

SELFSTARTER

Finding Network Misconfigurations by Automatic Template Inference

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Network Misconfigurations Are Common

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American Airlines Network Outage Delays Flights Nationwide

By David Z. Morris July 29, 2018

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By CircleID Reporter

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Another massive outage takes down many of the internet's biggest sites and service

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Google goes down after major BGP mishap routes traffic through China

How four rotten packets broke CenturyLink's network for 37 hours, knackered 911 calls, VoIP, broadband
FCC delivers postmortem after blunder cripples US fiber links

By Shaun Nichols in San Francisco 20 Aug 2019 at 20:12

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Microsoft Azure recovering from major networking-related outage that took out Office 365, Xbox Live, and other services

BY TOM KRAZIT on May 2, 2019 at 2:48 pm

Google Cloud outage takes down Snapchat, YouTube, and Gmail in parts of the United States

Megan Hennbroth Jun. 2, 2019, 4:29 PM



"This outage was caused by an equipment failure catastrophically exacerbated by a network configuration error," America's communications regulator said in its summary of its inquiry, published yesterday.

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How can we detect misconfigurations?

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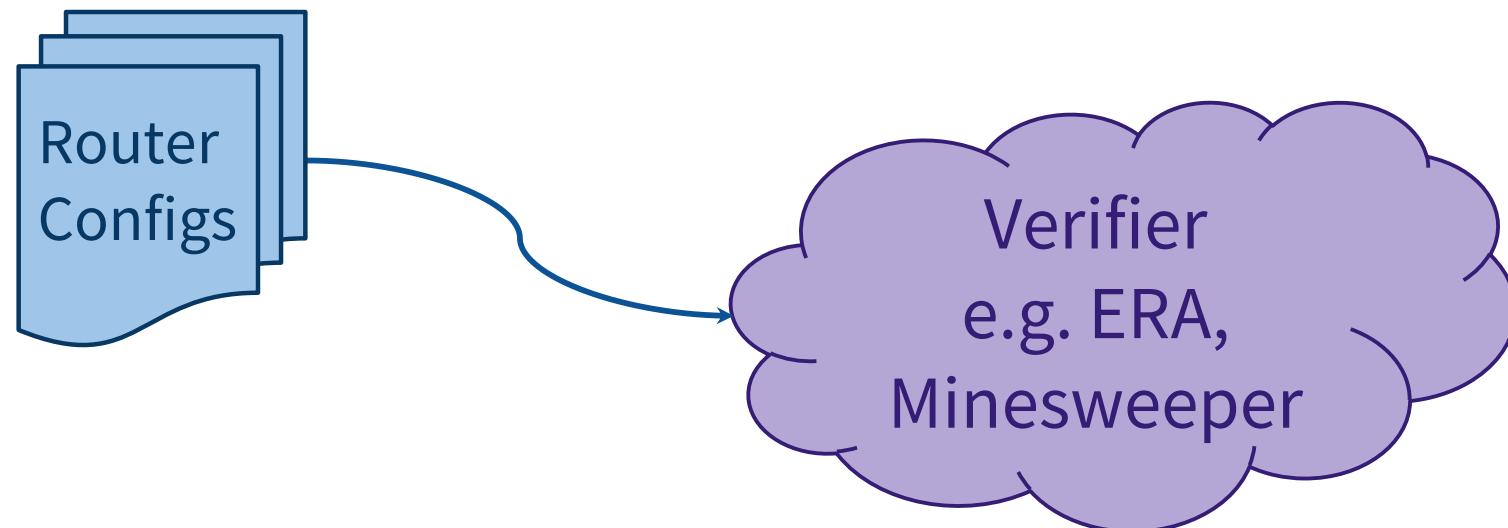
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Network Verification

