

BOSS: Building Operating System Services

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Sutardja-Dai Hall

UC Berkeley

93,000 sq. ft.

with Digital Controls

73% of US electricity is
consumed in buildings

U.S. Energy Information
Administration, 2009

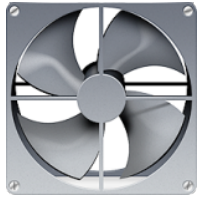
2/3 of building
occupants are
uncomfortable

UC Berkeley CBE Study of
30,000 occupants

>70% of large buildings
have digital controls



12 Variable Speed Fans



138 Air Dampers



312 Light Relays



50 Electrical Sub-meters



151 Temperature Sensors

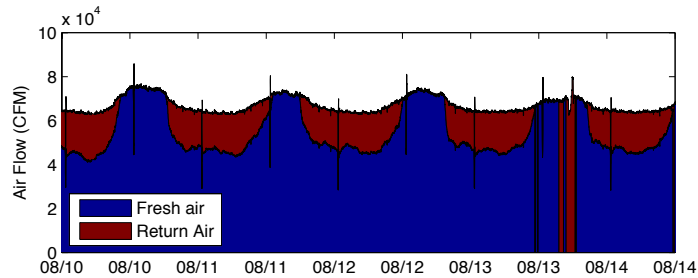


> 6,000 Sense and Control Points





Applications



Ventilation Optimization:
17% energy savings

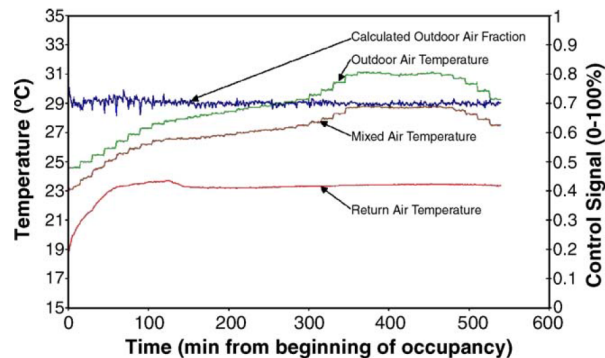
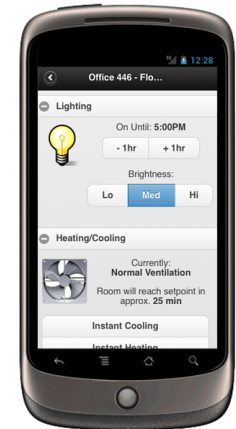


Fig. 4. Emulation study AHU recirculation damper stuck closed.

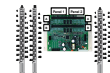
Automated Fault Detection:
10 - 40% energy savings



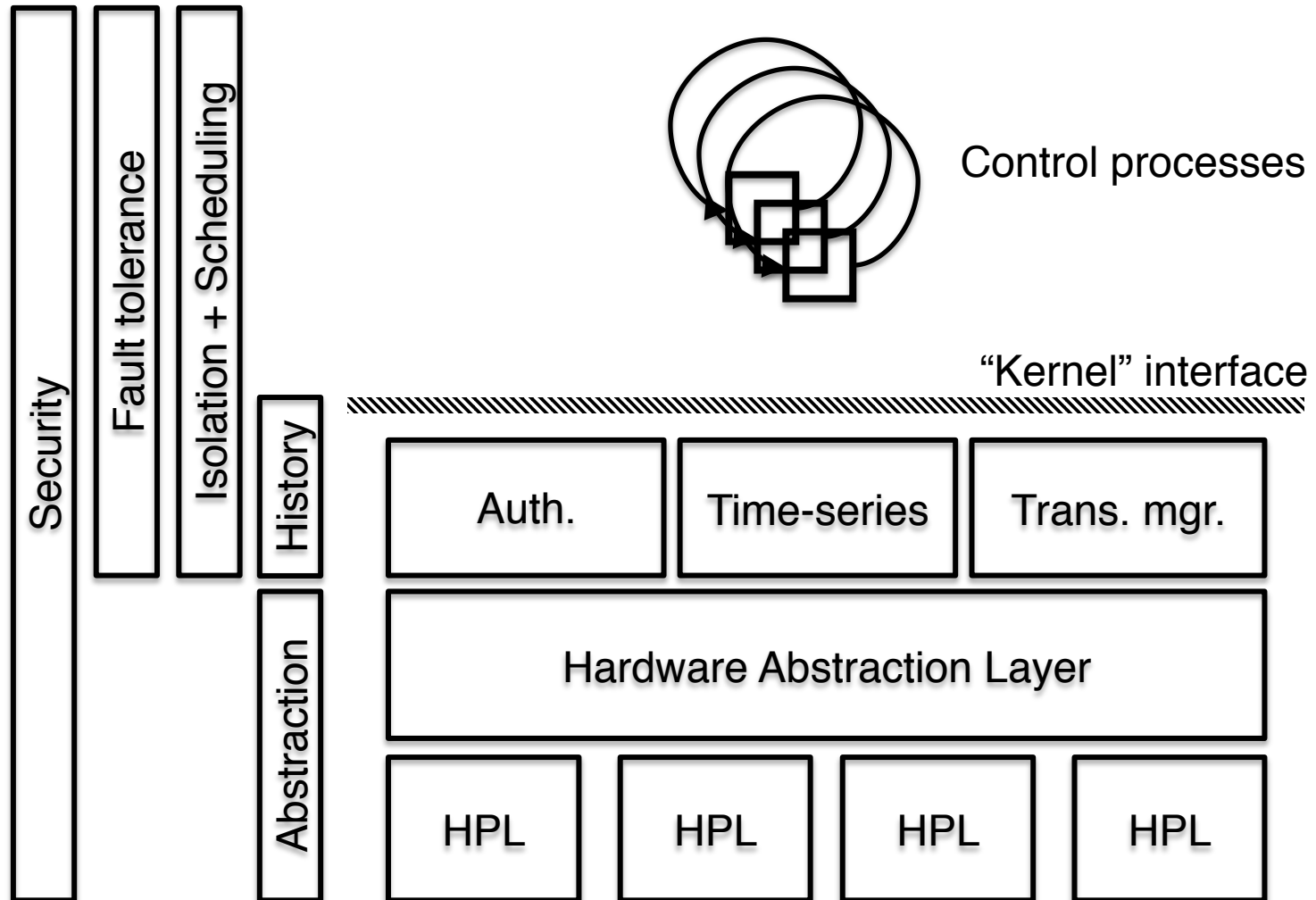
Occupant Lighting Controls
50-60% savings

