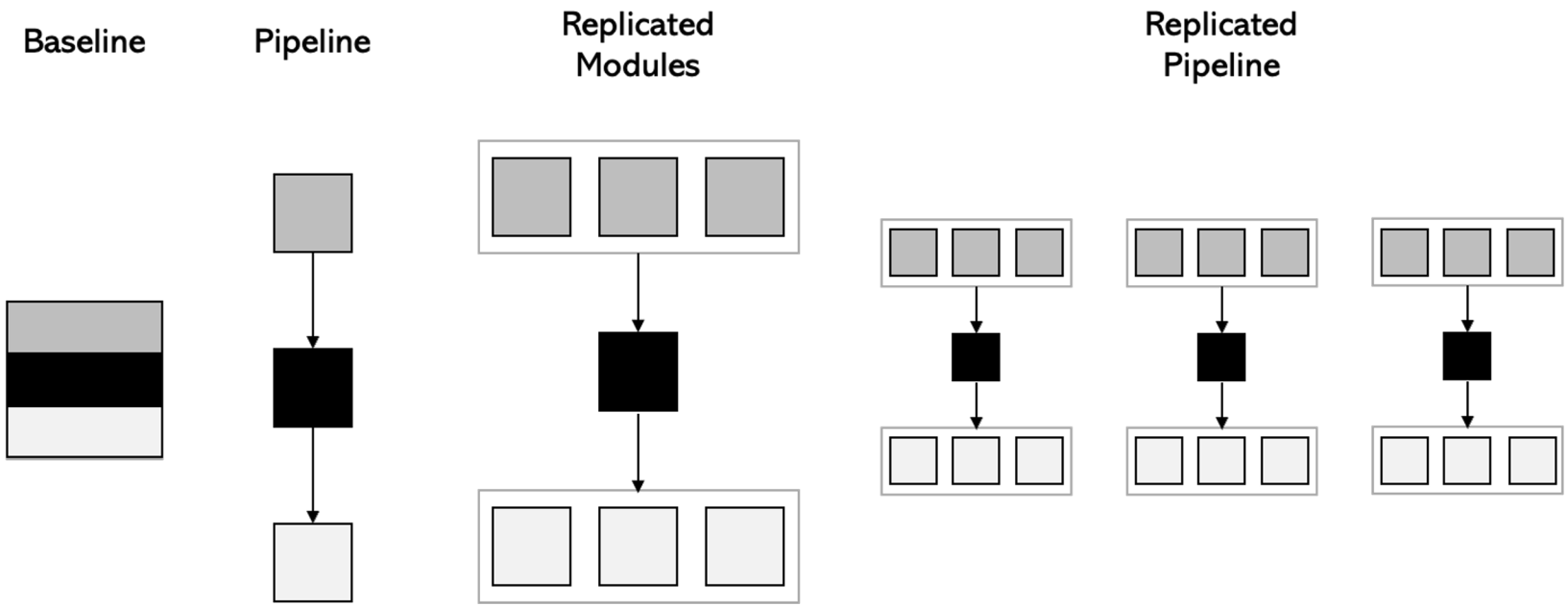
- **Control-plane**: policy, management and infrequent recovery code-paths

