



# GREMLINS EXPOSED

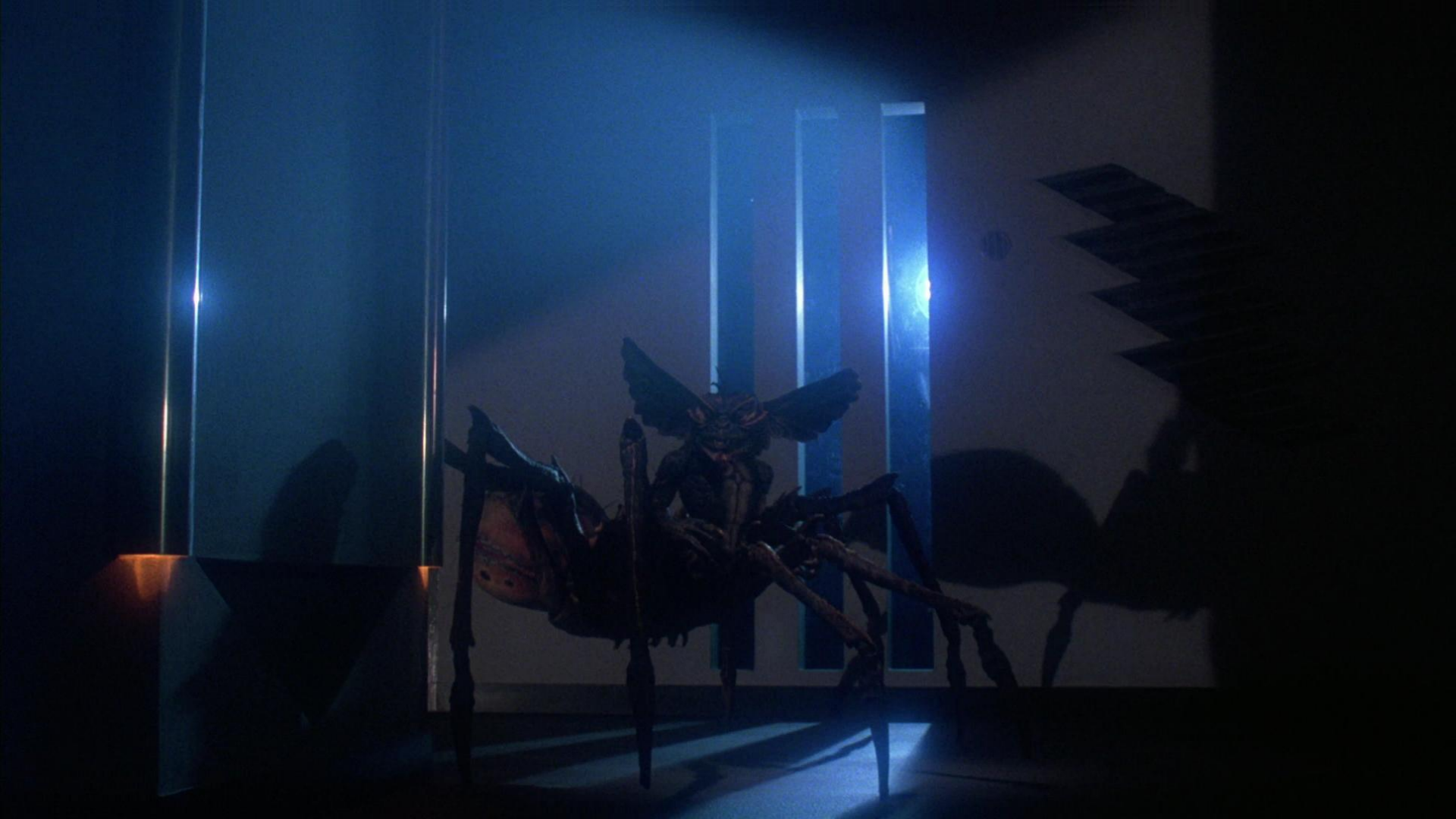
## SHINING A LIGHT ON MISCHIEVOUS SYSTEMS