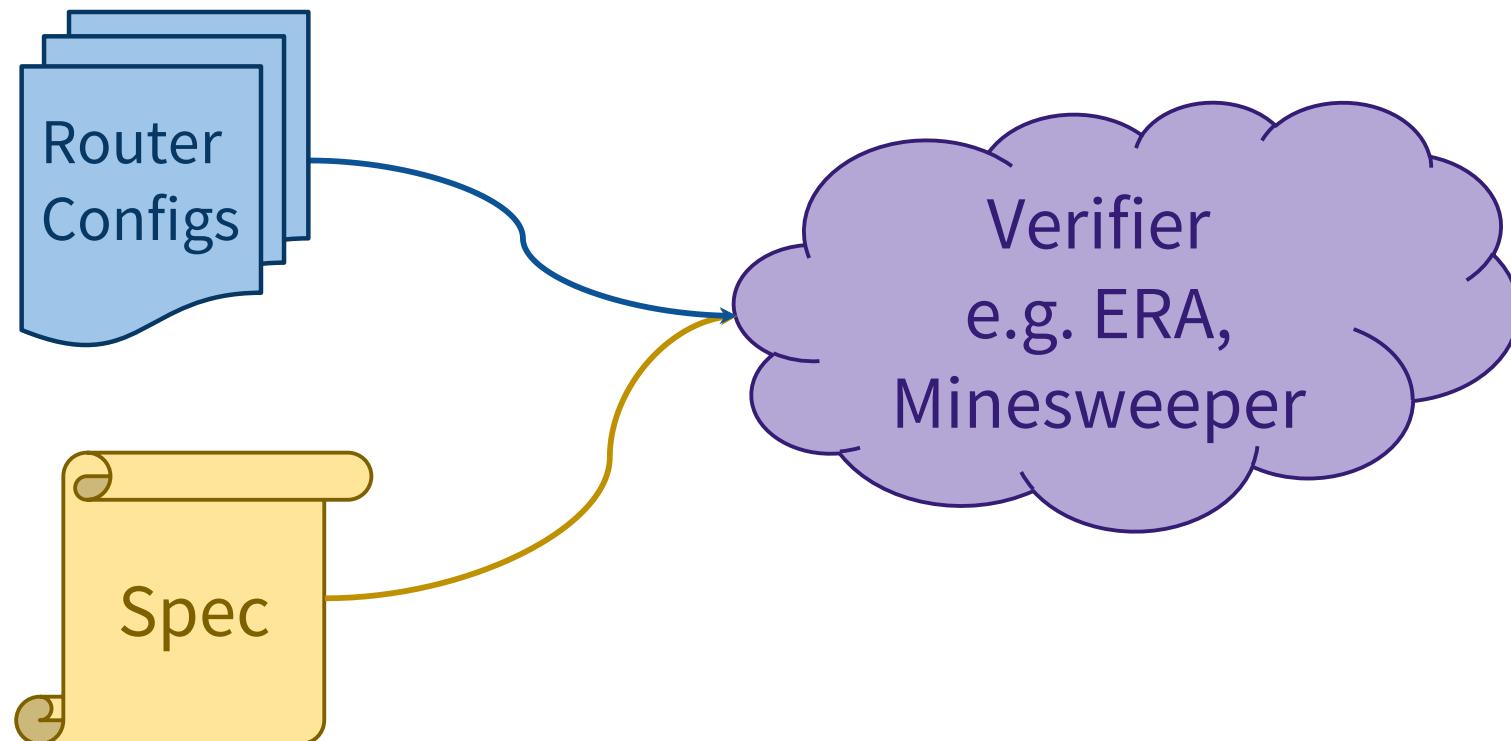
Network Verification



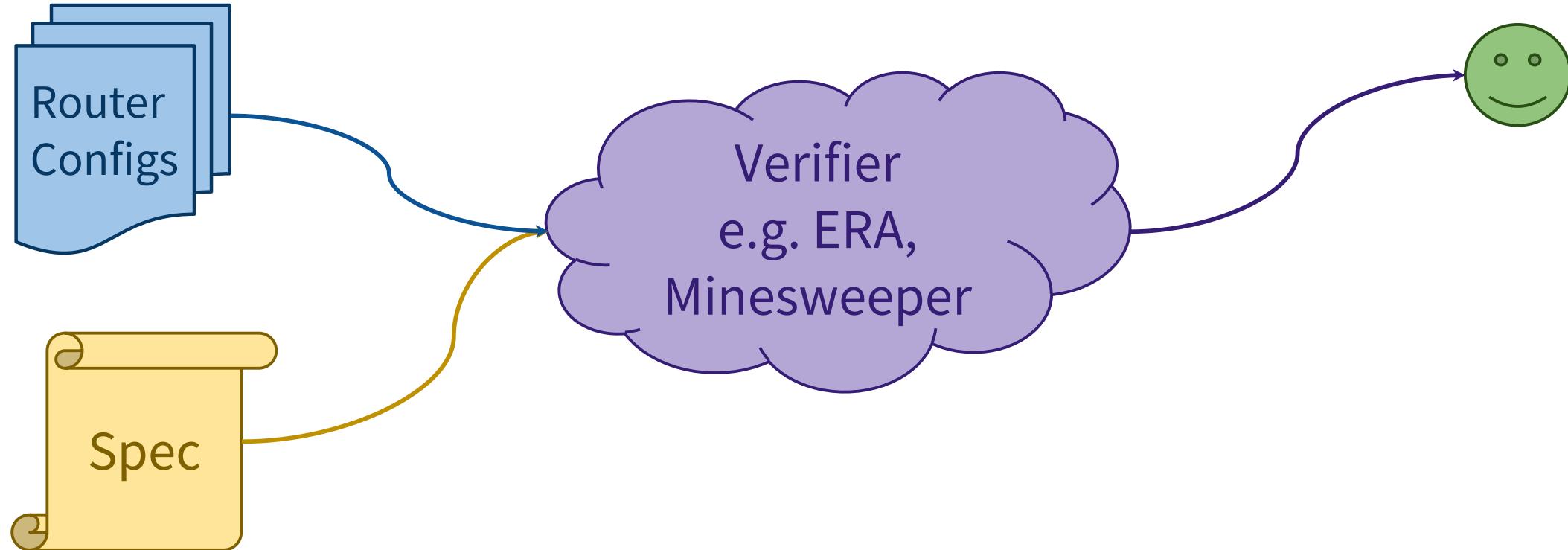
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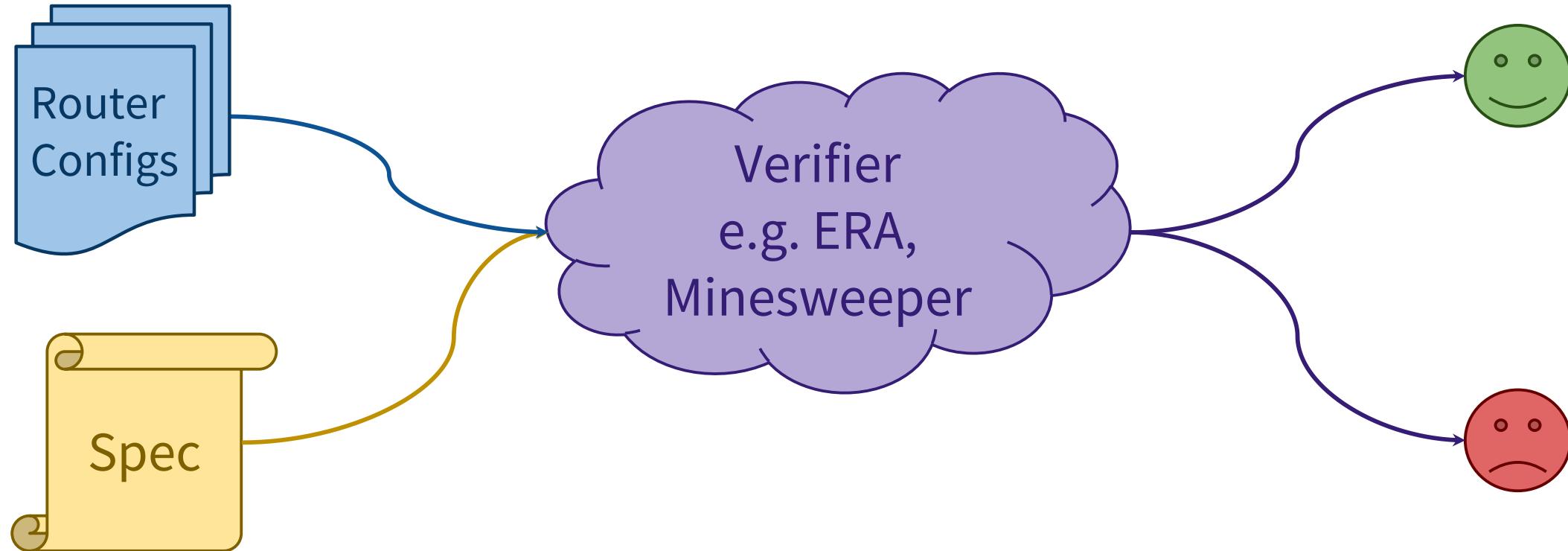
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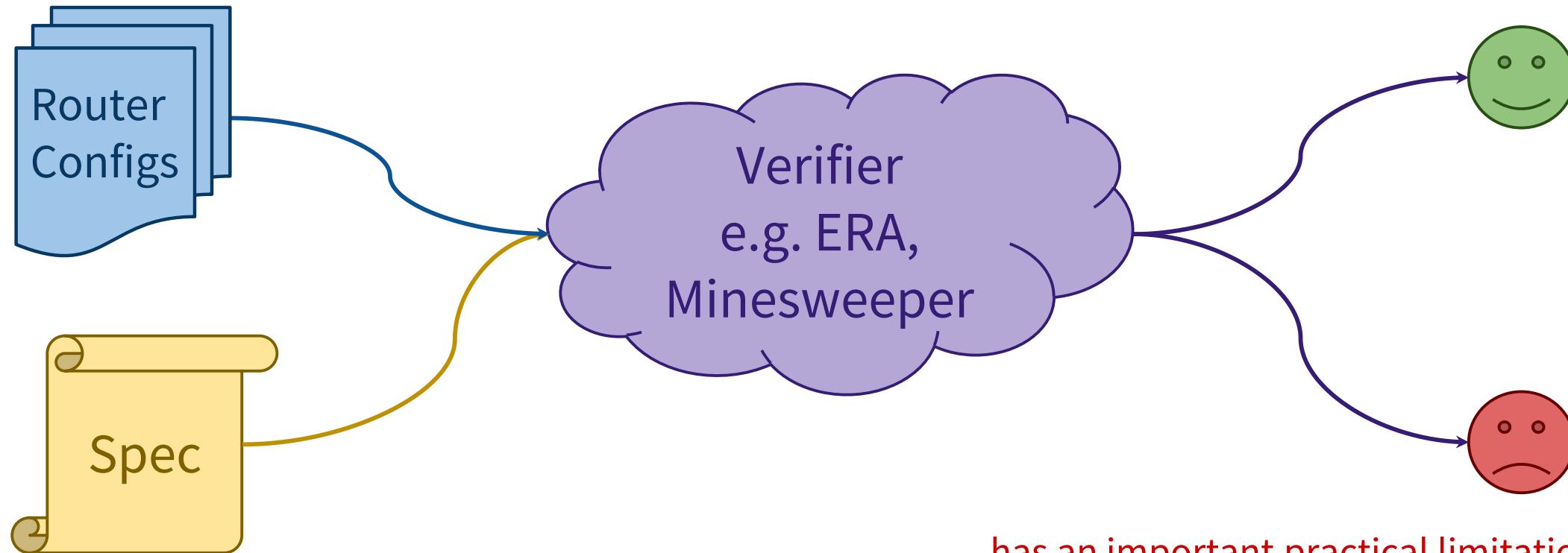
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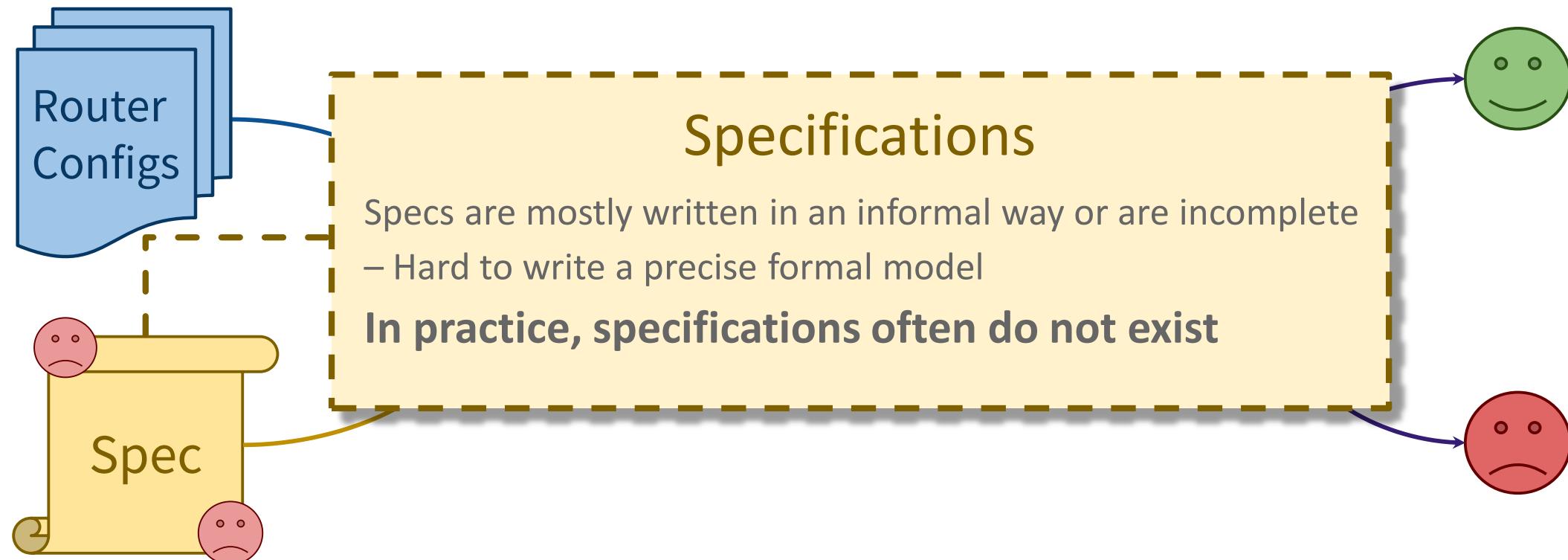
Network Verification



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Limitation: Lack of Specifications



PROBLEM:
How to find misconfigurations
without an explicit specification?

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GENERAL APPROACH:

Bugs as deviant behavior!

“If thousands of people all do the same action, we know the majority is probably right, and any contradictory action is probably wrong without knowing the correct behavior.”^t

^t[Bugs as Deviant Behavior: A General Approach to Inferring Errors in Systems Code](#) - SOSP 2001

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OUR INSIGHT:

Exploit network device roles

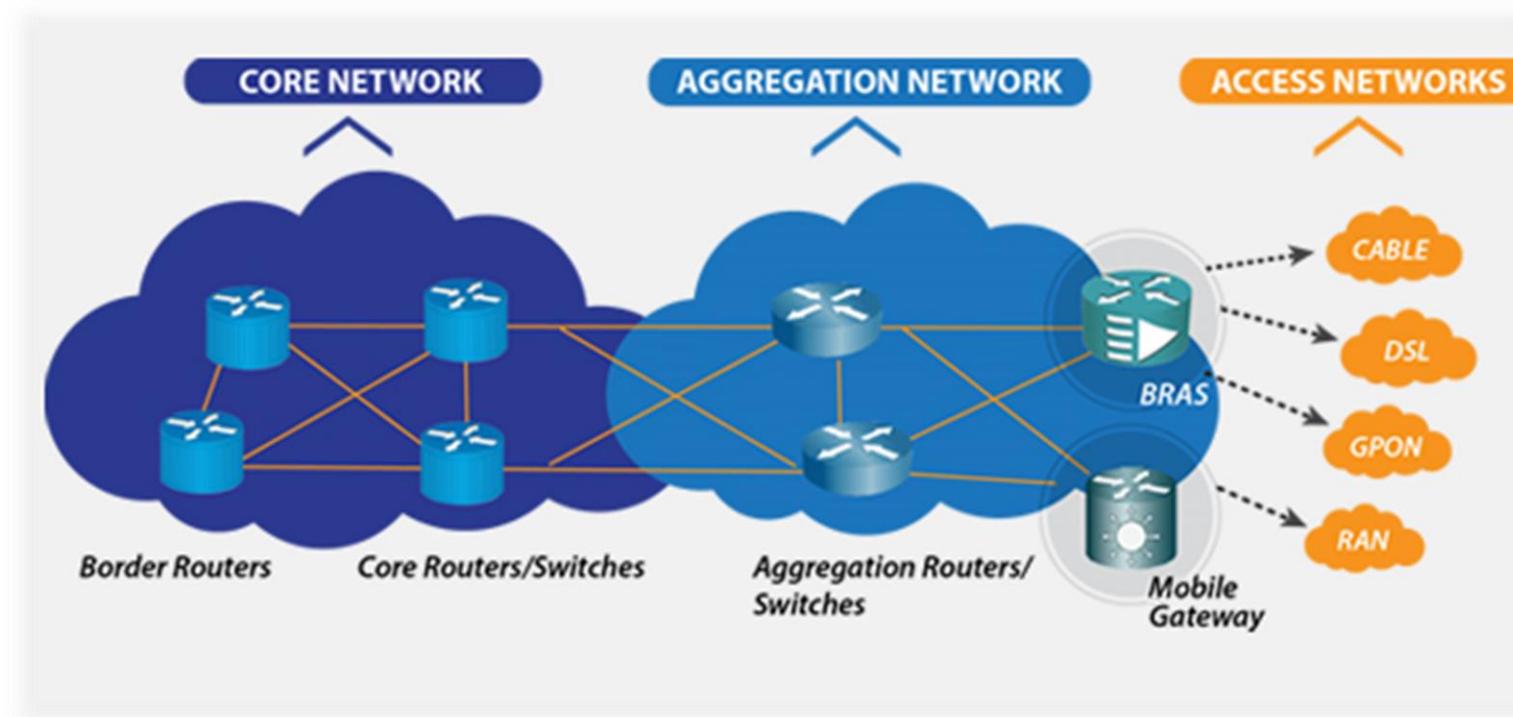
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Network Device Roles