Goals and Challenges

- Portability
 - Write once, run anywhere for buildings?
 - *Current practice*: hand-coded logic
- Fault tolerance
 - Partial failures of controllers
 - Network partitions
 - *Current practice*: really tough hardware
- Multiple processes
 - Concurrent applications and users
 - *Current practice*: none
- Federation
 - Multiple heterogeneous systems
 - *Current practice*: lots of stovepipes
- Scale
- Security & privacy

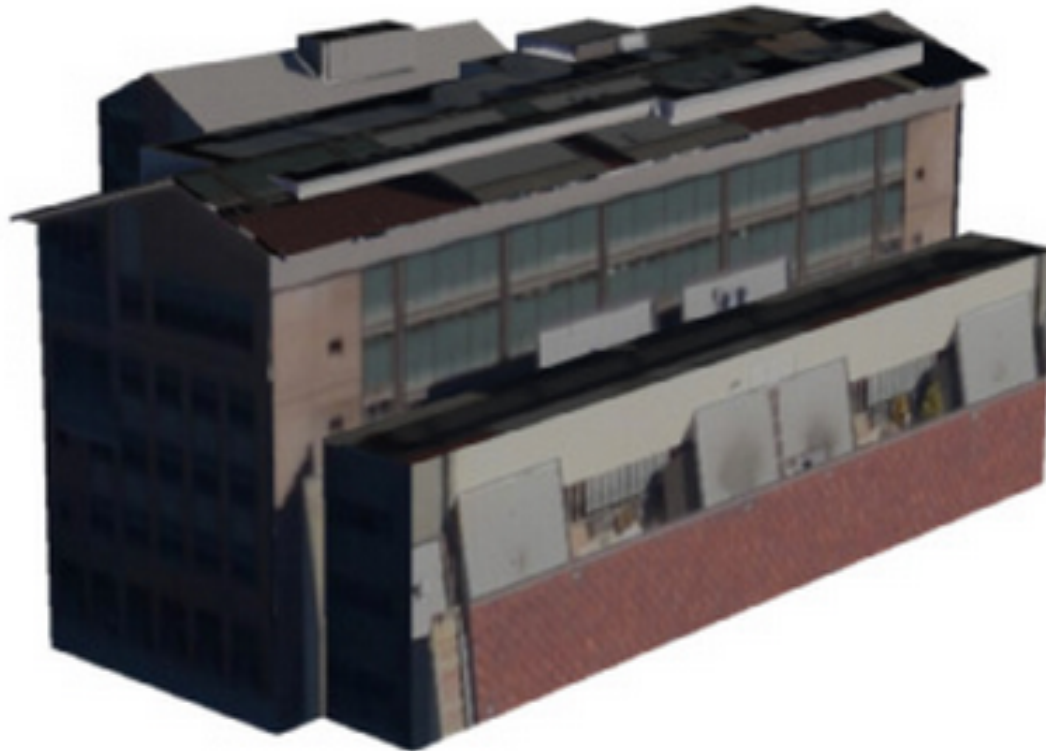


BOSS: Building Operating System Services



Challenge: Portability

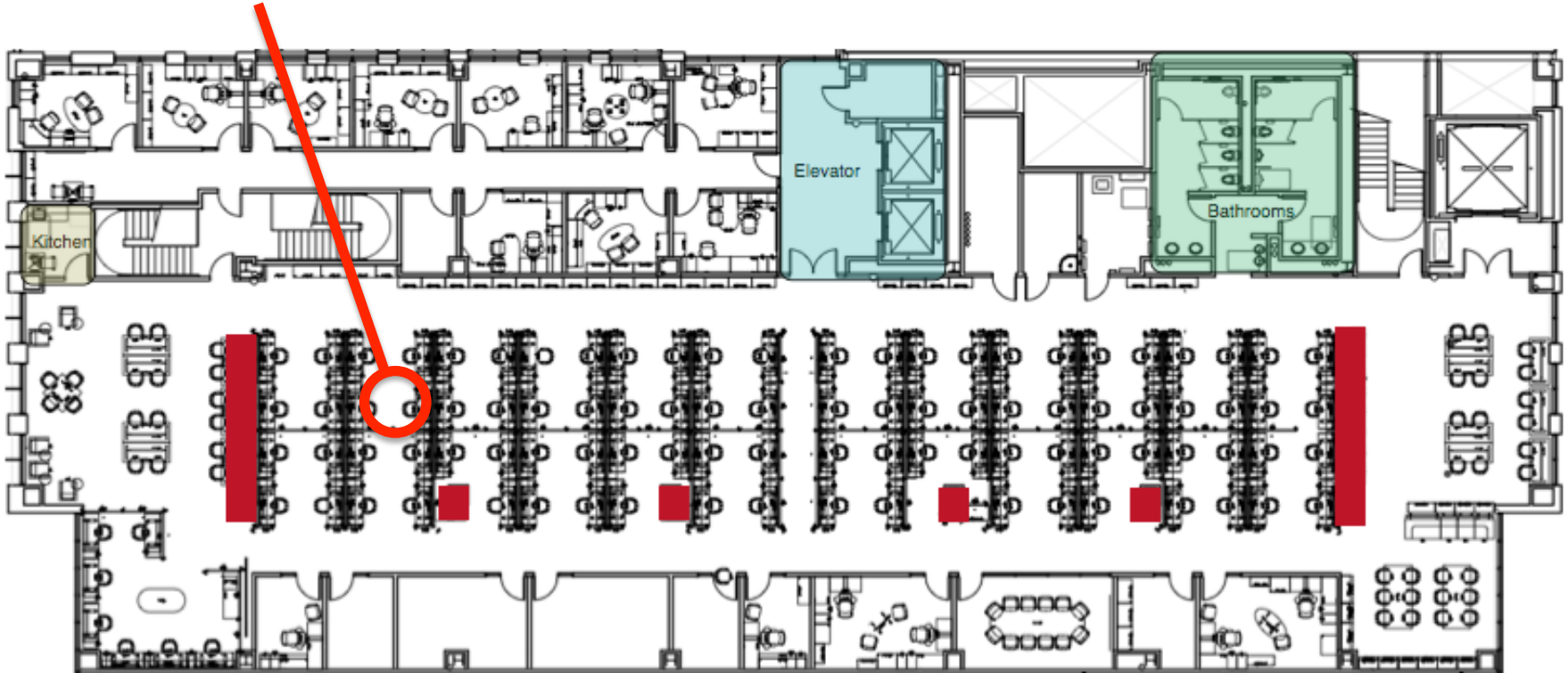
Buildings are custom designed





Hardware Abstraction

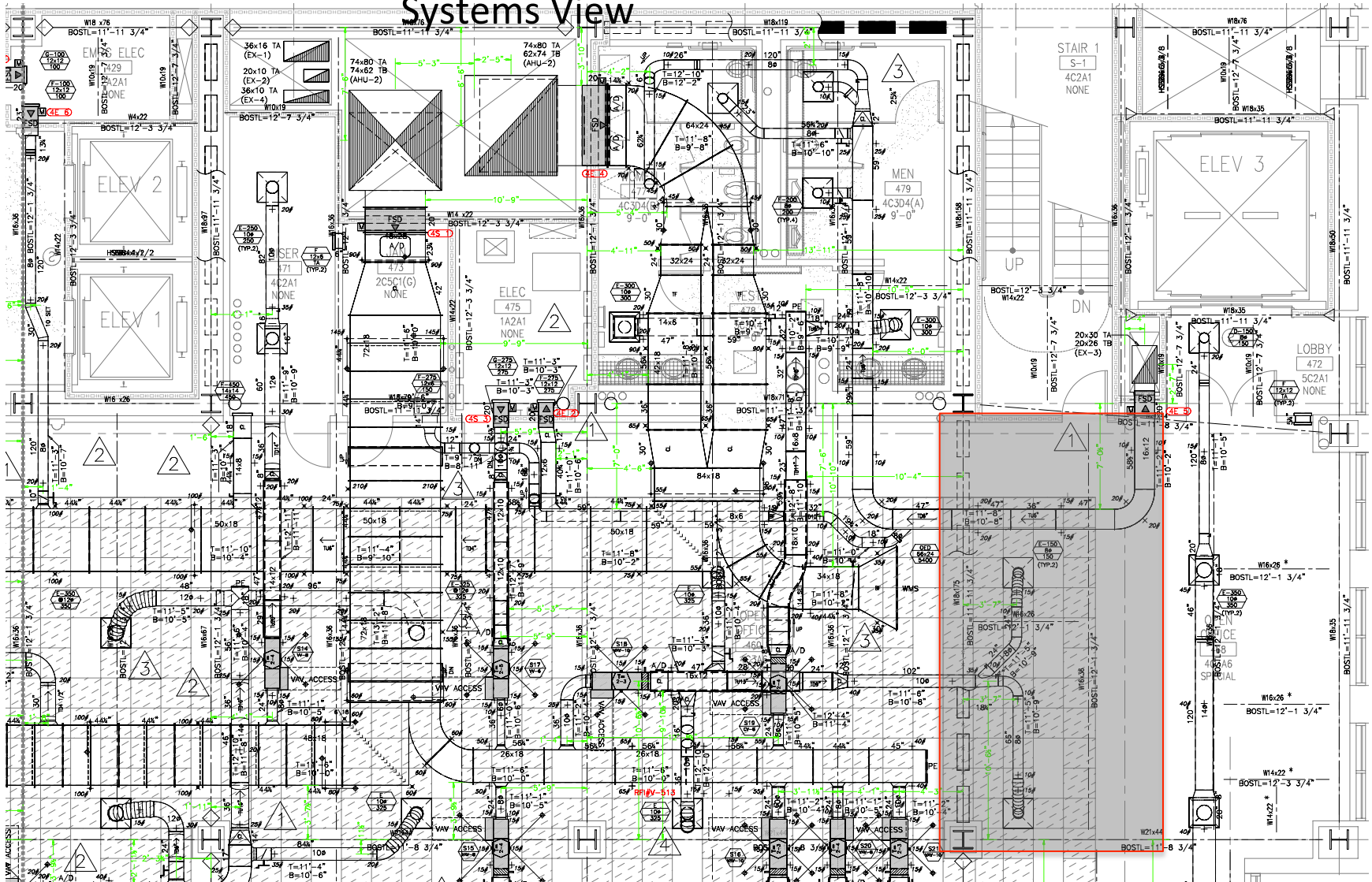
Physical view



Open area 450