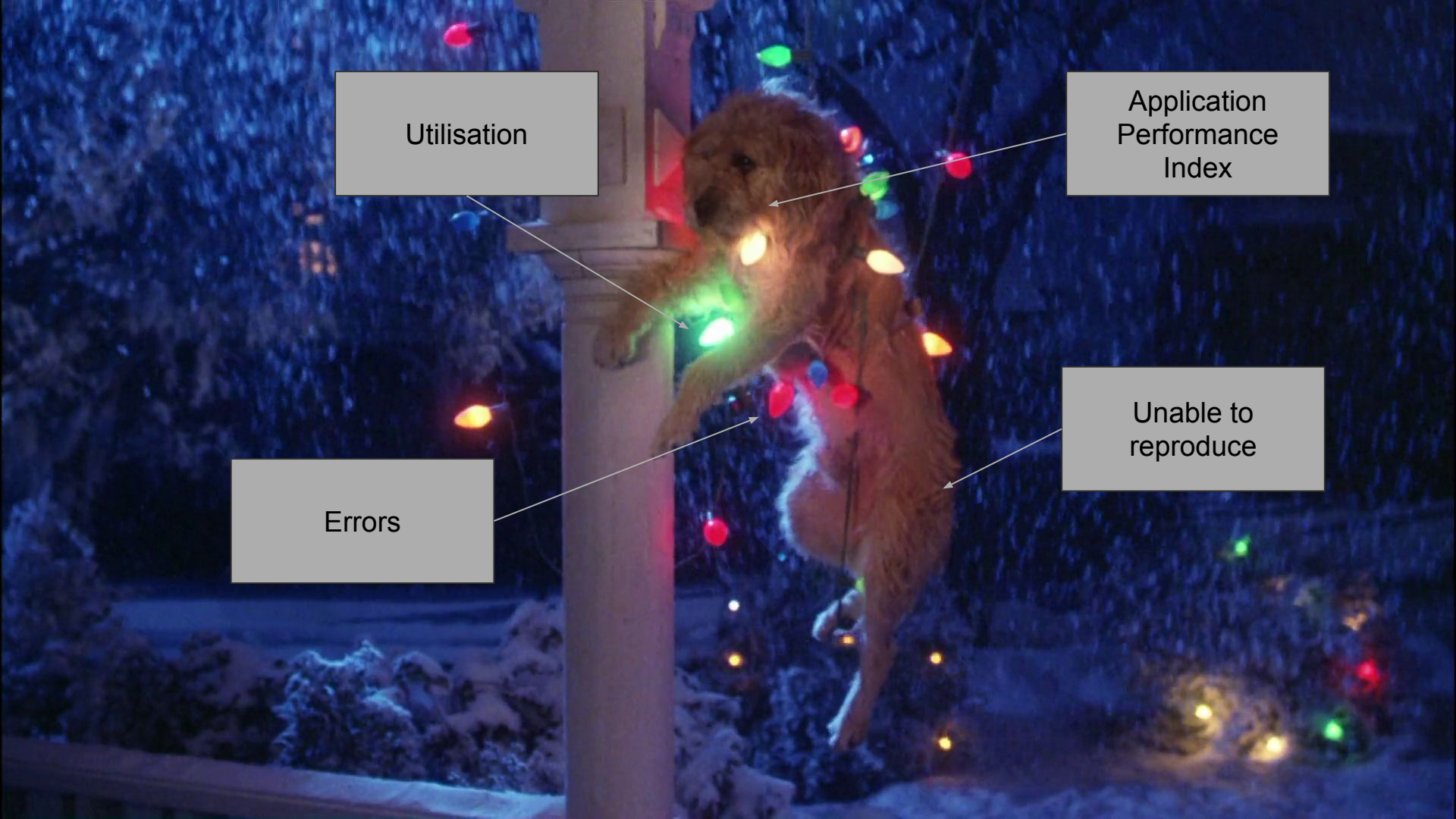
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Utilisation