- Routers in a network are generally assigned certain “roles” based on their use

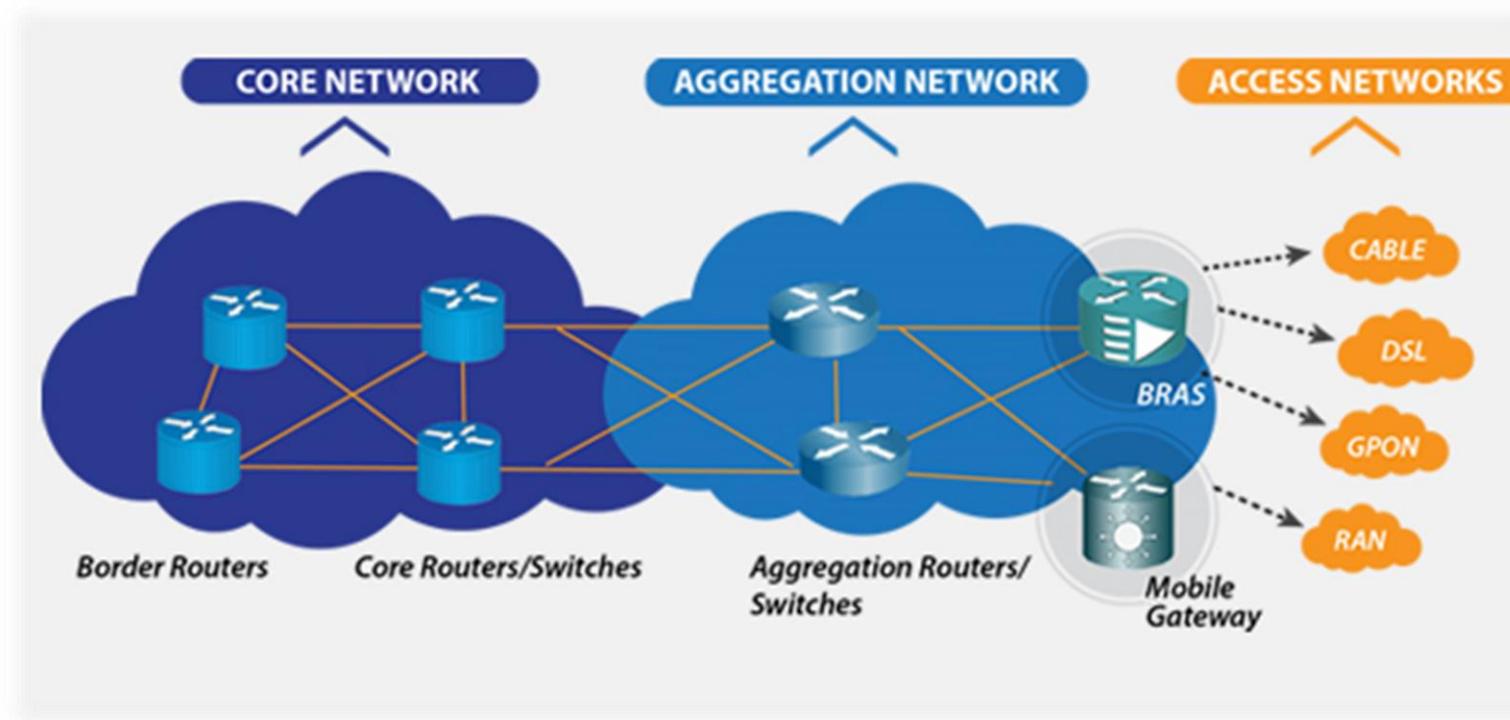
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Network Device Roles

- Routers in a network are generally assigned certain “roles” based on their use
- Routers in the same role of a network are typically configured “similarly”



PROBLEM:

How to model config “similarity” and define “deviance” ?

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NAÏVE APPROACH:

Exact configuration equivalence

Too strong an assumption! Router configurations in a role have many intentional differences (e.g., local IPs)

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How to model config “similarity” and define “deviance” ?

NAÏVE APPROACH:

Exact configuration equivalence

Too strong an assumption! Router configurations in a role have many intentional differences (e.g., local IPs)

OUR APPROACH:

Infer parameterized *templates* to distinguish intentional differences from likely bugs

Contributions

- First automatic template inference algorithm for *any* configuration segment, e.g. ACLs, policy maps and so on

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- Concrete instantiations of our generic algorithm for three widely used segments – ACLs, prefix lists and route policies

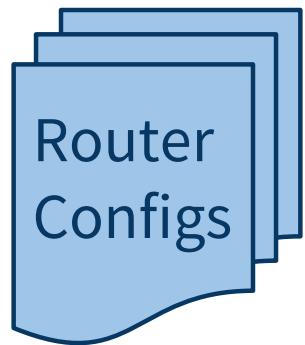
Contributions

- First automatic template inference algorithm for *any* configuration segment, e.g. ACLs, policy maps and so on
- Concrete instantiations of our generic algorithm for three widely used segments – ACLs, prefix lists and route policies
- SelfStarter – Tool for finding potential bugs in router configurations with actionable feedback for operators using automatic template inference

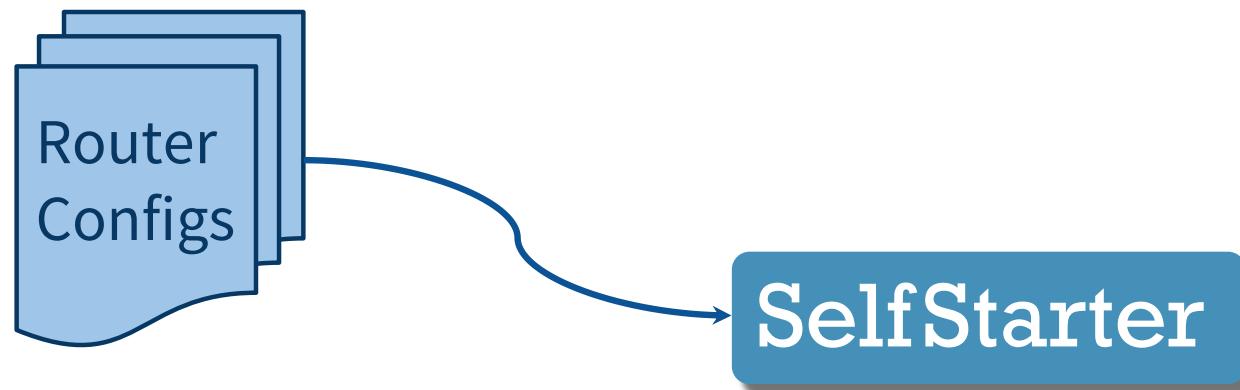
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- Concrete instantiations of our generic algorithm for three widely used segments – ACLs, prefix lists and route policies
- SelfStarter – Tool for finding potential bugs in router configurations with actionable feedback for operators using automatic template inference
- SelfStarter found 43 previously unknown bugs in total in Microsoft networks and a large campus network.