FlexTOE Offload Architecture

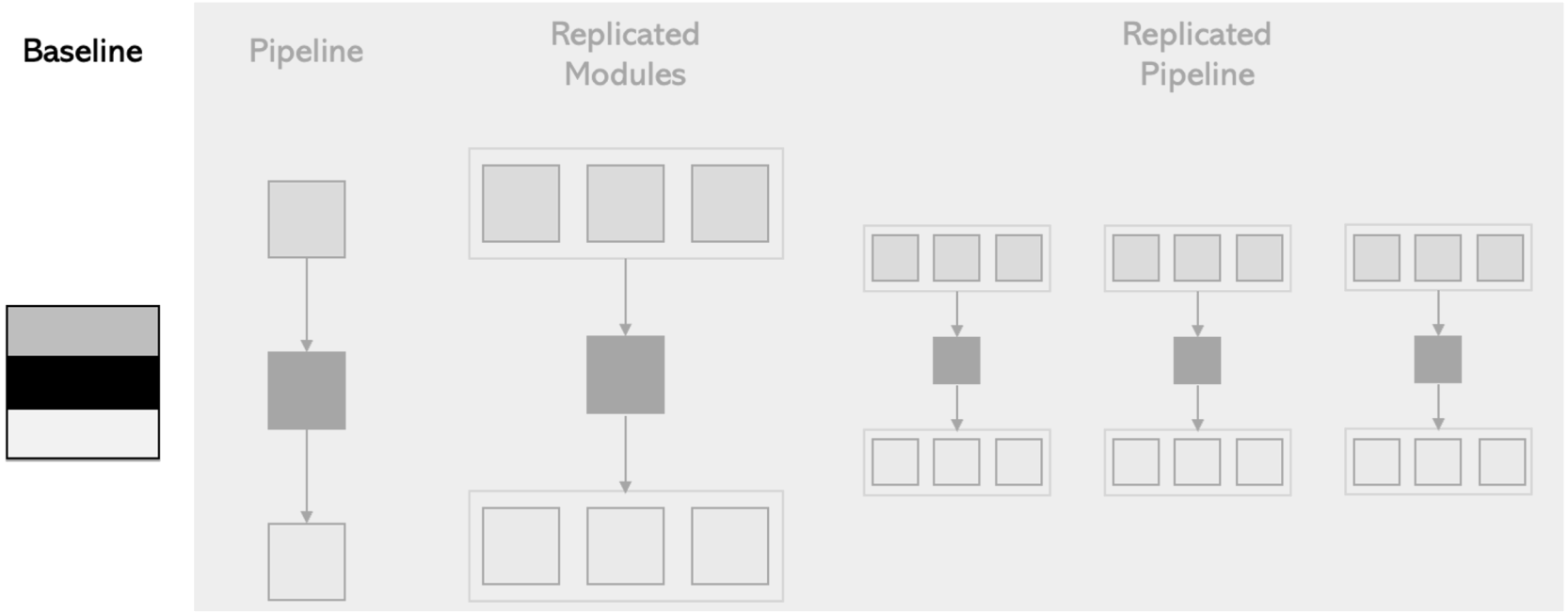


- **libTOE library:** provides POSIX sockets to the application with kernel-bypass

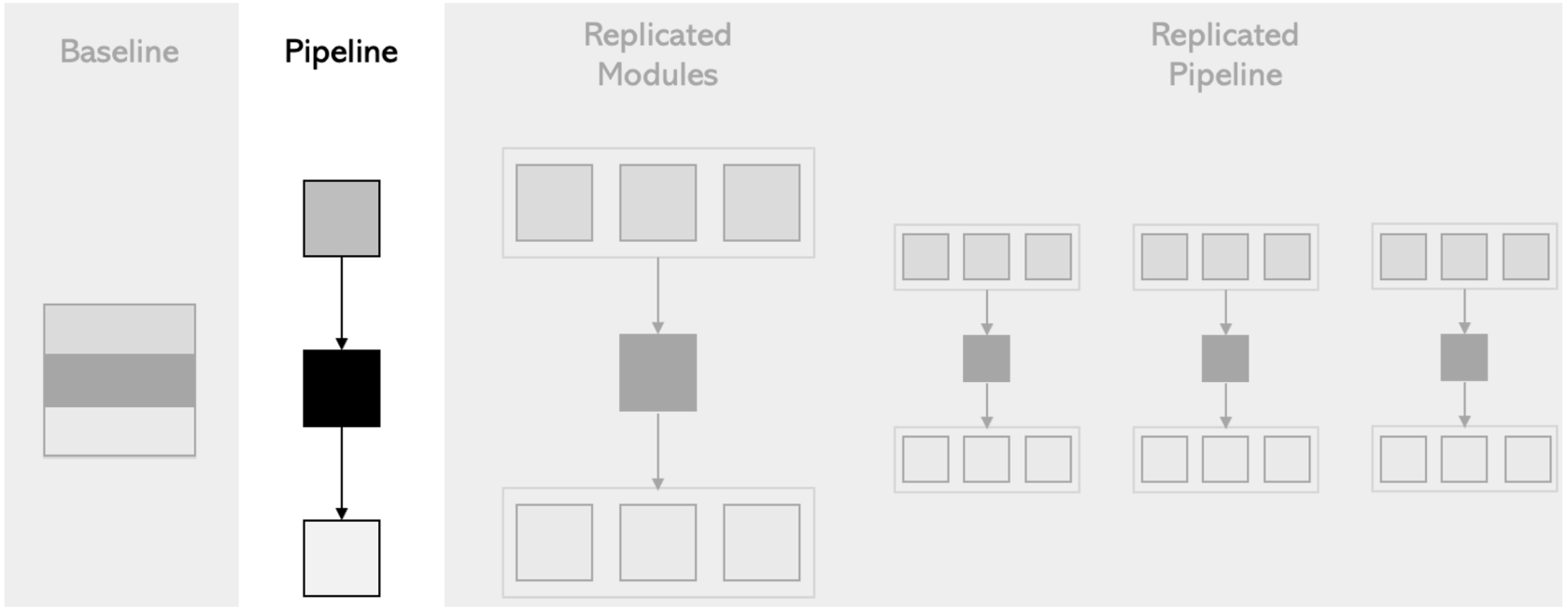
Parallelizing the TCP Data-path for Offload