Application  
Performance  
Index

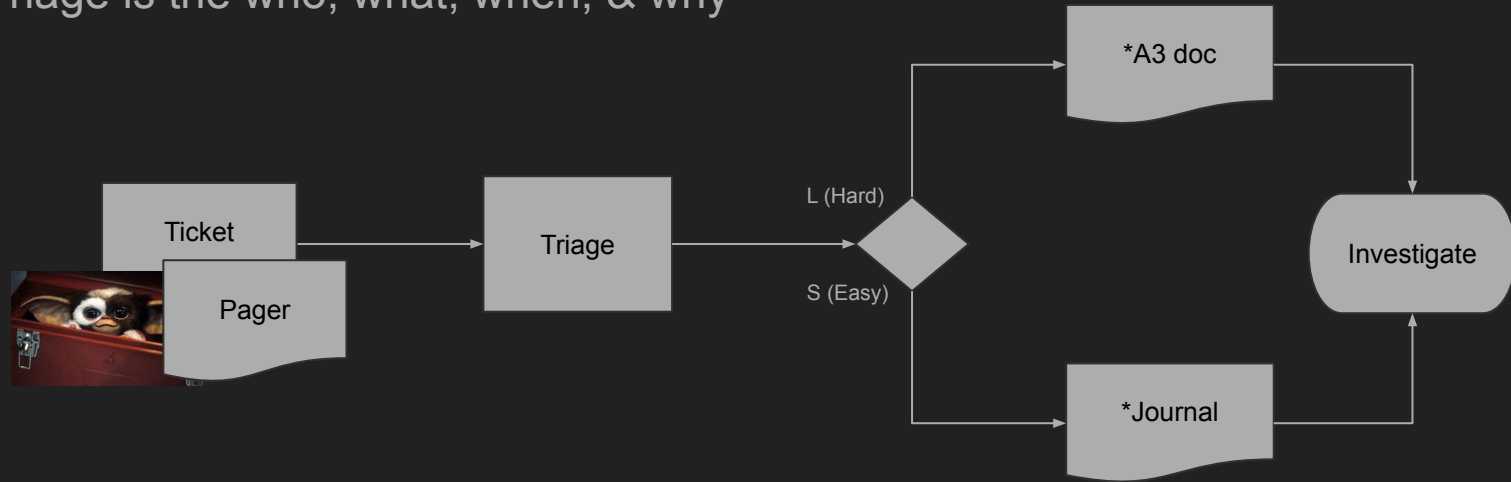
Errors

Unable to  
reproduce

# Understanding the Problem

*Structured wisdom is the key to effective problem solving*

- Triage is the who, what, when, & why



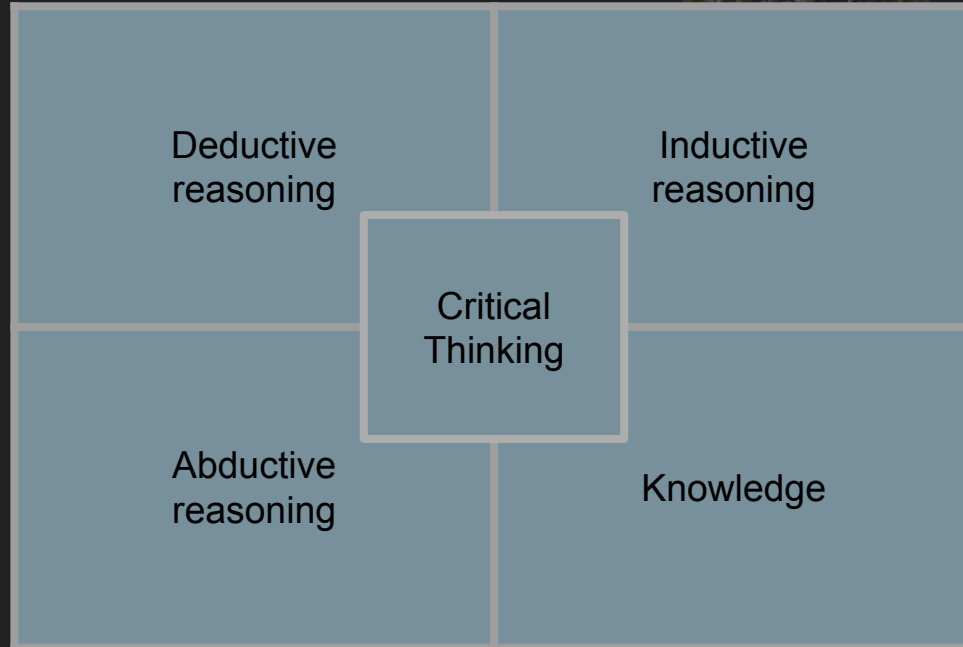
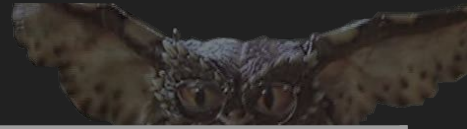
- Translation of human and non-human information
- Don't overload your brain; structure your notes

\* [A3 example template](#)  
\* [Zettelkasten](#)