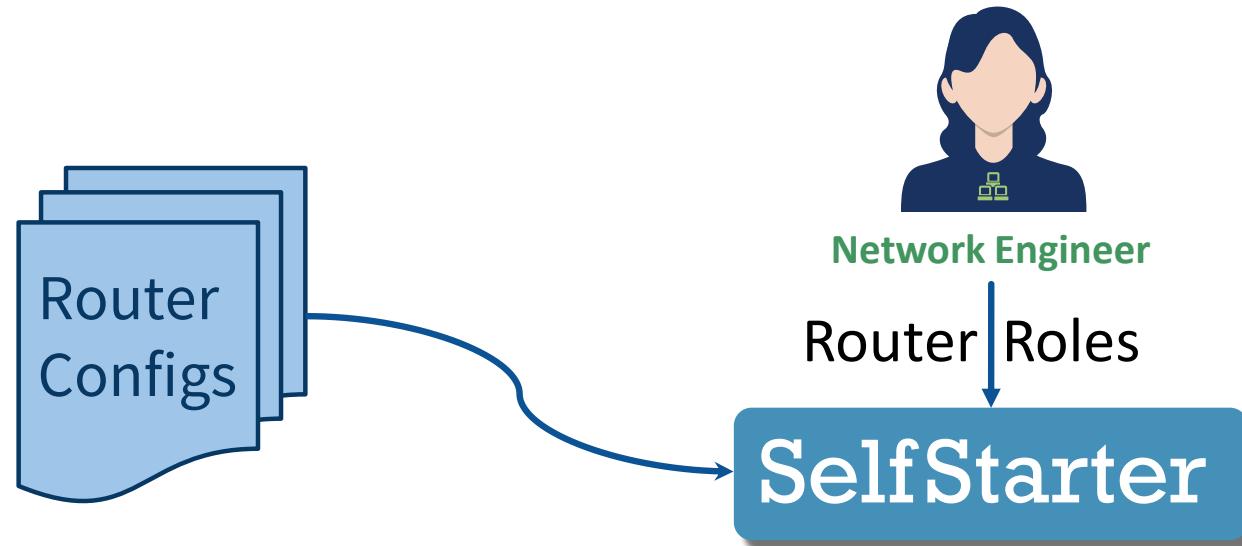
End-to-End Design



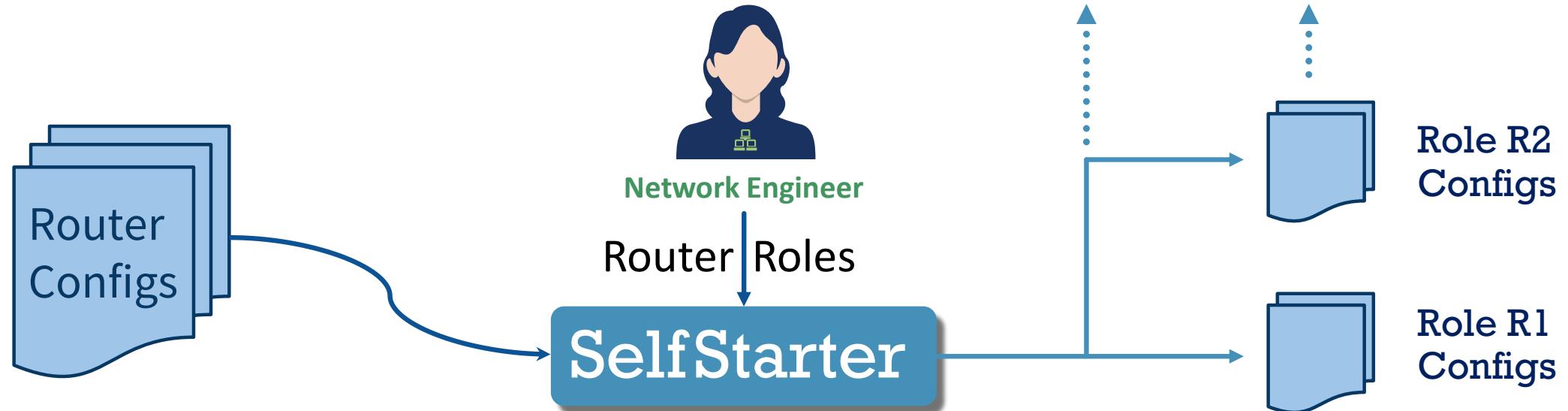
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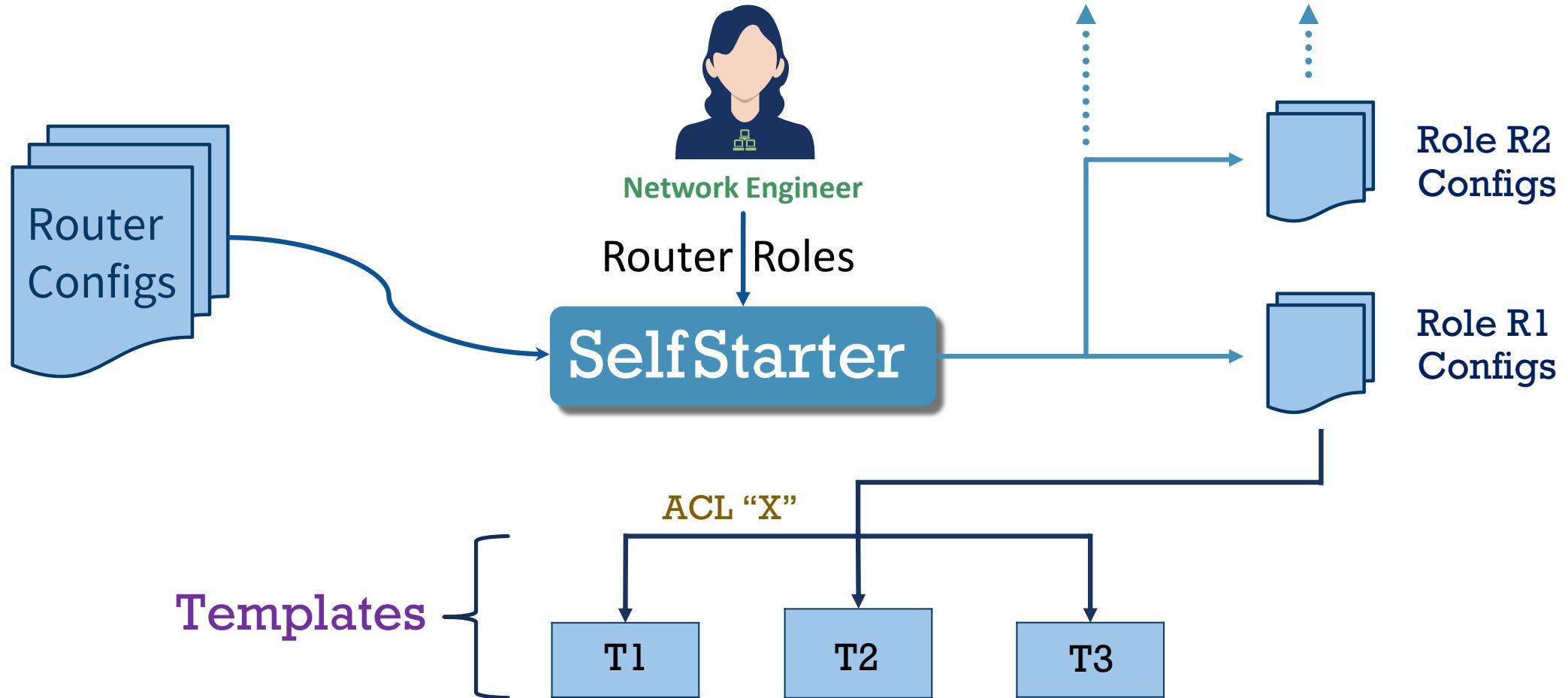
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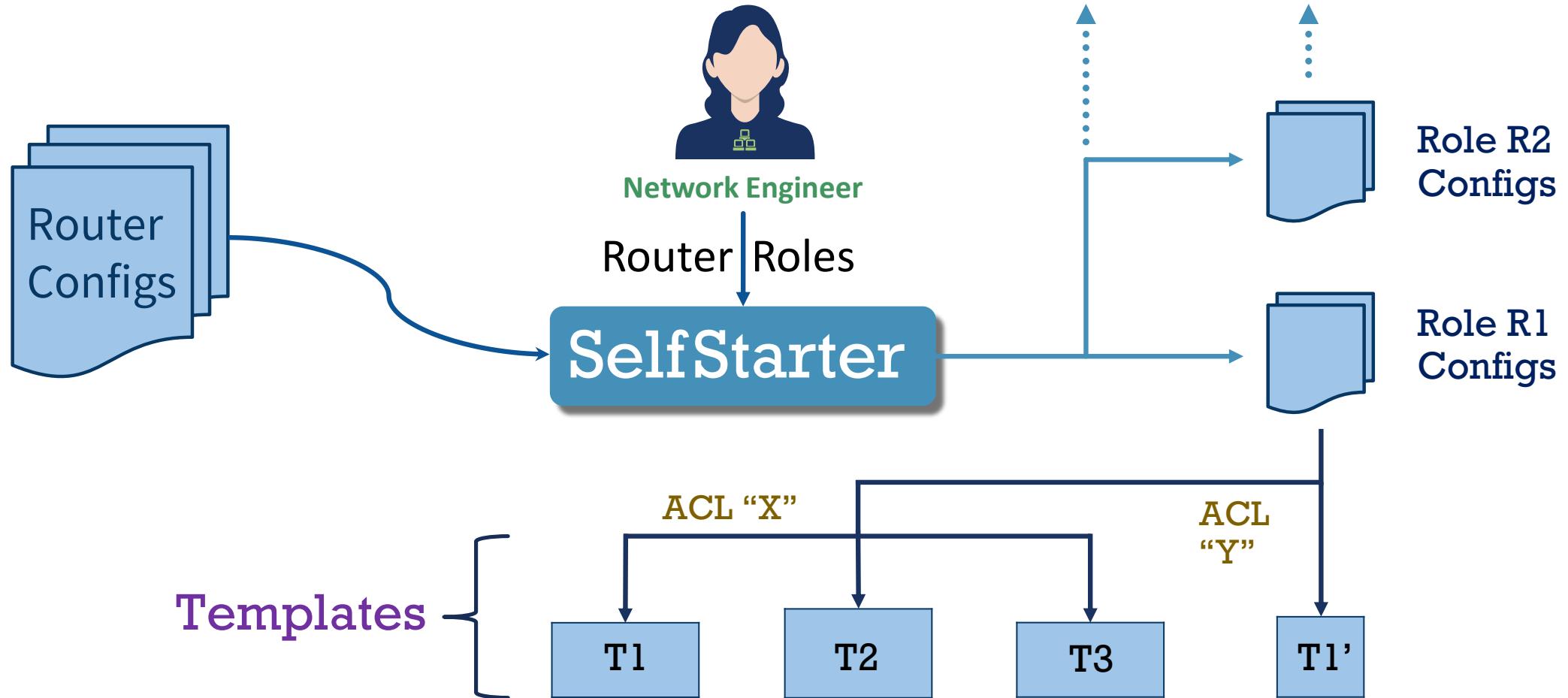
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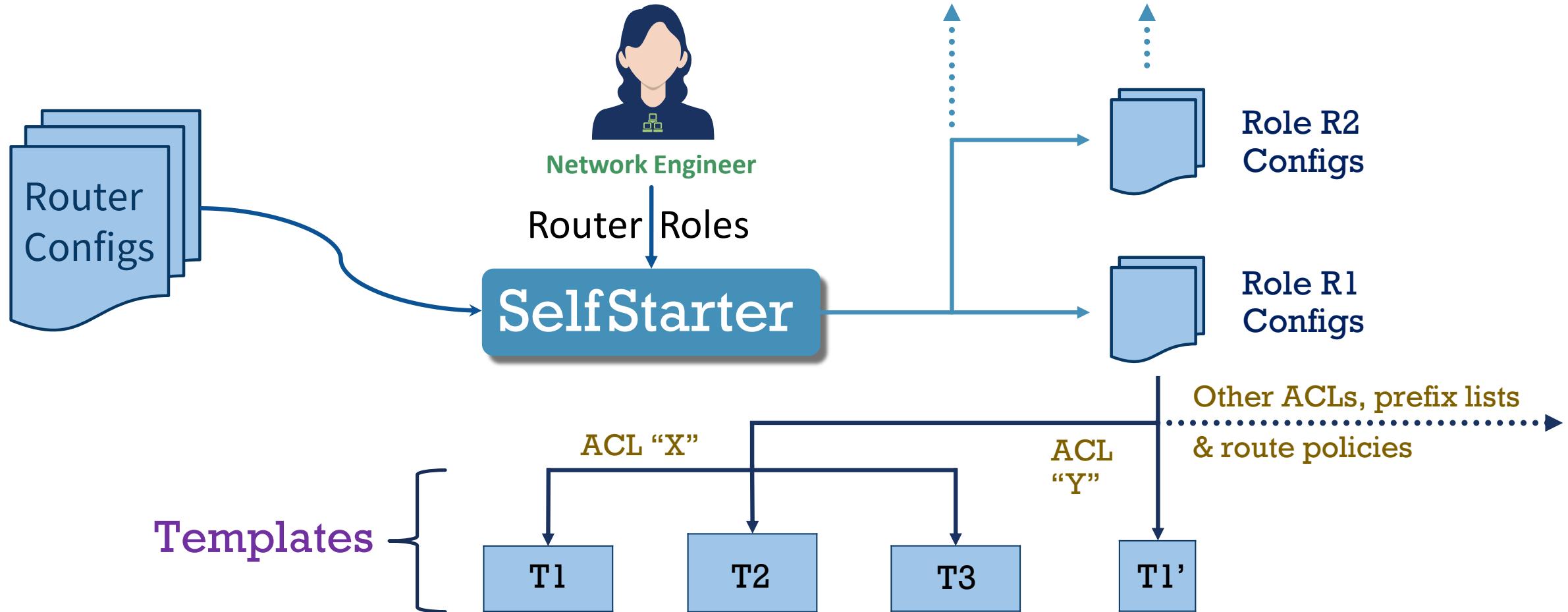