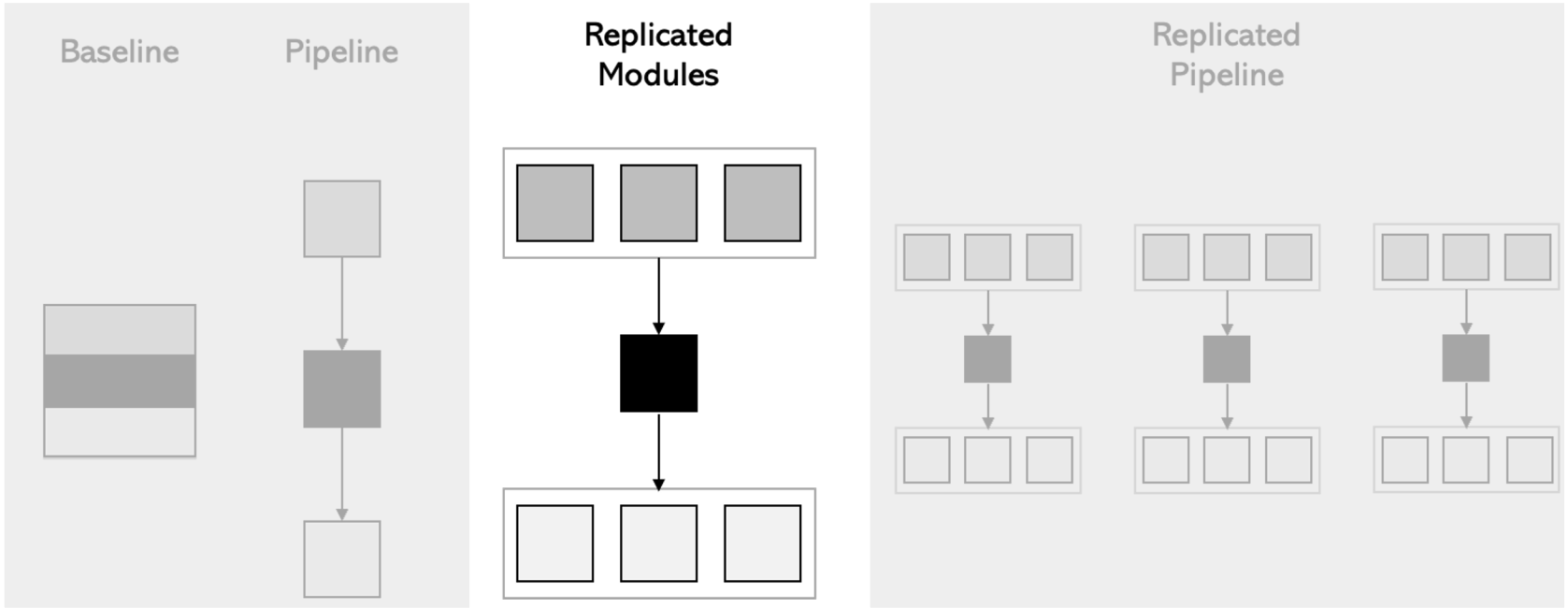
Parallelizing the TCP Data-path for Offload



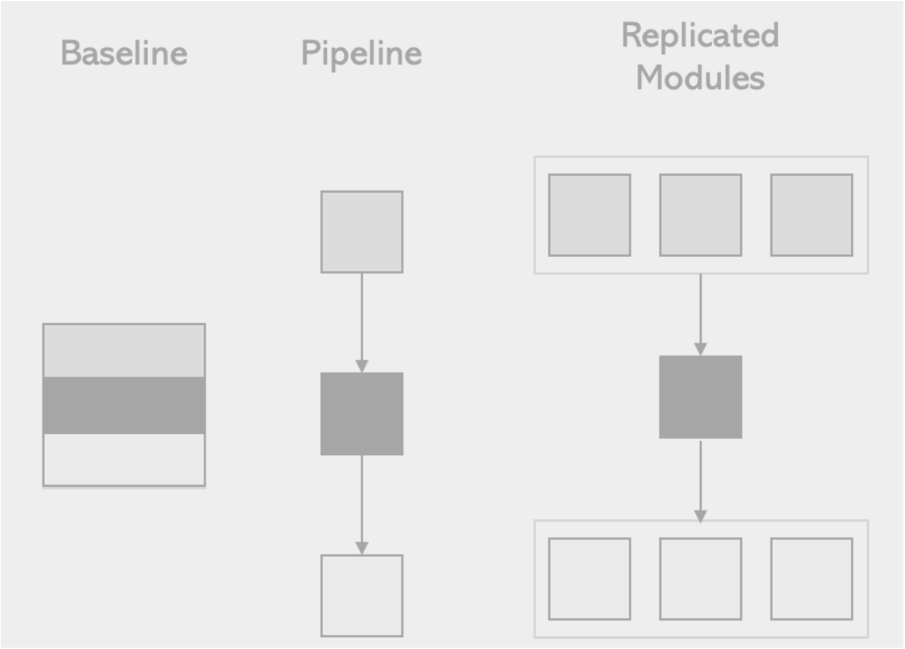
Parallelizing the TCP Data-path for Offload