# Gremlins are unreasonable

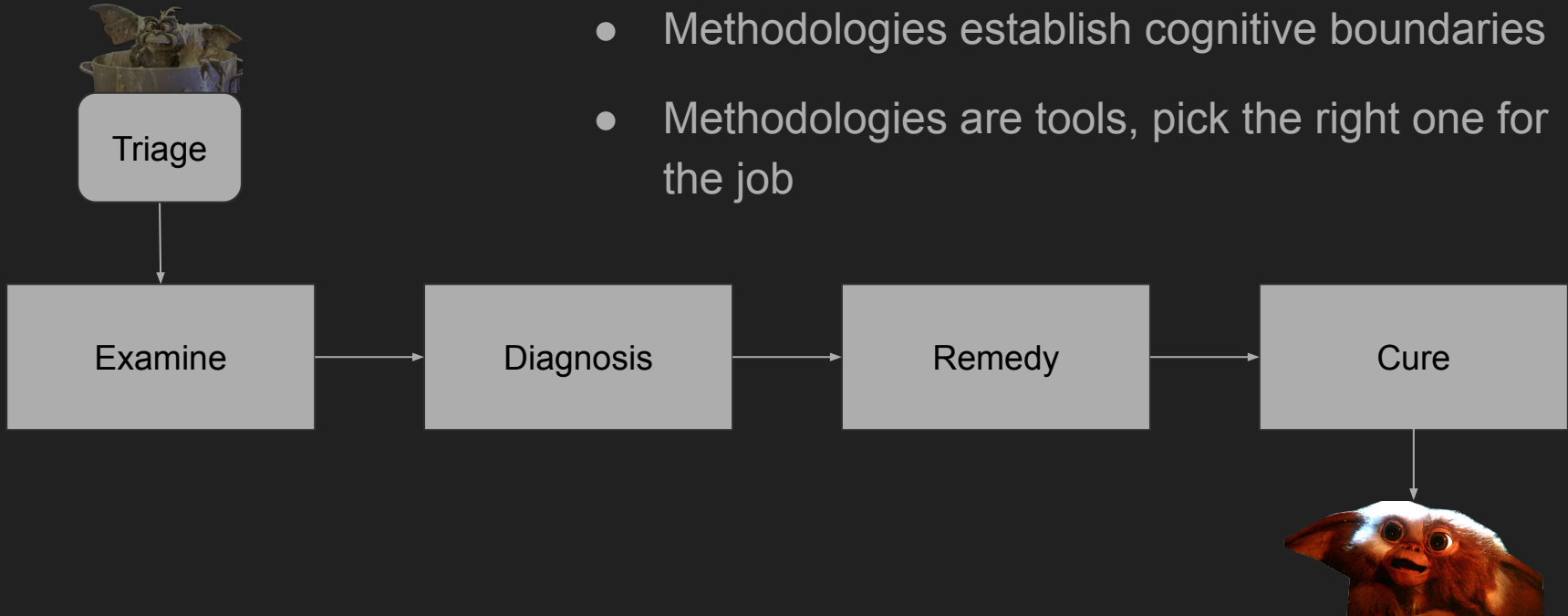
*Critical thinking is the cornerstone of any investigation*



# Methodologies

*The more you know the less you understand*

- Methodologies stimulate critical thinking
- Methodologies establish cognitive boundaries
- Methodologies are tools, pick the right one for the job



# **Act II**

## **Gremlin Response**



# First few minutes

1. Is it really broken?
2. \* Analyse Grafana dashboard
3. Run through a \* checklist of commands & oneliners

```
...  
# Resources  
uptime  
dmesg -T | grep -Ev 'iptables|UFW|audit' | tail  
mpstat -u -N ALL -P ALL  
awk -vFS='[ =]+' '{ $1=FILENAME OFS $1; print | "column -t"}' /proc/pressure/*  
sar -o ~/"sa$(date +%Y%m%d%H%M)" 1 120 2>&1>/dev/null &  
free -m;  
eval df\ -{h,i}\;  
  
# Processes  
pidstat --human -Ihurd 5 3|awk 'NR<4||$8!="0.0%"'  
for _ in {1..120}; do pgrep -l -P1 --runstates=S,D; sleep 1; done|cut -d' ' -f2|  
sort | uniq -c | sort -n  
top  
...
```

3. Start asking \* questions
  - ✓ Have I seen this before?
  - × Anything in the logs?

Your first few minutes process should be organic & match your own growth!