Hardware Abstraction

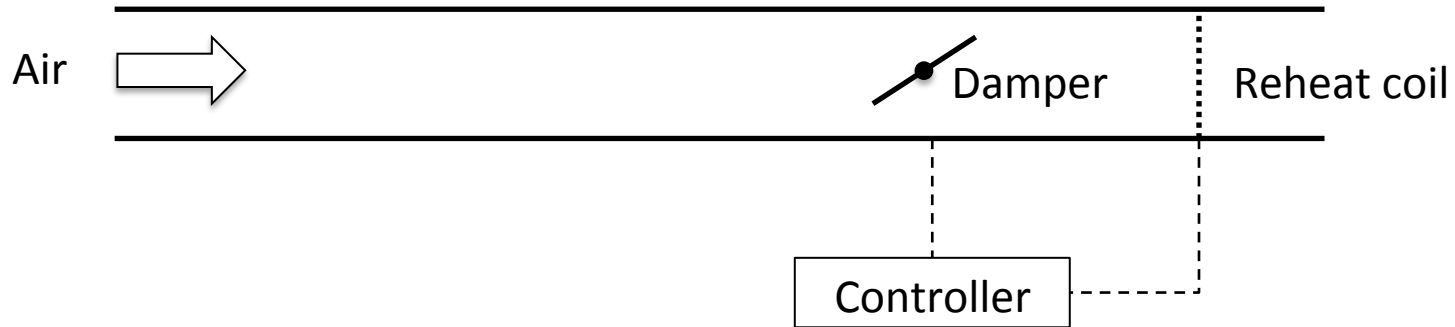
Systems View



VAV S4-21

Hardware Abstraction

Controls view



SDH.MEC-08.S4-21:DMPR COMD

device: 220018 instance: 101

SDH.MEC-08.S4-21:VLV COMD

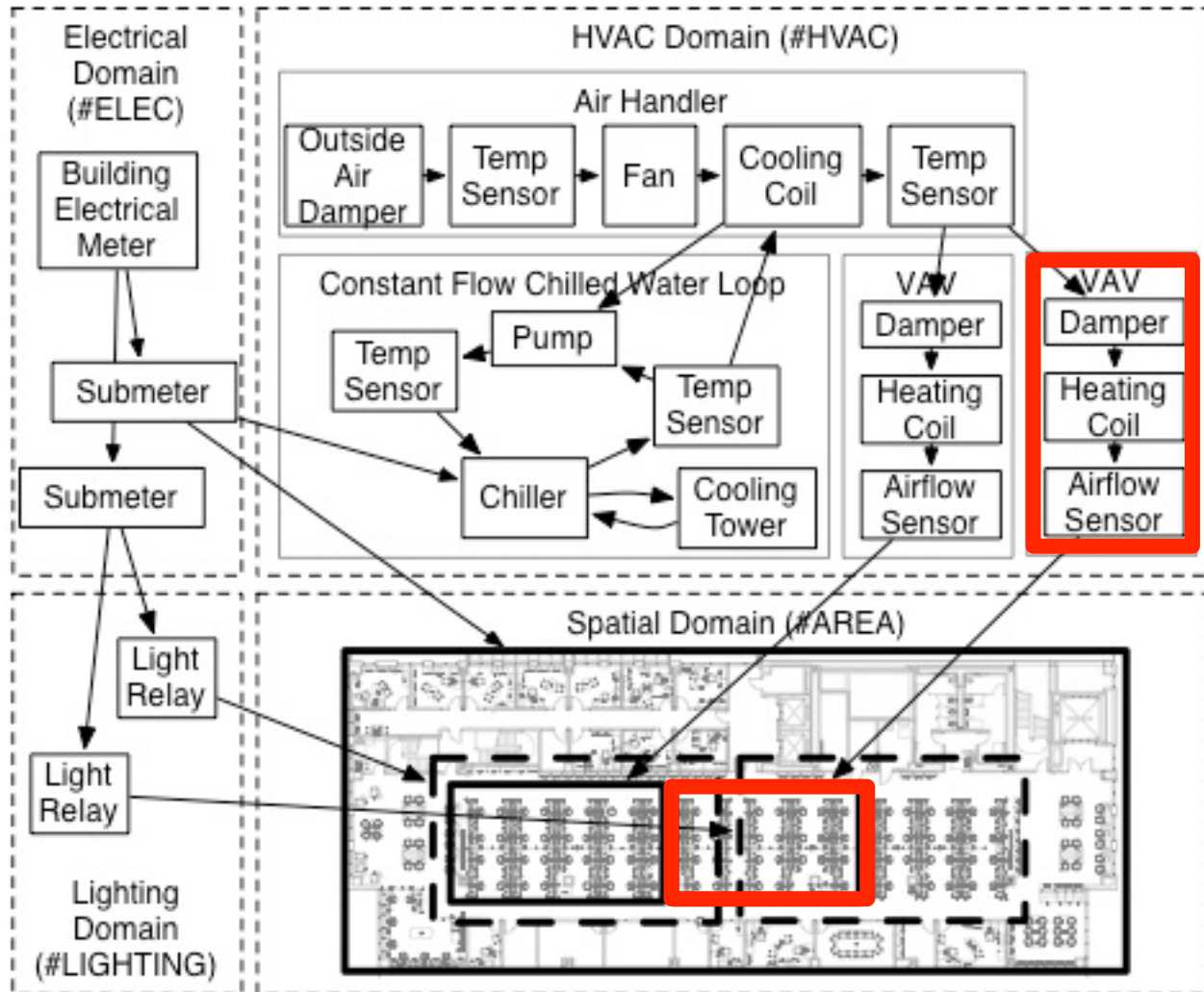
device: 220018 instance: 102

BACnet

legacy solution: overload point names

Hardware Abstraction Layer