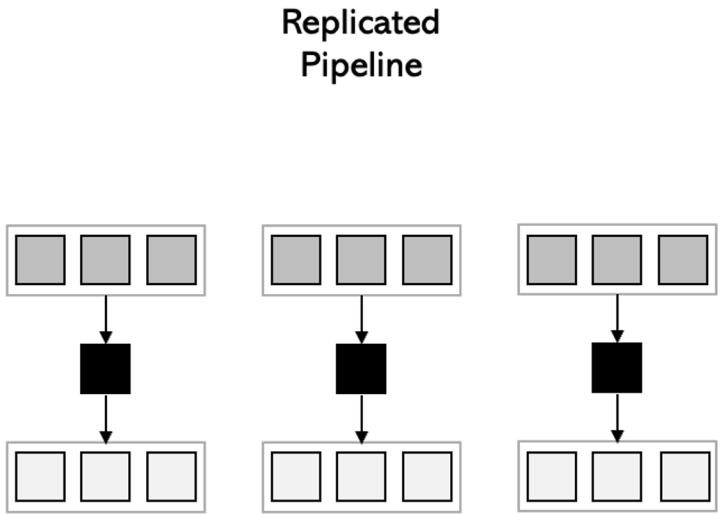


Parallelizing the TCP Data-path for Offload

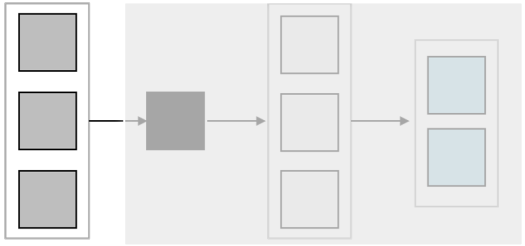


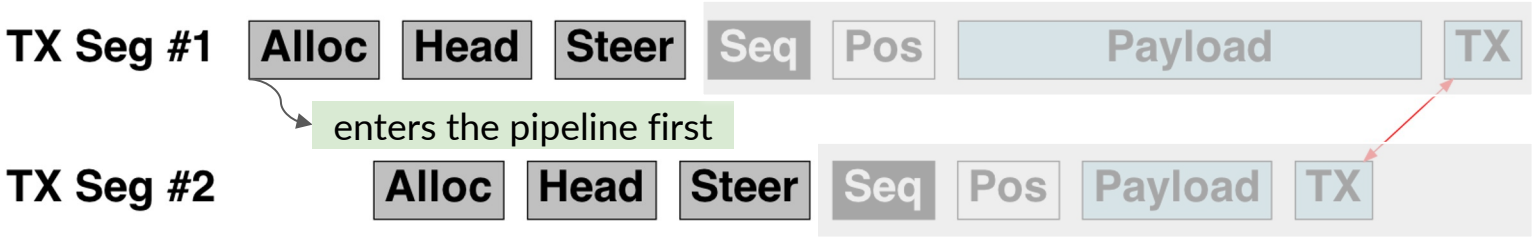
Parallelizing the TCP Data-path for Offload

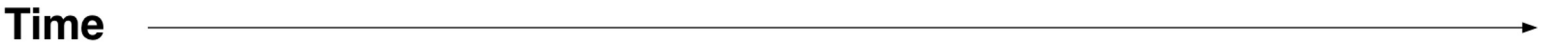




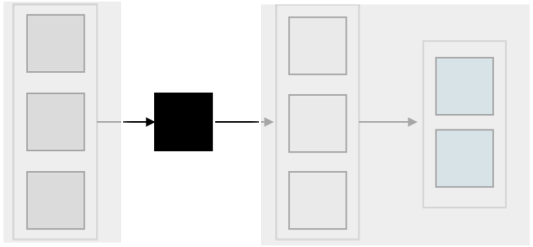
Parallel TCP Processing Example: Transmit (TX)