\* Check the last slide for links to analysis hints

Method	Technique	Goal	Tools	Indicators
<i>Examine</i>	Top-down	<i>Reproducing:</i>	curl, dig, apt-get, dd, cat, time	error codes, messages, durations
<i>Diagnosis</i>	Divide-and-conquer	<i>Filtering:</i>	ping, sort, uniq, find, grep, jq, netcat	last-mod, size/length, RTT, timestamp, IP, path
<i>Examine</i>	Trace the path	<i>Locality:</i>	tracert, mtr, curl --write-out, strace	TTLs, ASN, TTFB, packet markings, MTUs
<i>Examine</i>	Comparing differences	<i>What changed:</i>	diff, git bisect, htop, free, sysstat, email, bash history, syslog	history, context, metrics
<i>Remedy</i>	Component swapping	<i>Short-circuiting:</i>	add/remove resources	reducing urgency/criticality
<i>Diagnosis</i>	Bottom-up	<i>Last resort:</i>	tcpdump, perf/bpftrace, pdb, git blame	knowledge acquisition, working from first principles

```
./haproxy-simple.sh
```

# **Act III**

## **Shining Light on Invisible Gremlins**

# Invisible Gremlins

- Interpreting data is confusing: why is the cache fine with CPU<sup>1</sup> at 95%, yet falls over when 50% idle?
- Bursts<sup>2</sup> in latency, contention, and errors are invisible to tools that use averages<sup>3</sup>
- Correlate bottom-up measurements with top-down observations, then map it to hypothesis & prediction<sup>4</sup>

<sup>1</sup> [SquidProfiling](#)

<sup>2</sup> See [Queueing Theory](#) & [QoS](#)

<sup>3</sup> [Utilisation, Saturation, Errors](#)

<sup>4</sup> See [Scientific method](#) for more details



Method	Technique	Scenario	Example Test
Diagnosis	Top-down	Is data cached effectively?	/usr/bin/time -v cat /slow/\$datafile > /dev/null
Diagnosis	Bottom-up		perf stat -p \$pid -e major-faults -e 'vmscan:*' --repeat 60 --table sleep 1
Diagnosis	Divide-and-conquer	I want to know if the application is dropping packets	perf top -e skb:kfree_skb -ns comm
Remedy	Component swapping	When I add another server it will no longer be the top process dropping packets	juju add-unit \$application
Diagnosis	Compare the differences	top/vmstat doesn't show any performance cliffs yet application writes are slow  Bursting I/O is masked by averaging. Measure I/O counts and latency instead	bcc.biosnoop -Q bcc.biolatency bcc.biotop



# The most efficient use of your time is to not spend it

*All Gremlins need to feel better is a KISS*

- Gremlins multiply exponentially so time is of the essence!
- Keep it simple with the easier techniques during the first few minutes
- Short-circuiting reduces urgency
- Communicate workarounds in the wiki, MOTD, deployment specs




# Reflection

- Critical thinking and reasoning is the key to effective troubleshooting
- Methodologies & techniques are performance tools for our brains
- Metrics can be misleading, let measurements & observations influence how you find them
- Take shortcuts
- Don't be afraid to communicate & ask for guidance

# THANKS FOR LISTENING



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# Grimoires for Gremlins

*My curated tomes for the dark art of catching Gremlins*

Topic	Literature
<i>Methodology</i>	<a href="#">Problem solving methods</a> , <a href="#">YBecause</a> , <a href="#">Asking questions</a> , <a href="#">A3 Problem Solving</a> , <a href="#">Reasoning explained for Sysadmins</a>
<i>Technique</i>	<a href="#">Algorithms to Live By</a> , <a href="#">Systems Performance</a> , <a href="#">SRE Handbook</a> , <a href="#">Debugging/writing code</a> & <a href="#">Why did they design it this way?</a> , <a href="#">Queueing theory</a>
<i>Analysis</i>	<a href="#">Data Mangling</a> , <a href="#">Shell Tricks</a> , <a href="#">How Linux networking works</a> , <a href="#">Prometheus Tips</a> , <a href="#">PromQL</a> , <a href="#">tshark for network analysis</a> , <a href="#">USE</a> , <a href="#">perf</a> , <a href="#">Nightmare mode BPF (bpfftrace)</a> , <a href="#">EZ mode BPF (bcc)</a> , <a href="#">My oneliner collection</a> , <a href="#">*How computers work</a> , <a href="#">Mapping statistical analysis theory to PromQL</a>
<i>Triage &amp; Reflection</i>	<a href="#">Indexing your mail (notmuch)</a> , <a href="#">Personal Knowledge Management (zetteltkasten)</a> , <a href="#">Managing Your Time</a> , <a href="#">How to Win Friends &amp; Influence People</a>