$$\#VAV > \$(120, 20)$$



Summary: Hardware Abstraction Layer

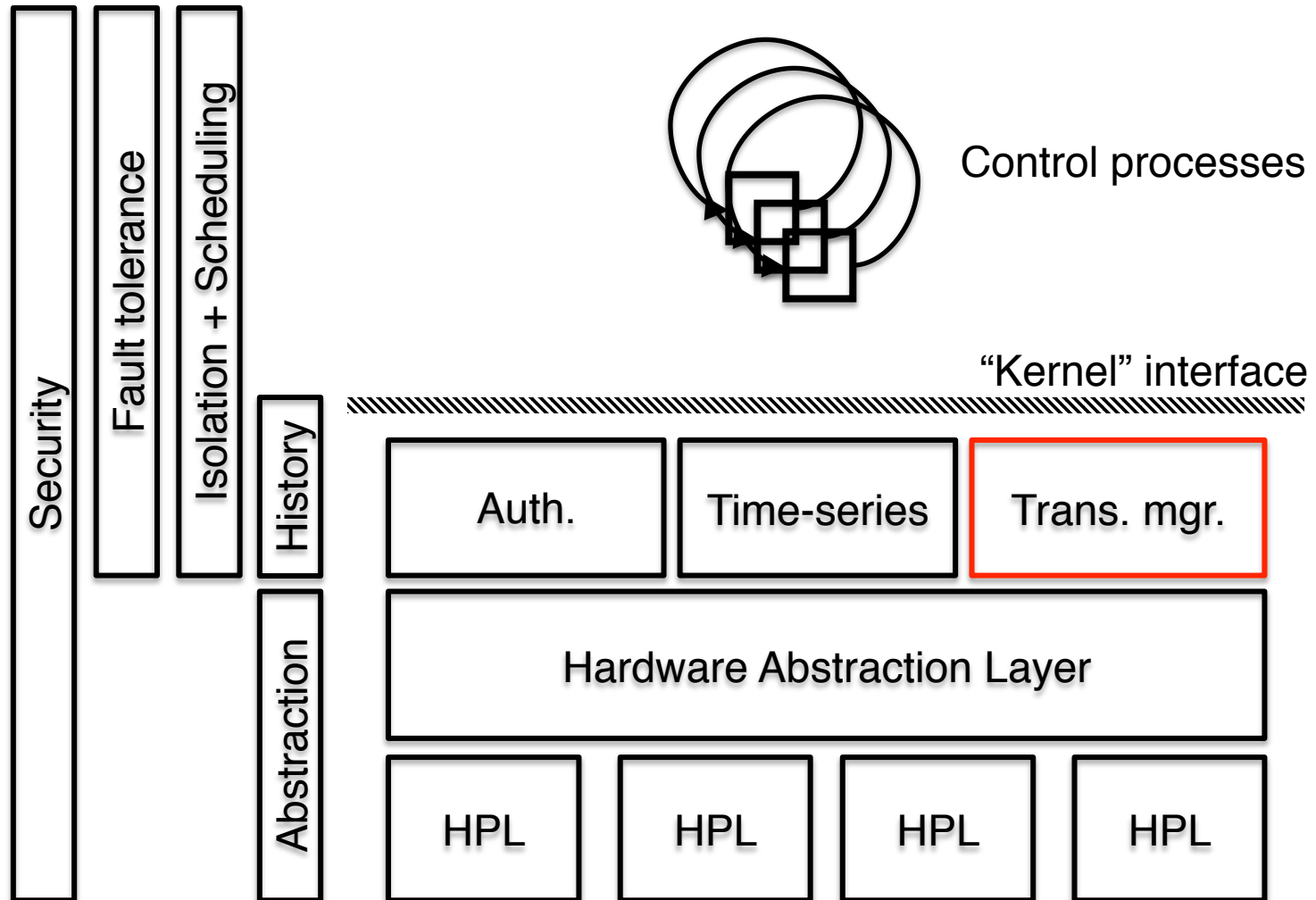
Program applications in terms of *relationships between system components*

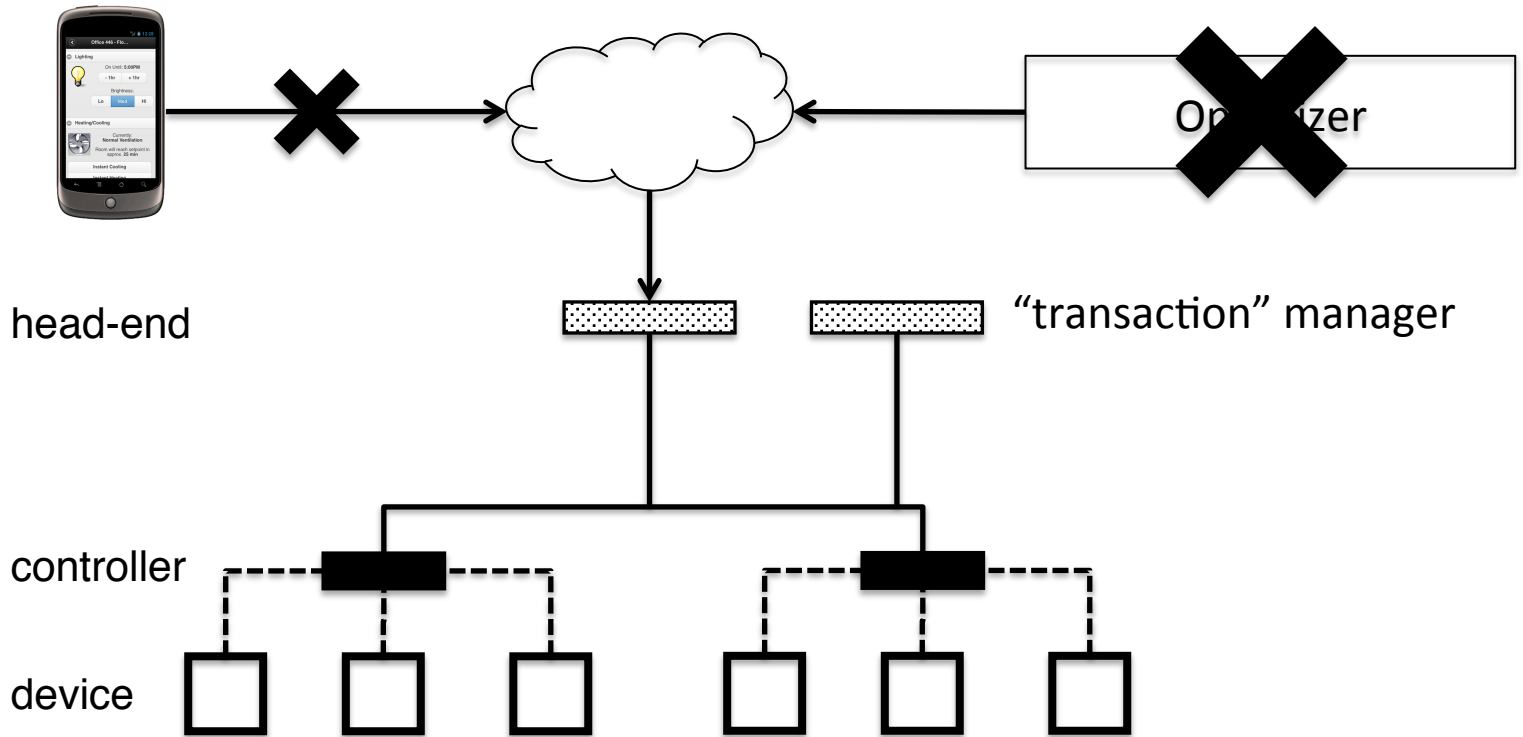
- Computer systems tend to hide the physicality
 - memory hierarchies, network topology
- Unavoidable in buildings
 - “it gets too hot on the sunny side”