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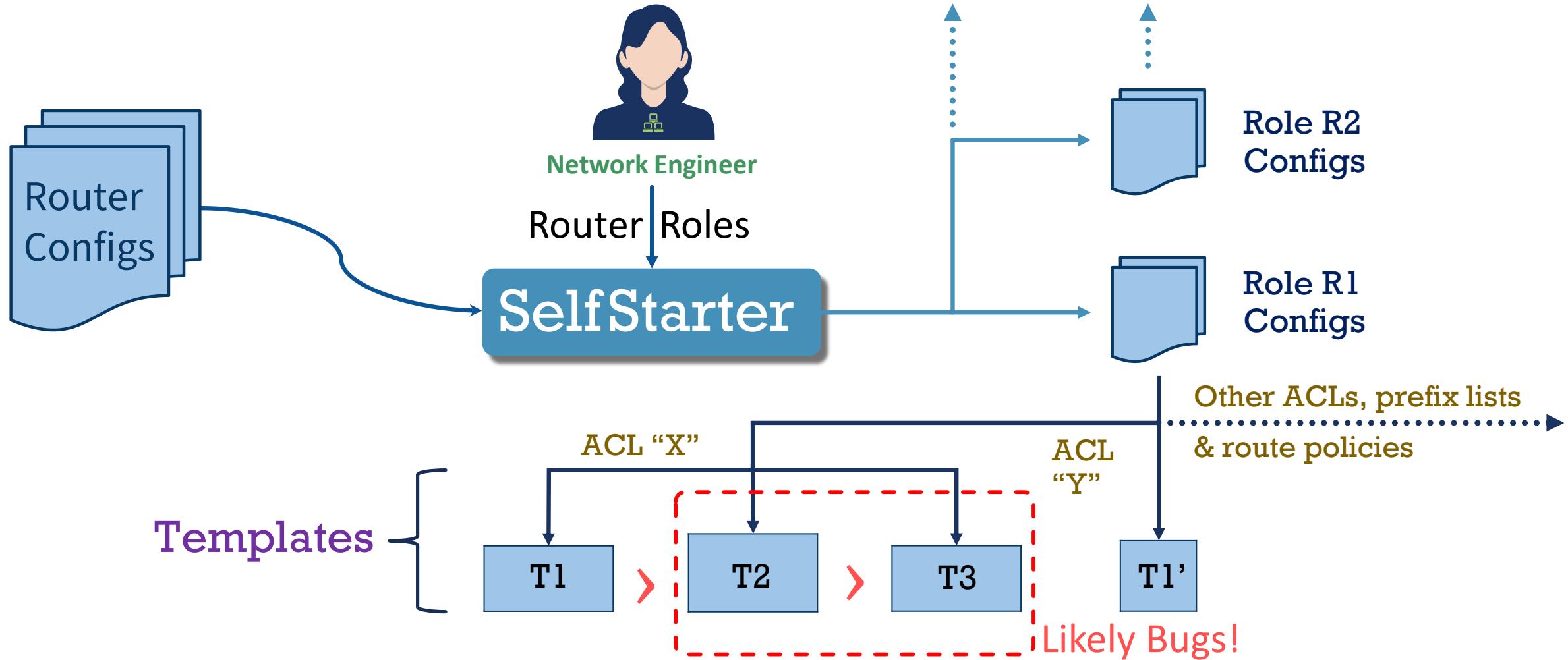
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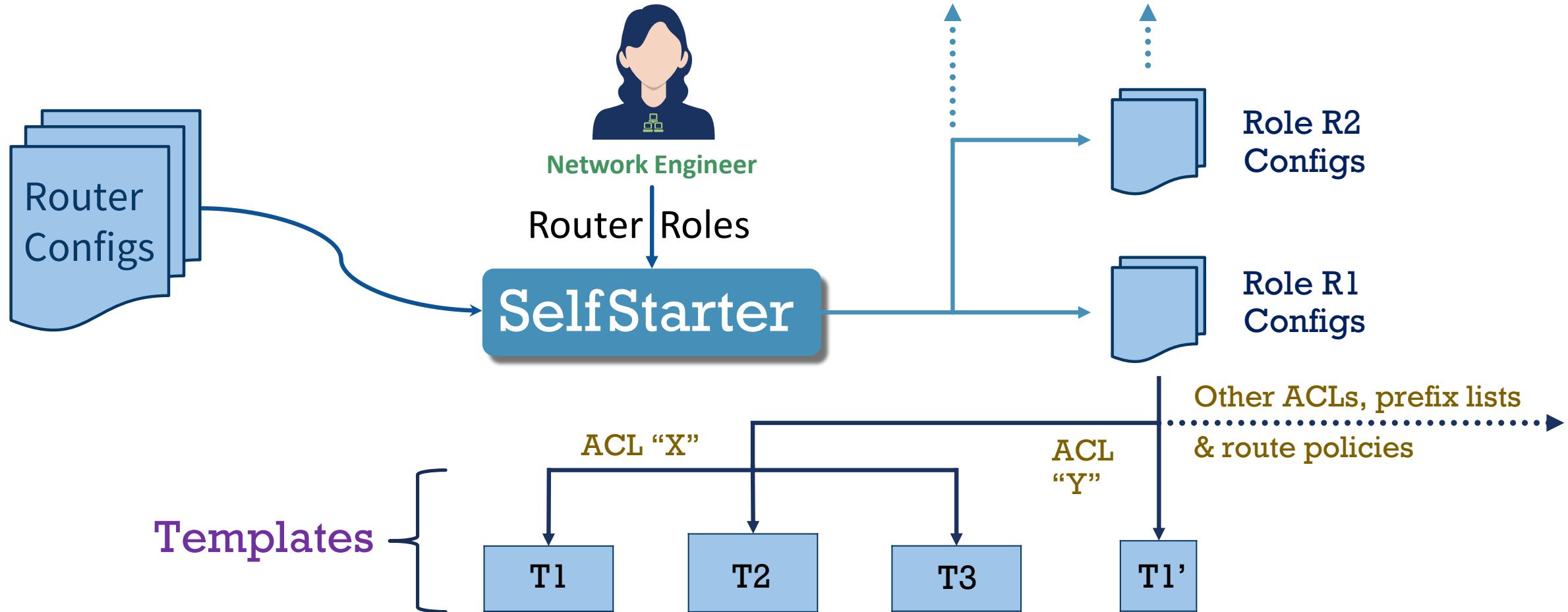
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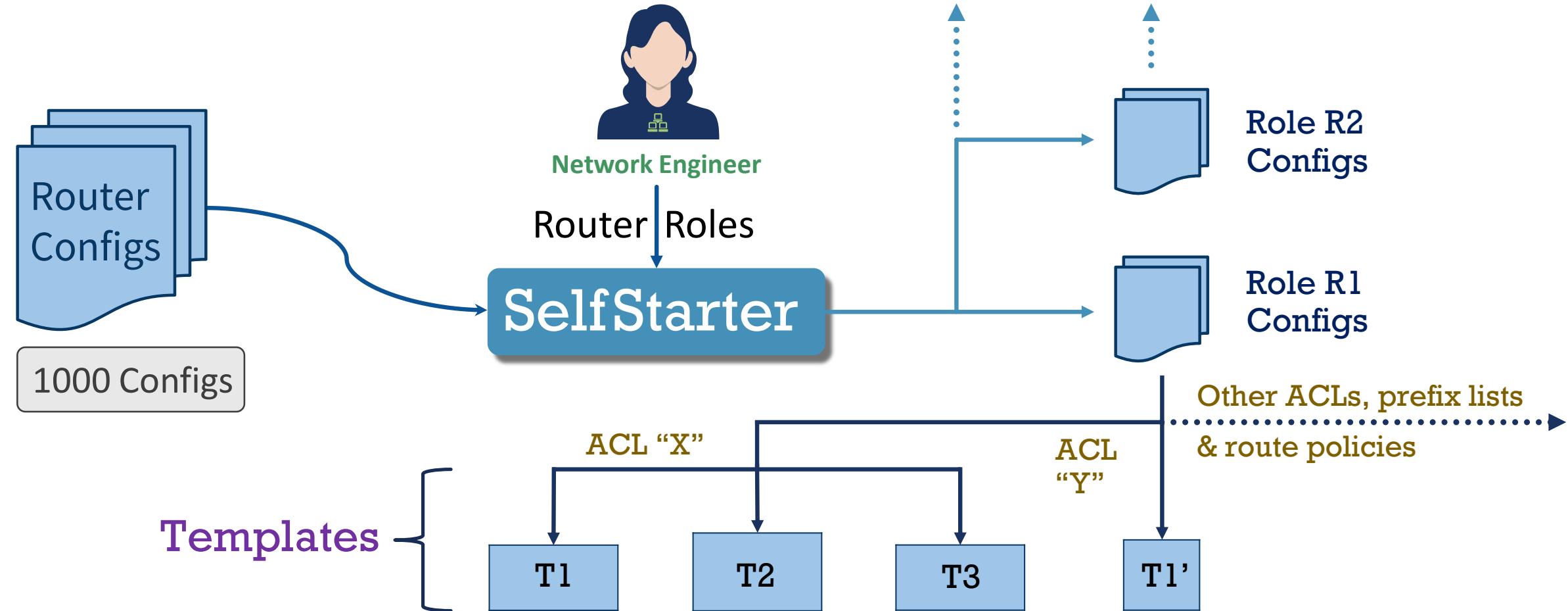
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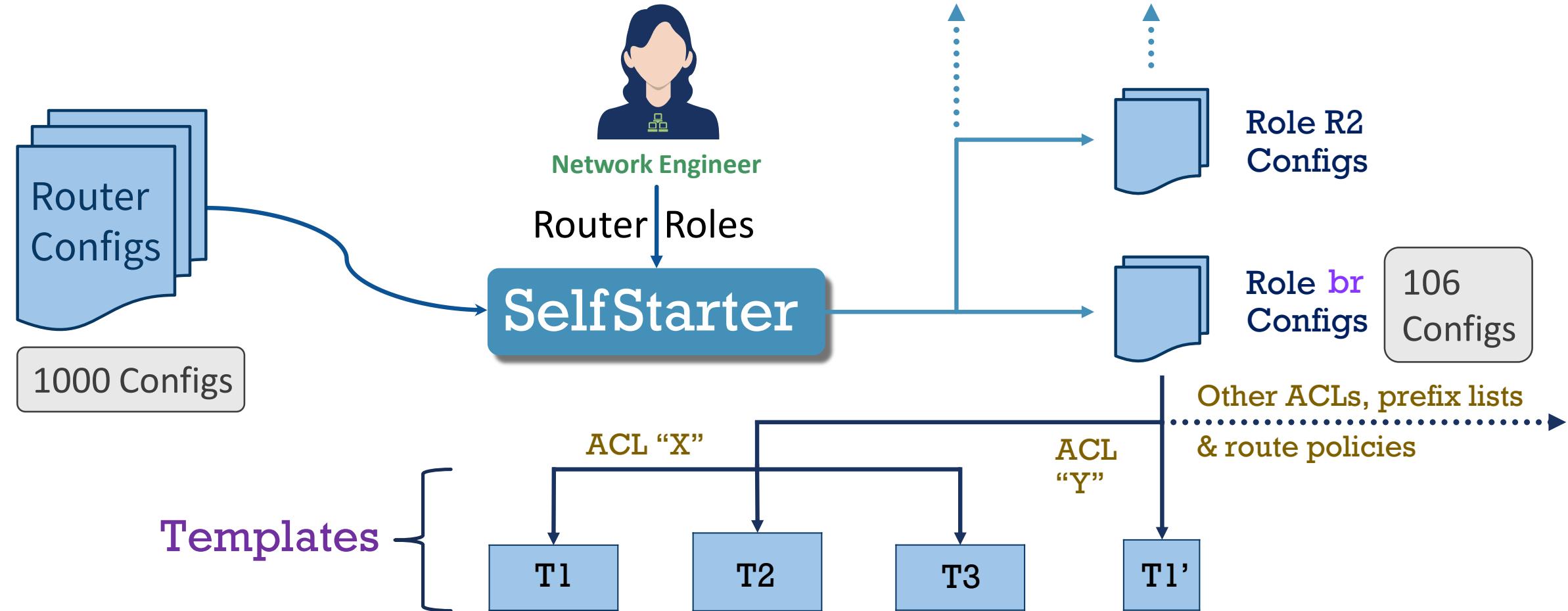
An Example: Campus Network