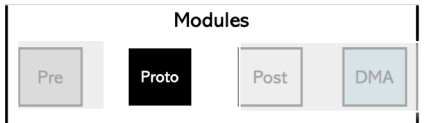




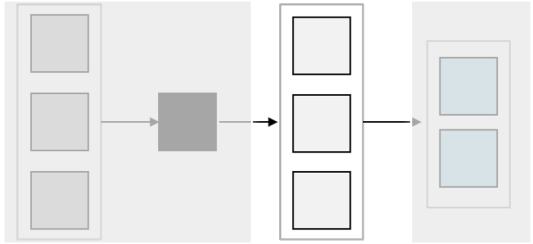


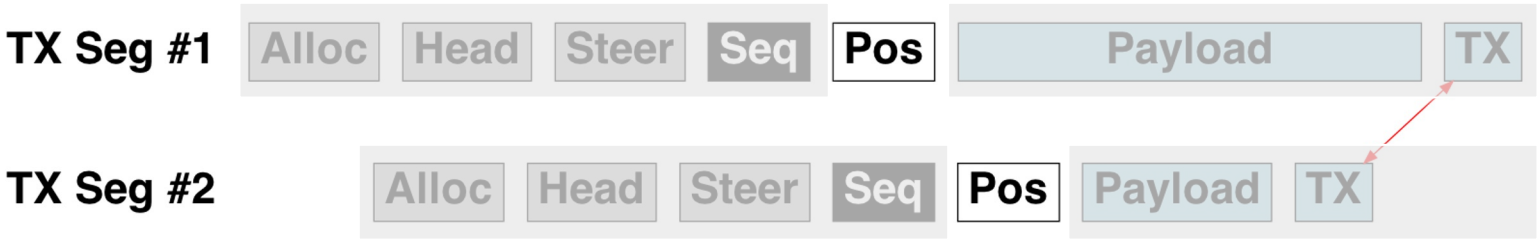
Parallel TCP Processing Example: Transmit (TX)

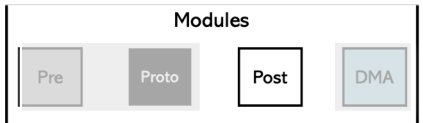




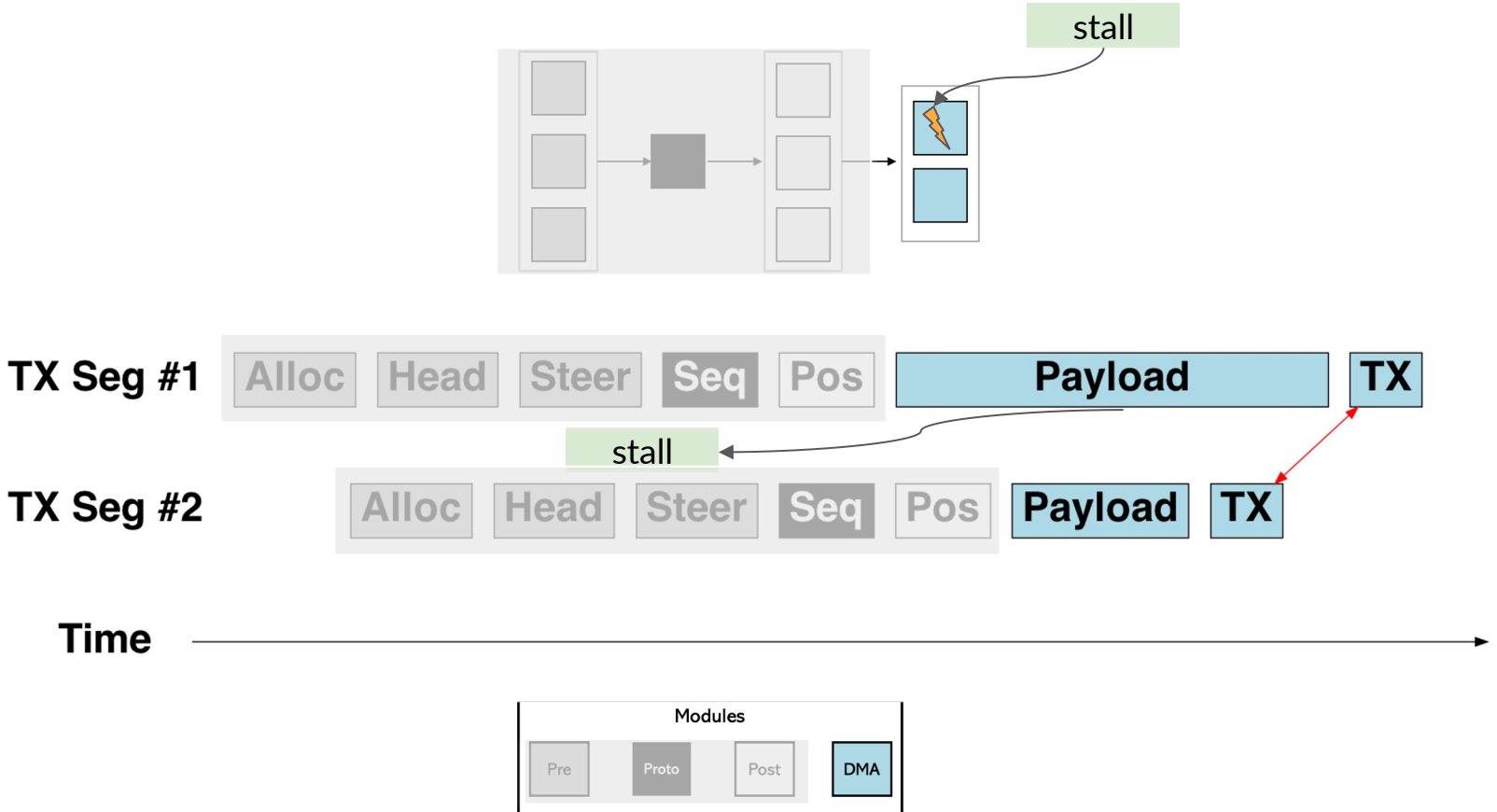
Parallel TCP Processing Example: Transmit (TX)