Allow for scale by avoiding hard-coding

- “Run this in every room, except those on the north side”

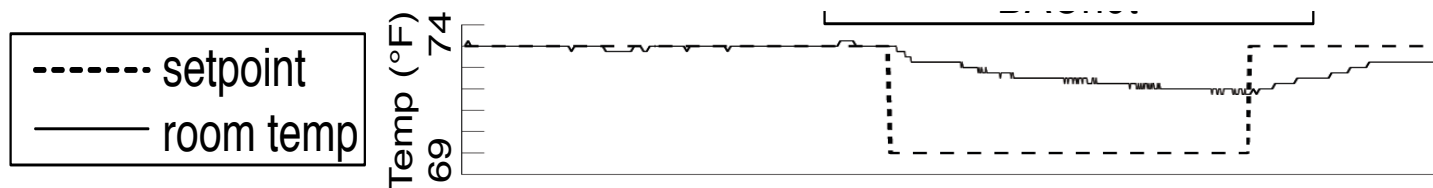
BOSS: Building Operating System Services





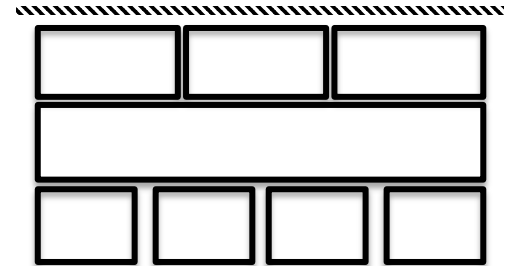
BOSS solution: “transactions”: write access to the building

- Writes to distributed resources
- Which interact in physical space
- Which are subject to failure
- Extend writes with
 - Priorities
 - Leases
 - Notifications
 - Reversion sequences



More BOSS

- sMAP Hardware Presentation Layer
 - 30 Drivers, 30k data streams
- Archiver data storage service
 - 500 writes/sec
 - Stream cleaning and processing
- Family of apps
 - Personal ventilation and lighting control
 - Electric grid-aware consumption



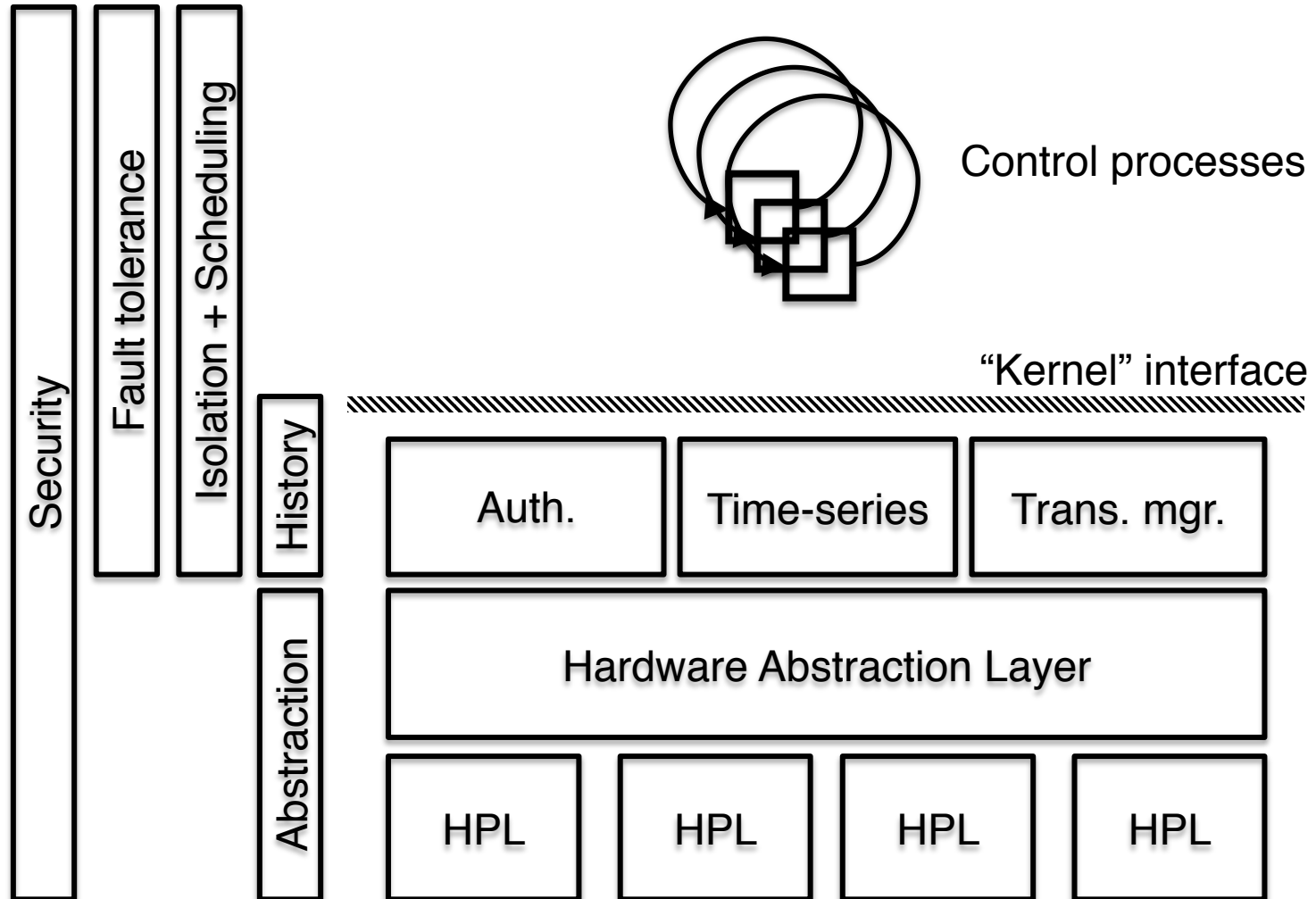
Name	Sensor Type	Access Method	Channels
ISO Data	CAISO, NYISO, PJM, MISO, ERCOT	Web scrape	1211
ACme devices	Plug-load electric meter	Wireless 6lowpan mesh	344
EECS submetering project	Dent Instruments PowerScout 18 electric meters	Modbus	4644
EECS steam and condensate	Cadillac condensate; Central Station steam meter	Modbus/TCP	13
UC Berkeley submetering feeds	ION 6200, Obvius Aquisuite; PSL pQube, Veris Industries E30	Mosbus/Ethernet, HTTP	4269
Sutardja Dai, Brower Hall BMS	Siemens Apogee BMS, Legrand WattStopper, Johnson Control BMS	BACnet/IP	4064
UC Davis submetering feeds	Misc., Schneider Electric ION	OPC-DA	34 (+)
Weather feeds	Vaisala WXT520 rooftop weather station; Wunderground	SDI-12, LabJack/Modbus, web scrape	33
CBE PMP toolkit	Dust motes; New York Times BMS	CSV import; serial	874