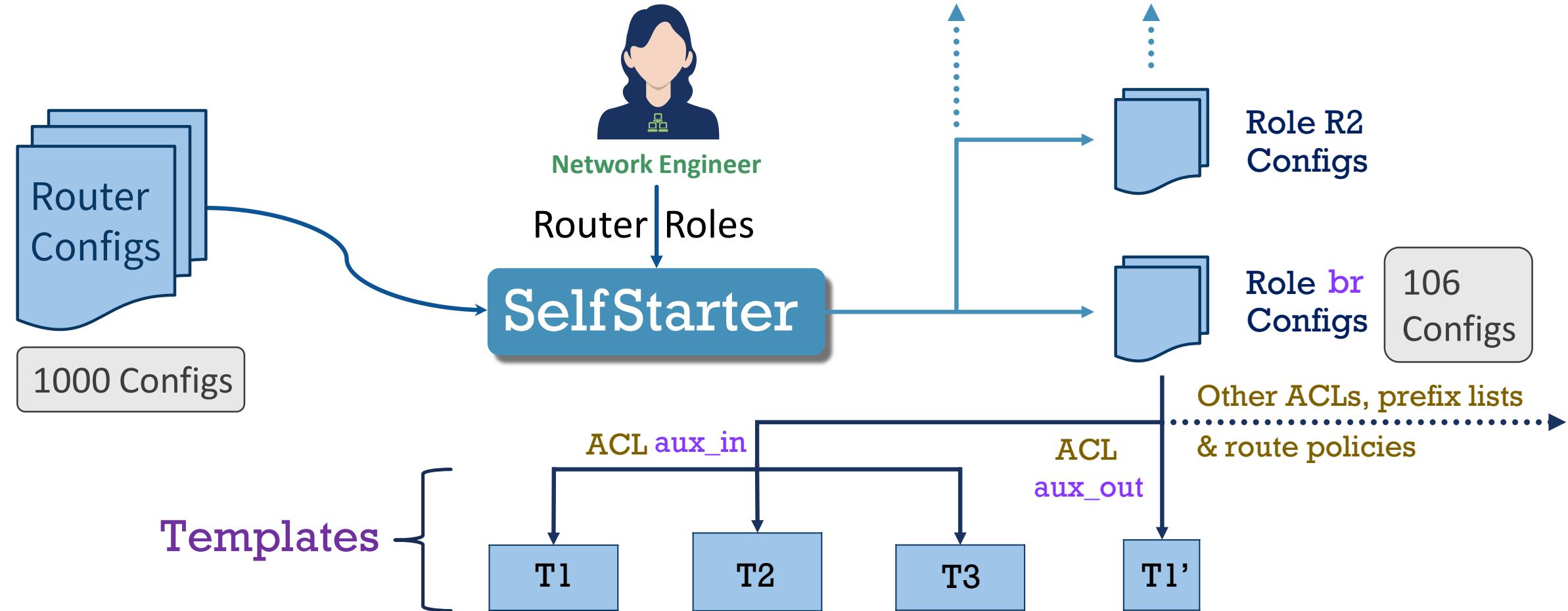
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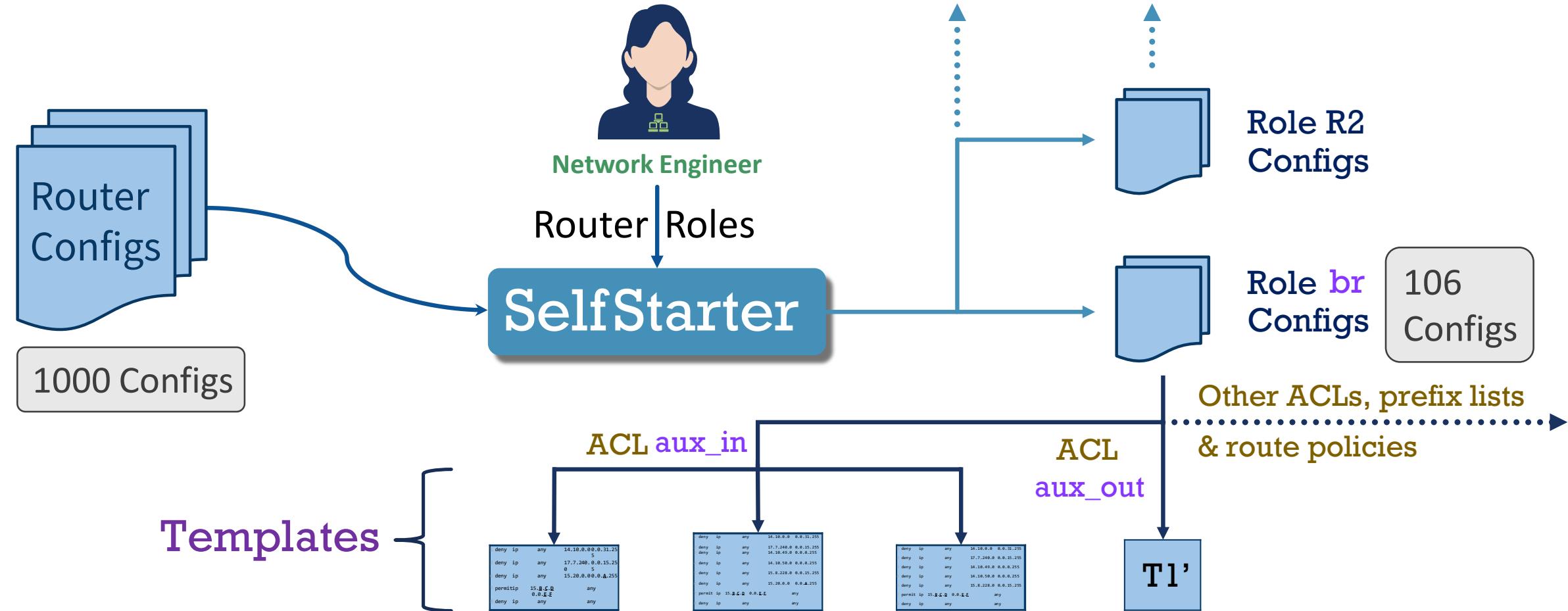
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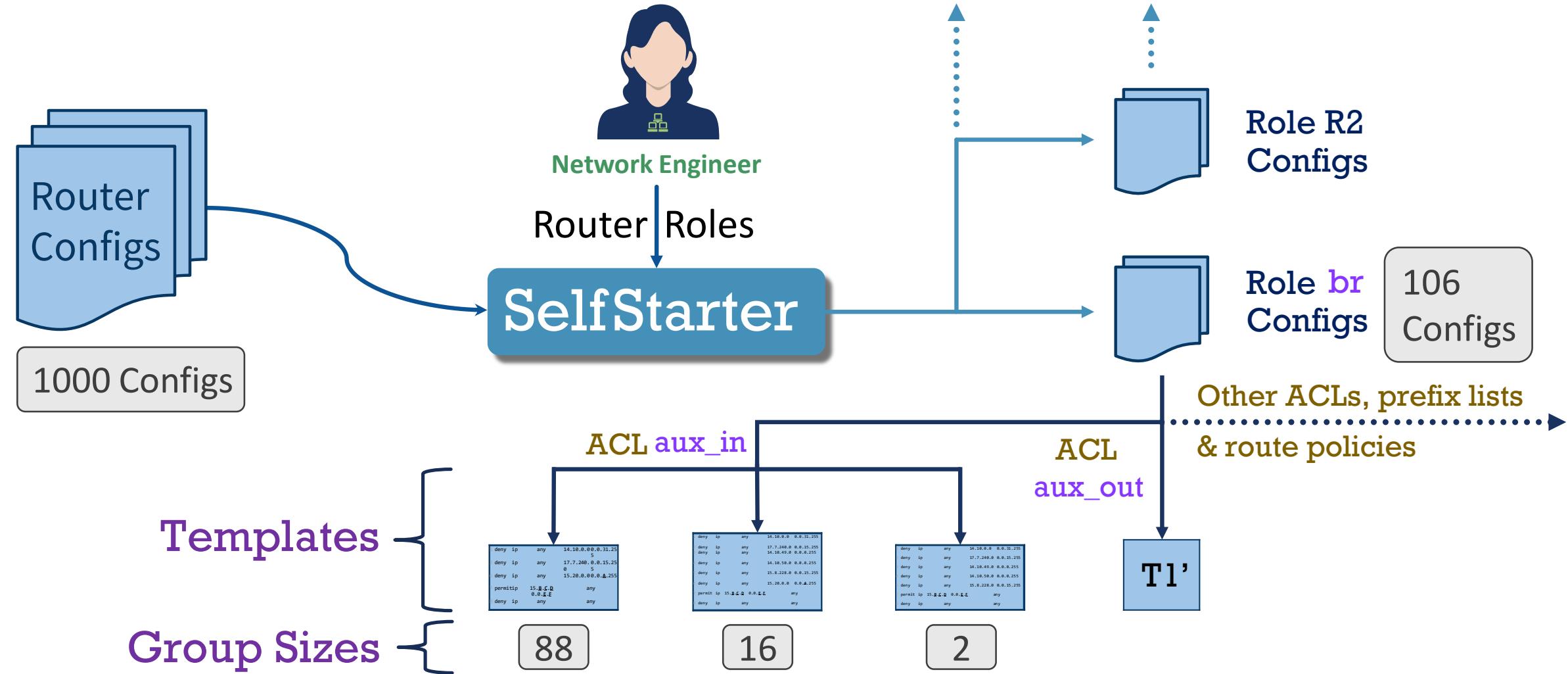
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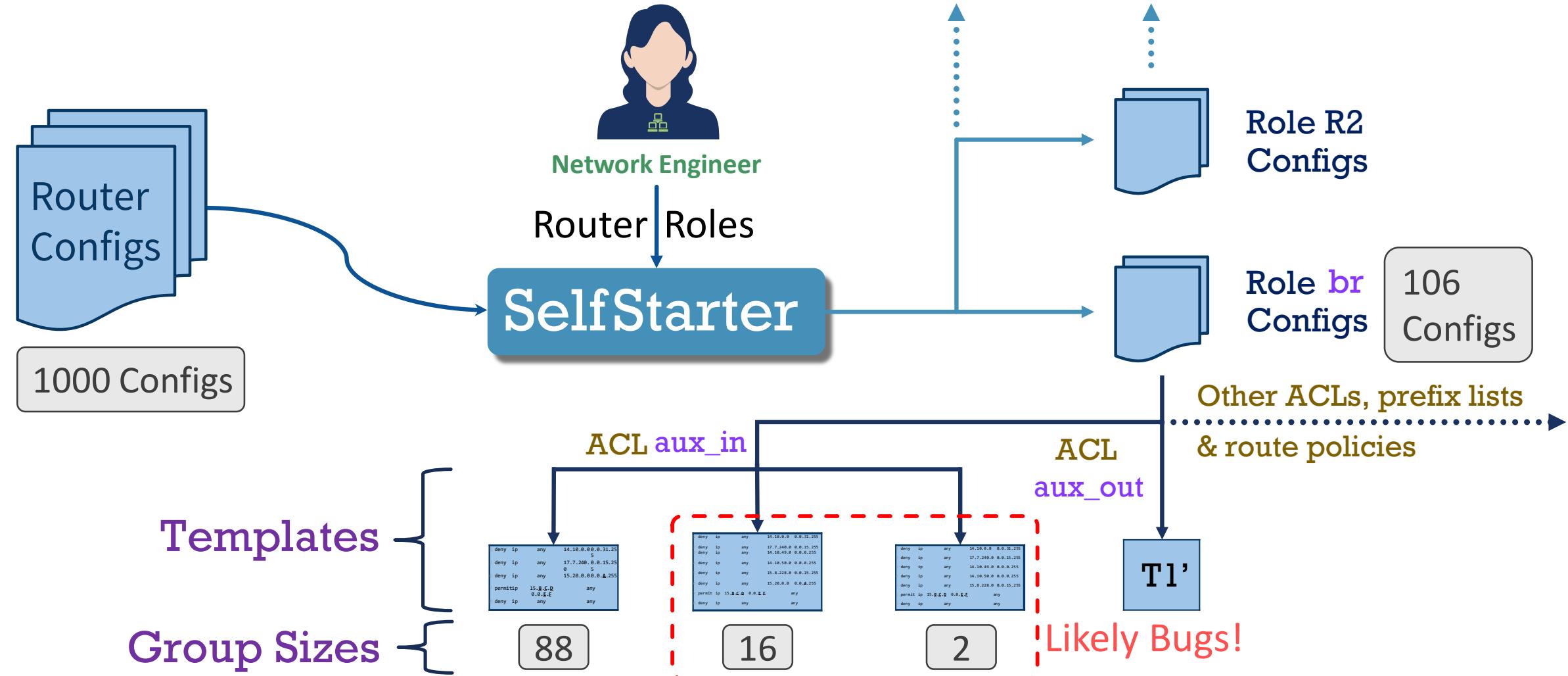
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SelfStarter Example Output