Parallel TCP Processing Example: Transmit (TX)

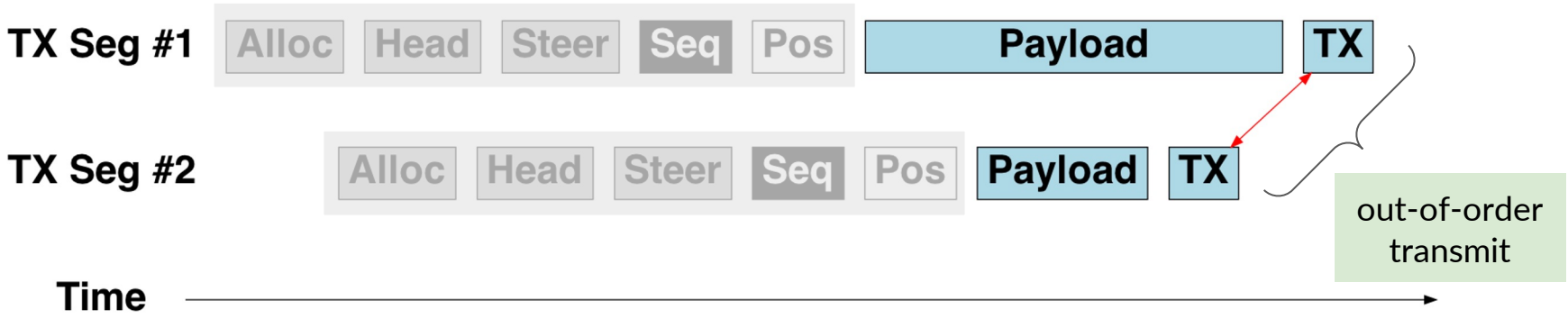


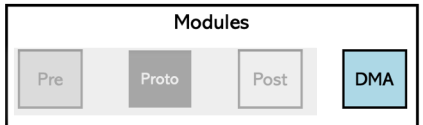
Parallel TCP Processing Example: Transmit (TX)

TCP requires processing **in-order for loss detection**

but …

Data-parallel modules have varying processing times and **may reorder segments**

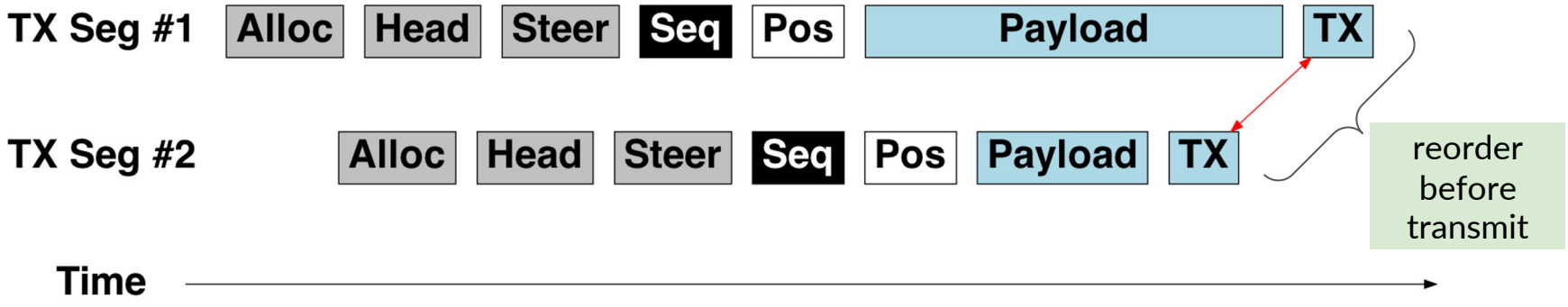


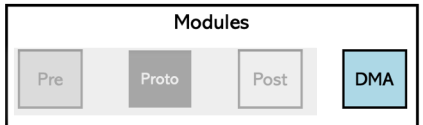


Parallel TCP Processing Example: Transmit (TX)

FlexTOE:

Assign sequence number on data-path ingress → reorder segments on egress





Evaluation

Evaluation Setup

Intel Xeon Gold 6138 CPU, 20 cores @ 2 GHz with 40GB RAM

Compare:

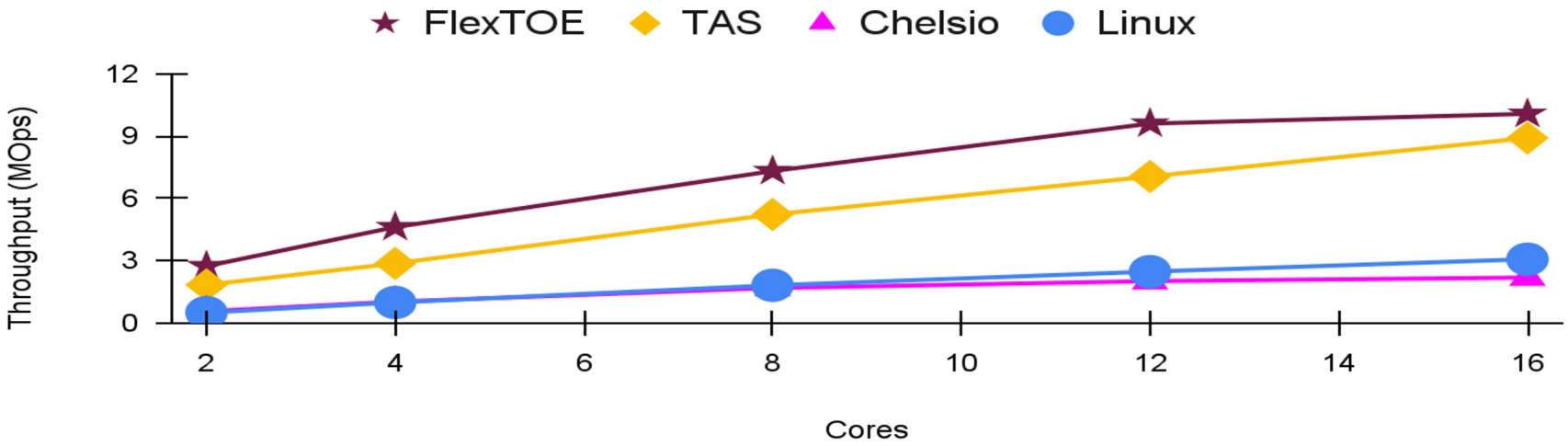
- FlexTOE (flexible offload) on Netronome Agilio CX40 SmartNIC @ 40 Gbps
- Linux (in-kernel stack): Intel XL710 @ 40 Gbps
- TAS (kernel-bypass): Intel XL710 @ 40 Gbps
- Chelsio TOE (inflexible offload): Terminator 6 @ 100 Gbps

Identical application binaries across all baselines.