Takeaways

- Applying computer systems design to buildings: lots of pieces, potential
 - Control systems
 - Mechanical systems
 - Occupants
- 30% electricity + steam savings, 60% lighting savings in test apps
- Many pieces at <http://smap.cs.berkeley.edu>
- Control systems + CS future work
 - Making use of the torrent of data?
 - Compile/enforce constraints into the network?
 - How to verify applications are behaving?

Thank you



```
1 proc = BossProcess(timeout=15min, auth_token=ABC)
2 while True:
3     for dmp in hal.find('#OUT_AIR_DMP > #AH'):
4         for vav in hal.find('#VAV < $%s' % dmp.name):
5             occ = model.estimate_occupancy(vav)
6             vav.set_min_airflow((vav.min_fresh_air() /
7                                 dmp.get_percent_open()) * occ)
8     time.sleep(15*60)
```

**Write applications in terms of relationship
between hardware elements**

THIS IS COMFORT-ON-DEMAND. IT CONSISTS OF TWO PARTS.

1.

A fast-responding energy distribution system

2.

A mobile control device

Chilled Sails: locally controlled radiant panels connected to building-wide hydronic mechanical system

OLED Lights: locally controlled and ideally powered by on-site renewables

Dedicated Outlet: powers down when you walk away and eliminates phantom load

Heated Surface: (25-watt) capacitive-sensors direct energy to warm your hands (not your notepad)

DC Fan: (17-watt) tunable controls and adjustable nozzles point air where you want it to go

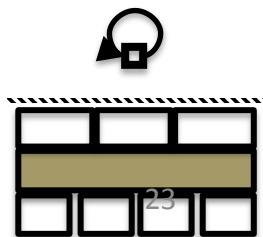
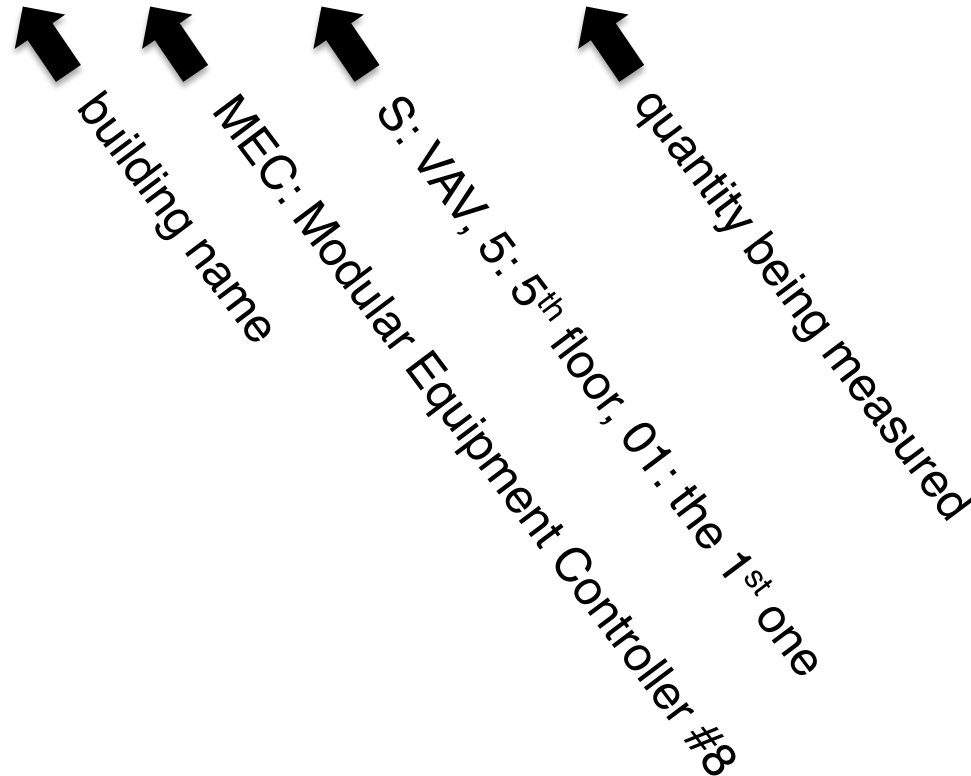
Heated Surface: (123-watt) pressure sensor triggers an adjustable heater to keep your feet cozy