- Input – 106 ACL configurations from a role in the campus network

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Metatemplate

1	deny	ip	any	14.10.0.0	0.0.31.255
2	deny	ip	any	17.7.240.0	0.0.15.255
3	deny	ip	any	14.10.49.0	0.0.0.255
4	deny	ip	any	14.10.50.0	0.0.0.255
5	deny	ip	any	15.8.228.0	0.0.15.255
6	deny	ip	any	15.20.0.0	0.0.A.255
7	permit	ip	15.B.C.D	0.0.E.F	any
8	deny	ip	any		any

Group 1 (88 ACLs)	Group 2 (16 ACLs)	Group 3 (2 ACLs)

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1	deny	ip	any	14.10.0.0	0.0.31.255
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6	deny	ip	any	15.20.0.0	0.0. <u>A.</u> 255
7	permit	ip	15. <u>B.C.D</u> 0.0. <u>E.F</u>	any	
8	deny	ip	any	any	

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Group 1 Template

1	deny	ip	any	14.10.0.0	0.0.31.255
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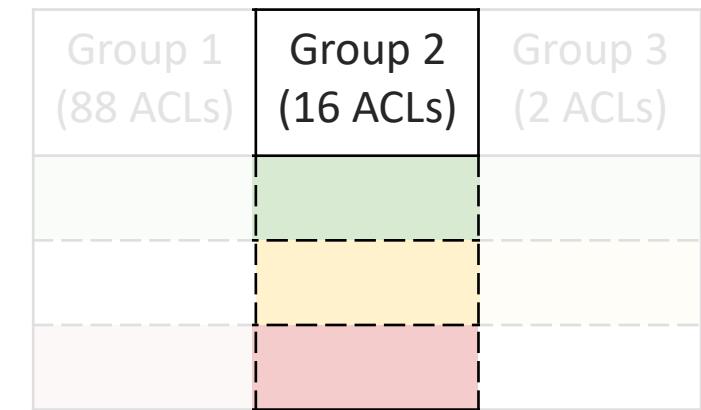
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7	permit	ip	15.B.C.D	0.0.E.F	any
8	deny	ip	any		any

Group 1 (88 ACLs)	Group 2 (16 ACLs)	Group 3 (2 ACLs)

Group 2 Template

1	deny	ip	any	14.10.0.0	0.0.31.255
2	deny	ip	any	17.7.240.0	0.0.15.255
3	deny	ip	any	14.10.49.0	0.0.0.255
4	deny	ip	any	14.10.50.0	0.0.0.255
5	deny	ip	any	15.8.228.0	0.0.15.255
6	deny	ip	any	15.20.0.0	0.0.A.255
7	permit	ip	15.B.C.D	0.0.E.F	any
8	deny	ip	any		any



Group 3 Template

1	deny	ip	any	14.10.0.0	0.0.31.255
2	deny	ip	any	17.7.240.0	0.0.15.255
3	deny	ip	any	14.10.49.0	0.0.0.255
4	deny	ip	any	14.10.50.0	0.0.0.255
5	deny	ip	any	15.8.228.0	0.0.15.255
6	deny	ip	any	15.20.0.0	0.0.A.255
7	permit	ip	15.B.C.D	0.0.E.F	any
8	deny	ip	any		any

Group 1 (88 ACLs)	Group 2 (16 ACLs)	Group 3 (2 ACLs)

Group 3 Template

1	deny	ip	any	14.10.0.0	0.0.31.255
2	deny	ip	any	17.7.240.0	0.0.15.255
3	deny	ip	any	14.10.49.0	0.0.0.255
4	deny	ip	any	14.10.50.0	0.0.0.255
5	deny	ip	any	15.8.228.0	0.0.15.255
6	deny	ip	any	15.20.0.0	0.0.A.255
7	permit	ip	15.B.C.D	0.0.E.F	any
8	deny	ip	any		any

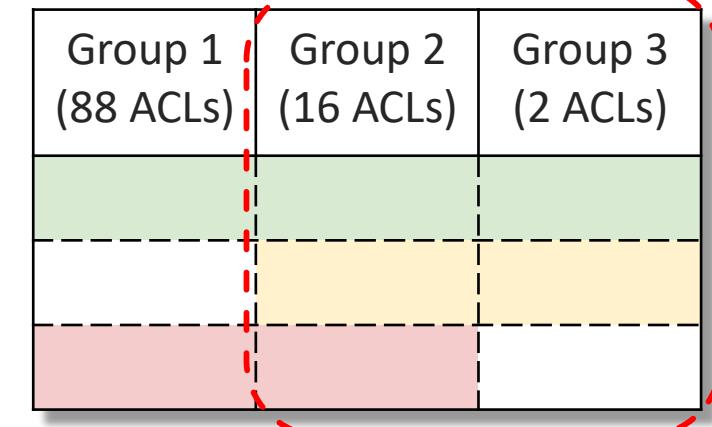
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Deviance Identification

- Groups 2 and 3 << Group 1 → Groups 2 and 3 ACLs are potentially misconfigured

1	deny	ip	any	14.10.0.0	0.0.31.255
2	deny	ip	any	17.7.240.0	0.0.15.255
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7	permit	ip	15.B.C.D	0.0.E.F	any
8	deny	ip	any		any

Group Outliers

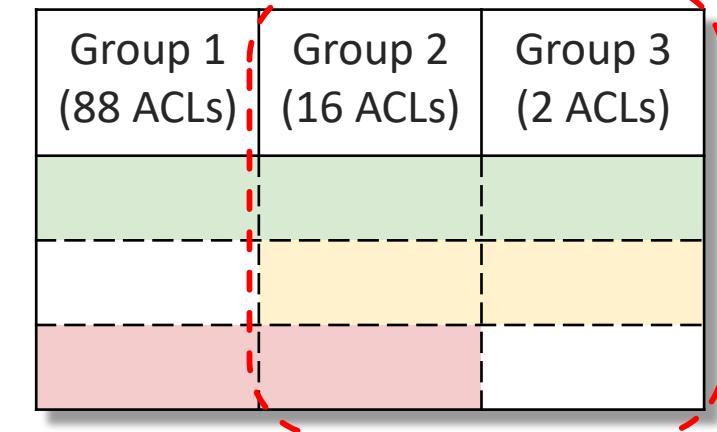


Deviance Identification

- **|Groups 2 and 3| << |Group 1| → Groups 2 and 3 ACLs are potentially misconfigured**
 - Metatemplate → Actionable feedback to the network engineers

1	deny	ip	any	14.10.0.0	0.0.31.255
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7	permit	ip	15.B.C.D	0.0.E.F	any
8	deny	ip	any		any

Group Outliers



Deviance Identification

- $|Groups\ 2\ and\ 3| \ll |Group\ 1| \rightarrow Groups\ 2\ and\ 3\ ACLs$ are potentially misconfigured
 - Metatemplate → Actionable feedback to the network engineers
 - $|Group\ 1|_{A=127} \ll |Group\ 1|_{A=255} \rightarrow 10\ ACLs$ are potentially permitting more traffic than intended

1	deny	ip	any	14.10.0.0	0.0.31.255
2	deny	ip	any	17.7.240.0	0.0.15.255
3	deny	ip	any	14.10.49.0	0.0.0.255
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6	deny	ip	any	15.20.0.0	0.0.A.255
7	permit	ip	15.B.C.D	0.0.E.F	any A # of A
8	deny	ip	any	any	255 78



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Parameter Outliers

Deviance Identification

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Parameter Outliers

Template Inference: Key Ideas

ip access-list extended ACL1					
1	deny	udp	host	0.0.0.0	any
2	permit	tcp	17.12.11.0	0.0.0.255	any
3	deny	icmp	17.12.11.0	0.0.0.255	any
4	permit	ip	16.21.0.0	0.0.63.255	any
5	permit	ip	17.12.11.0	0.0.0.255	any

ip access-list extended ACL2					
1	deny	udp	host	0.0.0.0	any
2	permit	tcp	17.12.13.0	0.0.0.255	any
3	deny	icmp	17.12.13.0	0.0.0.255	any
4	permit	ip	17.12.13.0	0.0.0.255	any
5	permit	ip	16.23.0.0	0.0.63.255	any



Template Inference: Key Ideas

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2	permit	tcp	17.12.11.0	0.0.0.255	any
3	deny	icmp	17.12.11.0	0.0.0.255	any
4	permit	ip	16.21.0.0	0.0.63.255	any
5	permit	ip	17.12.11.0	0.0.0.255	any

ip access-list extended ACL2					
1	deny	udp	host	0.0.0.0	any
2	permit	tcp	17.12.13.0	0.0.0.255	any
3	deny	icmp	17.12.13.0	0.0.0.255	any
4	permit	ip	17.12.13.0	0.0.0.255	any
5	permit	ip	16.23.0.0	0.0.63.255	any

Challenge: Non-identical lines

Template Inference: Key Ideas

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ip access-list extended ACL2					
1	deny	udp	host	0.0.0.0	any
2	permit	tcp	17.12.13.0	0.0.0.255	any
3	deny	icmp	17.12.13.0	0.0.0.255	any
4	permit	ip	17.12.13.0	0.0.0.255	any
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Challenge: Non-identical lines