Benefits of Offload: Throughput Scalability

Memcached throughput, varying number of server cores

FlexTOE **saves up to 81% CPU cycles** versus Chelsio and **50%** versus TAS

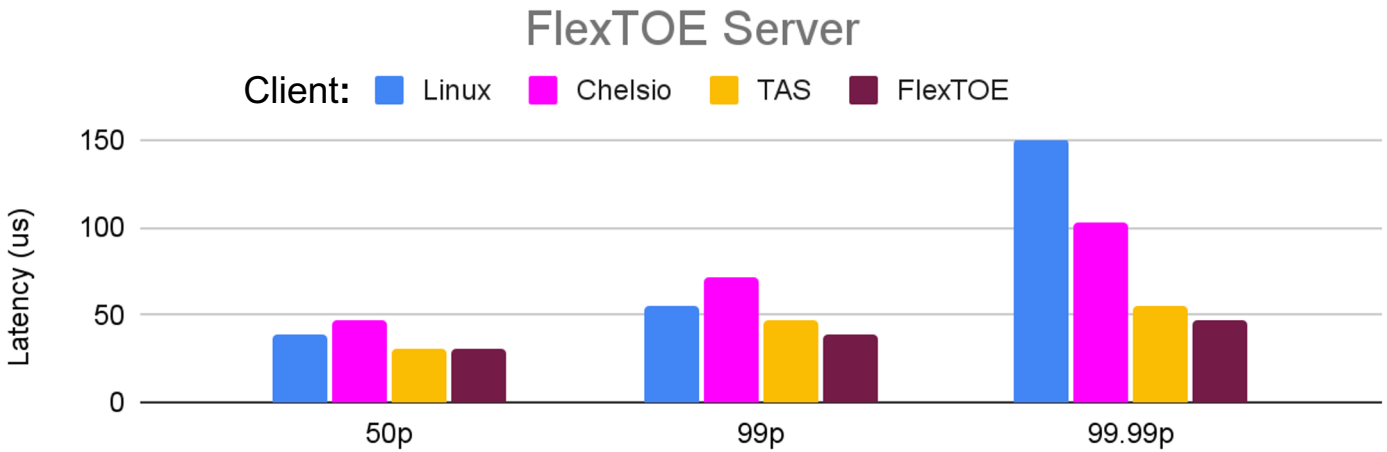


Offloaded CPU cycles may be used for application work

Benefits of Offload: Low Tail-Latency

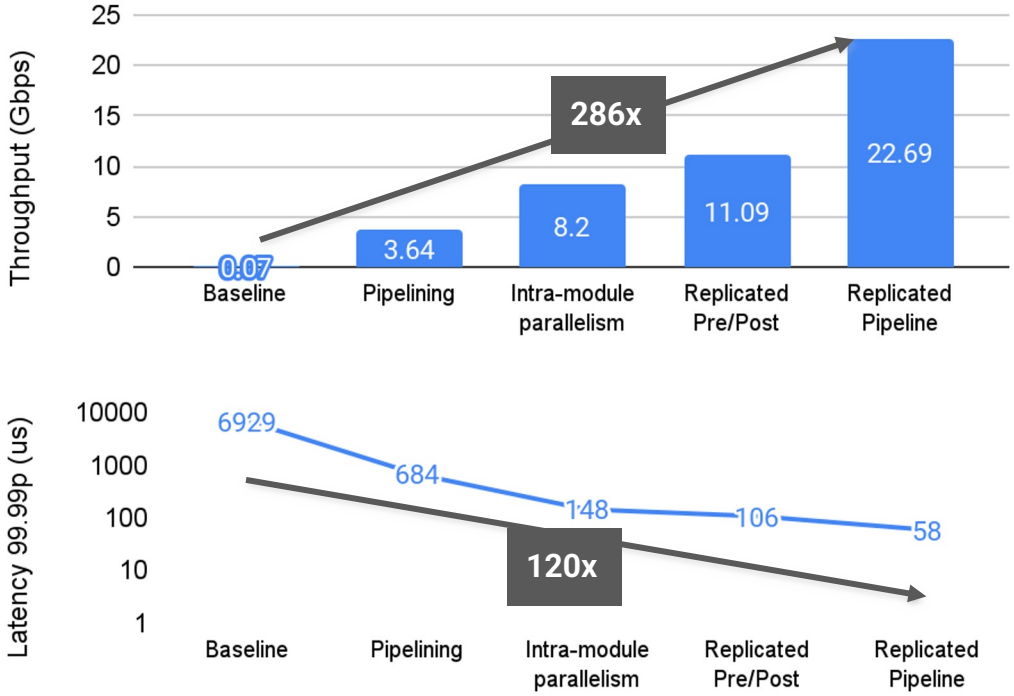
Memcached latency distribution across different stack combinations

FlexTOE achieves the lowest median and tail latencies



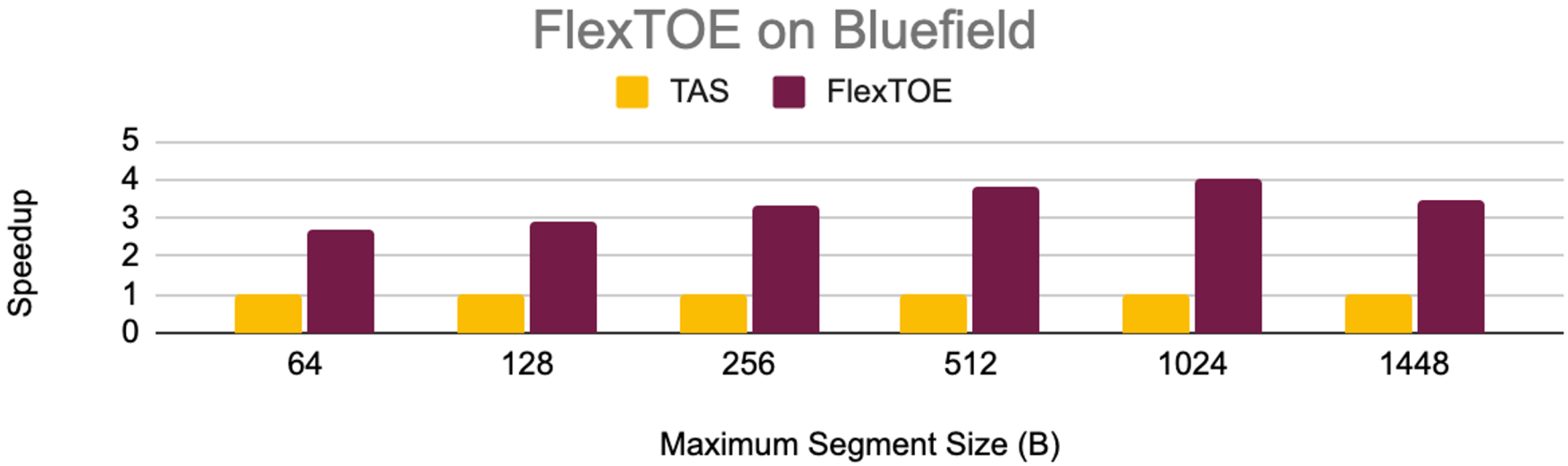
Offload provides excellent performance isolation

Is Fine-grained Parallelism Necessary?



Exploiting both intra- and inter-connection parallelism is necessary

Data-path Parallelism: Does it Generalize across Platforms?



Single connection speedup by 4x on Bluefield (and 2.4x on x86)

FlexTOE: High-performance **and** Flexible TCP Offload

- Eliminates all host TCP stack overheads to save CPU cycles for the application
- Data-path parallelism via fine-grained modules with out-of-order processing
- Easily extensible with full user-space programmability
  - `tcpdump` with packet filtering
  - VLAN encap/decap
  - Firewall
  - Connection splicing

FlexTOE is open-source: https://github.com/tcp-acceleration-service/FlexTOE