Bluetooth: communicates your preferences

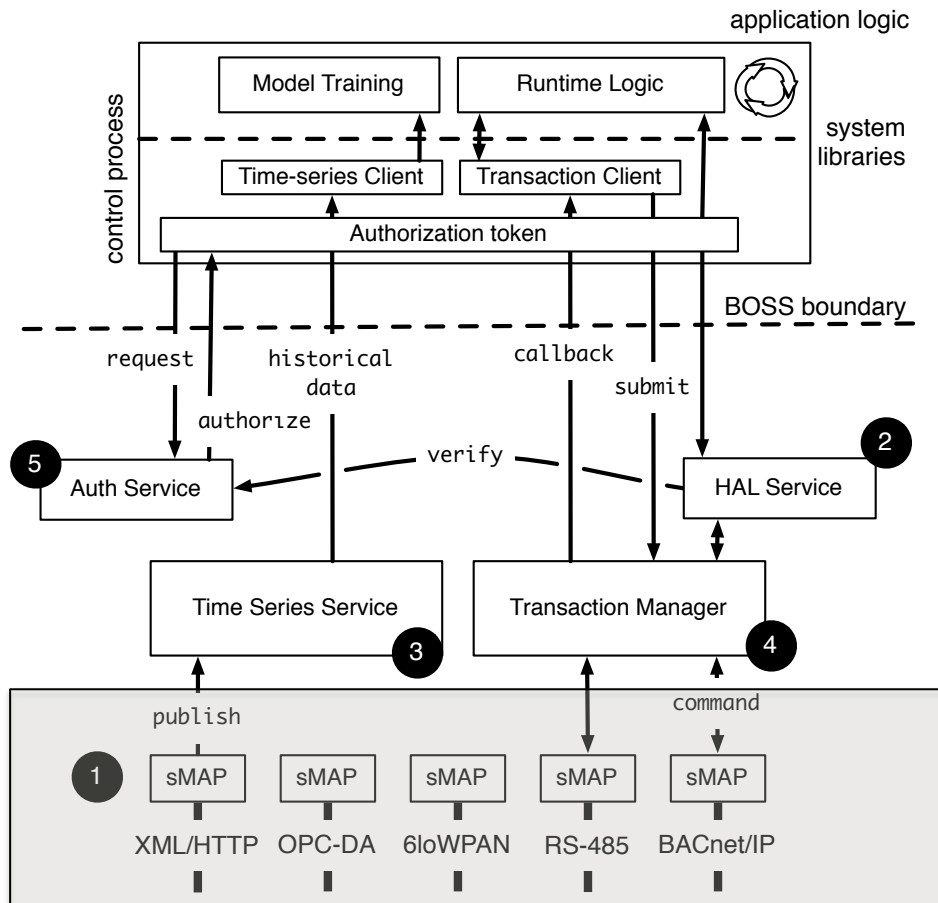


legacy solution: encode everything in point name

SDH.MEC-08.S5-01.AIR_VOLUME

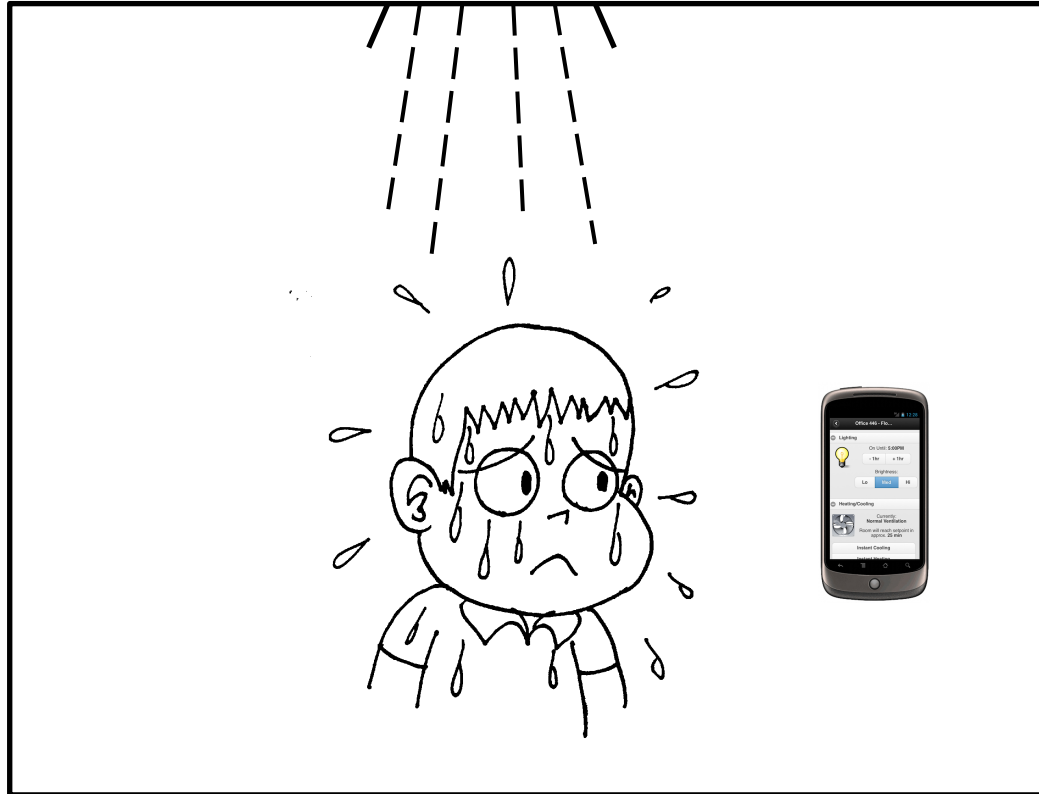


BOSS

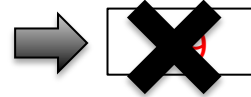


a collection of services enabling
portable, robust applications
for the physical environment

1. Hardware presentation layer: sMAP
2. Hardware abstraction layer: device-specific logic
3. Time-series service: the archiver
4. Reliable control inputs: the transaction manager
5. Security: the authorization service



writer 1 value: 69F



writer 2 value: 73F



- No arbitration between applications
- Orphaned writes

Command Sequence

1. Set damper to 100% open
2. Set valve to 0% open
3. ... wait 10 minutes
4. Reset to “whatever was happening before”

What if...

1. #1 or #2 fail?
2. Client fails/becomes partitioned during #3?
3. Another application tries to do something?

BOSS solution: “transactions”

Extend writes with

- Priorities
- Leases
- Notifications
- Reversion sequences

overridden!

→ **writer 1** value: 69F priority: 3 lease: 3600s

→ **writer 2** value: 73F priority: 1 lease: 300s

<time passes>

writer 2 clear

writer 1 crashes

... **writer 1** revert sequence runs