Solution: Parameterization

Template Inference: Key Ideas

```
ip access-list extended ACL1
1 deny    udp    host      0.0.0.0      any
2 permit   tcp    17.12.11.0  0.0.0.255  any
3 deny    icmp   17.12.11.0  0.0.0.255  any
4 permit   ip     16.21.0.0  0.0.63.255 any
5 permit   ip     17.12.11.0  0.0.0.255  any
```

```
ip access-list extended ACL2
1 deny    udp    host      0.0.0.0      any
2 permit   tcp    17.12.13.0  0.0.0.255  any
3 deny    icmp   17.12.13.0  0.0.0.255  any
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Challenge: Non-identical lines

Solution: Parameterization

Template Inference: Key Ideas

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Template Inference: Key Ideas

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4	permit	ip	16.21.0.0	0.0.63.255	any
5	permit	ip	17.12.11.0	0.0.0.255	any

ip access-list extended ACL2					
1	deny	udp	host	0.0.0.0	any
2	permit	tcp	17.12.13.0	0.0.0.255	any
3	deny	icmp	17.12.13.0	0.0.0.255	any
4	permit	ip	17.12.13.0	0.0.0.255	any
5	permit	ip	16.23.0.0	0.0.63.255	any



Template Inference: Key Ideas

ip access-list extended ACL1						
1	deny	udp	host	0.0.0.0	any	
2	permit	tcp	17.12.11.0	0.0.0.255	any	
3	deny	icmp	17.12.11.0	0.0.0.255	any	
4	permit	ip	16.21.0.0	0.0.63.255	any	
5	permit	ip	17.12.11.0	0.0.0.255	any	

ip access-list extended ACL2						
1	deny	udp	host	0.0.0.0	any	
2	permit	tcp	17.12.13.0	0.0.0.255	any	
3	deny	icmp	17.12.13.0	0.0.0.255	any	
4	permit	ip	17.12.13.0	0.0.0.255	any	
5	permit	ip	16.23.0.0	0.0.63.255	any	



Template Inference: Key Ideas

ip access-list extended ACL1							ip access-list extended ACL2						
1	deny	udp	host	0.0.0.0	any		1	deny	udp	host	0.0.0.0	any	
2	permit	tcp	17.12.11.0	0.0.0.255	any		2	permit	tcp	17.12.13.0	0.0.0.255	any	
3	deny	icmp	17.12.11.0	0.0.0.255	any		3	deny	icmp	17.12.13.0	0.0.0.255	any	
4	permit	ip	16.21.0.0	0.0.63.255	any		4	permit	ip	17.12.13.0	0.0.0.255	any	
5	permit	ip	17.12.11.0	0.0.0.255	any		5	permit	ip	16.23.0.0	0.0.63.255	any	

The diagram illustrates the process of template inference between two IP access lists (ACL1 and ACL2). The left panel shows ACL1 with five rules, and the right panel shows ACL2 with five rules. Green arrows indicate successful template matches between rules 1, 2, 3, and 4 of both ACLs. A large blue double-headed arrow indicates the overall template inference relationship between the two ACLs. Rule 5 in both ACLs is crossed out with a red X, indicating it is not inferred.

Template Inference: Key Ideas

ip access-list extended ACL1						ip access-list extended ACL2					
1	deny	udp	host	0.0.0.0	any	1	deny	udp	host	0.0.0.0	any
2	permit	tcp	17.12.11.0	0.0.0.255	any	2	permit	tcp	17.12.13.0	0.0.0.255	any
3	deny	icmp	17.12.11.0	0.0.0.255	any	3	deny	icmp	17.12.13.0	0.0.0.255	any
4	permit	ip	16.21.0.0	0.0.63.255	any	4	permit	ip	17.12.13.0	0.0.0.255	any
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Challenge: Allow certain reorderings
but not arbitrary reorderings

Template Inference: Key Ideas

```
ip access-list extended ACL1
```

1	deny	udp	host	0.0.0.0	any
2	permit	tcp	17.12.11.0	0.0.0.255	any
3	deny	icmp	17.12.11.0	0.0.0.255	any
4	permit	ip	16.21.0.0	0.0.63.255	any
5	permit	ip	17.12.11.0	0.0.0.255	any

```
ip access-list extended ACL2
```

1	deny	udp	host	0.0.0.0	any
2	permit	tcp	17.12.13.0	0.0.0.255	any
3	deny	icmp	17.12.13.0	0.0.0.255	any
4	permit	ip	17.12.13.0	0.0.0.255	any
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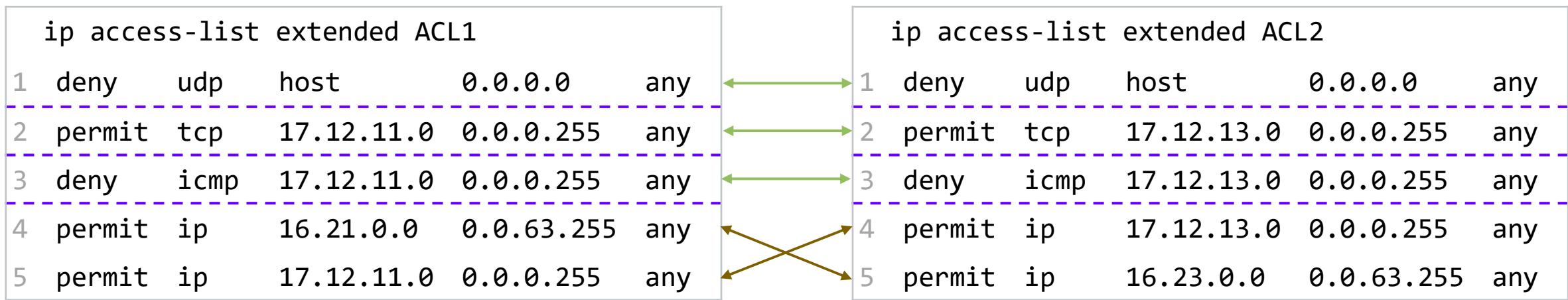


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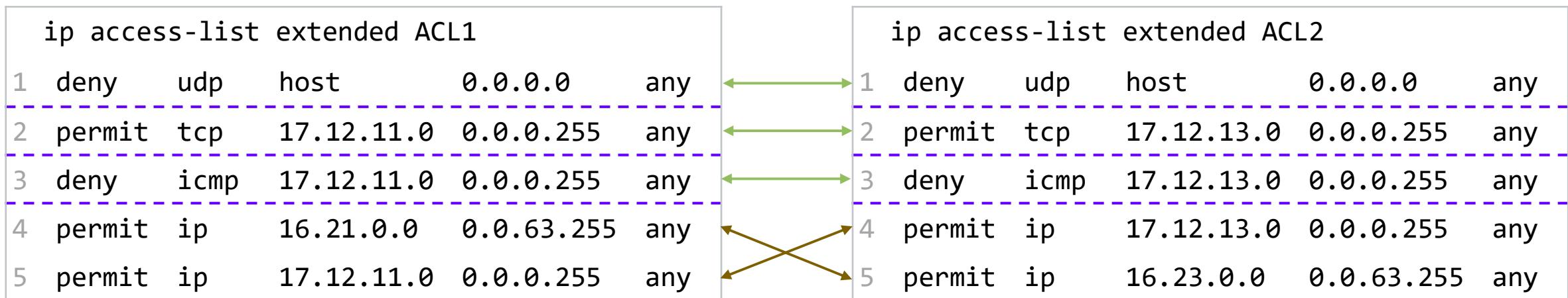
Solution: Two-level
abstraction using blocks

A block is a contiguous sequence of lines that can be arbitrarily reordered but the order of blocks is important.

Template Inference: Key Ideas



Template Inference: Key Ideas



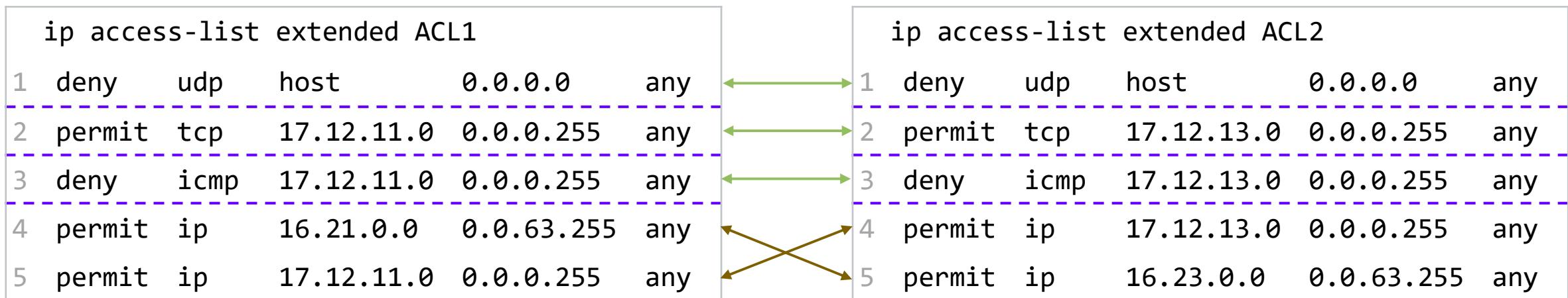
Block Alignment



Sequence alignment to prevent cross-block reordering

(see our paper for details)

Template Inference: Key Ideas



Block Alignment



Sequence alignment to prevent cross-block reordering

Line Reorderings



Minimum-weight bipartite matching to allow within-block line reorderings

(see our paper for details)

Template of ACL1 and ACL2

```
ip access-list extended ACL1
```

```
1 deny    udp    host      0.0.0.0      any
2 permit   tcp    17.12.11.0  0.0.0.255  any
3 deny    icmp   17.12.11.0  0.0.0.255  any
4 permit   ip     16.21.0.0   0.0.63.255 any
5 permit   ip     17.12.11.0  0.0.0.255  any
```

```
ip access-list extended ACL2
```

```
1 deny    udp    host      0.0.0.0      any
2 permit   tcp    17.12.13.0  0.0.0.255  any
3 deny    icmp   17.12.13.0  0.0.0.255  any
4 permit   ip     17.12.13.0  0.0.0.255 any
5 permit   ip     16.23.0.0   0.0.63.255 any
```

```
ip access-list extended ACL*
```

```
1 deny    udp    host      0.0.0.0      any
2 permit   tcp    17.12.A.0   0.0.0.255 any
3 deny    icmp   17.12.B.0   0.0.0.255 any
4 permit   ip     17.12.C.0   0.0.0.255 any
5 permit   ip     16.D.0.0   0.0.63.255 any
```

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Network	Segment Type	Consistent Triples (only one group)	Inconsistent Triples (at least 2 groups)		
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Campus	ACLs	0	6	3	3 (100%)
Microsoft	Prefix lists	10042	166	138	7 (5%)
WAN	Route policies	10969	56	33	33 (100%)
Microsoft Data center	ACLs	9700	938	400*	400 (100%)*
	Prefix lists	2954	0	-	-
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Microsoft Data center	ACLs	9700	938	400*	400 (100%)*
	Prefix lists	2954	0	-	-
	Route policies	11653	230	230*	230 (100%)*

#These prefix lists dynamically expand to multiple lines

* These were known inconsistencies

Results – Sources of Misconfigurations

- Campus
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 - Reference templates for operators to follow

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- ✗ Erroneous manual updates

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- Explicit templates for each role

- ✗ Delayed updates during automation

Prior Work

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Key Limitations

- ✗ Exact equivalence-based similarity
- ✗ Do not apply to complex configuration segments like ACLs and Prefix lists
- ✗ Allow arbitrary reordering of lines

Conclusion

- First general template inference algorithm for configuration segments
- SelfStarter – Our tool for finding potential network misconfigurations without a specification, using automatic template inference
- Provides actionable feedback to the operators
- Found 43 unknown bugs in Microsoft networks and campus network
- Source Code : <https://github.com/SivaKesava1/SelfStarter>
- Reach me at: sivakesava@cs.ucla.edu

