



# **DynaMix: Dynamic Mobile Device Integration for Efficient Cross-device Resource Sharing**

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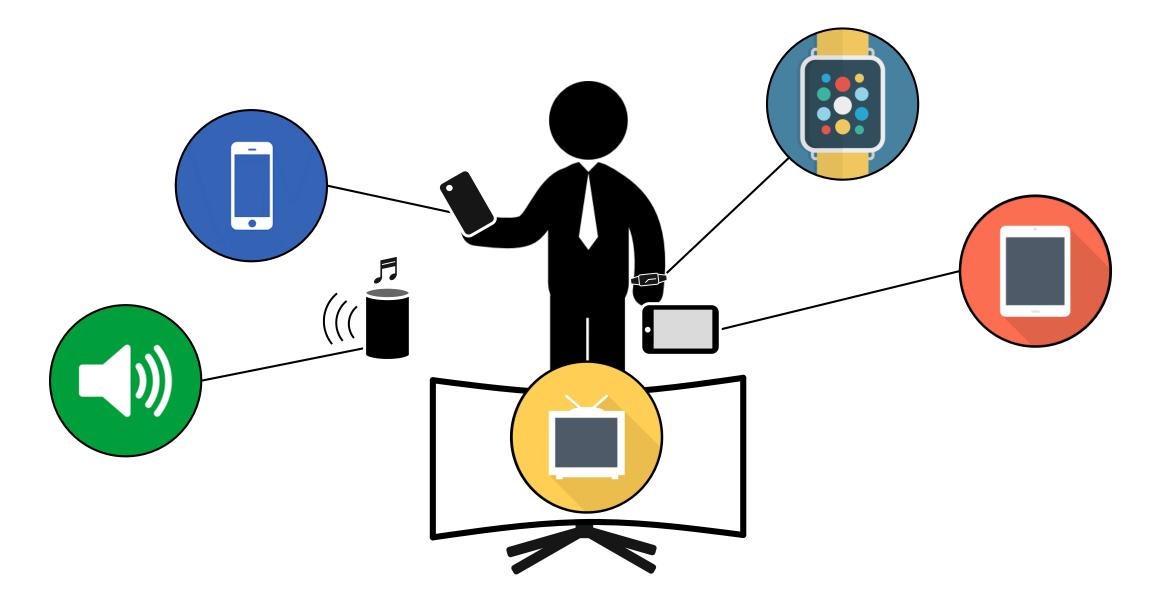
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<sup>3</sup>Samsung Electronics

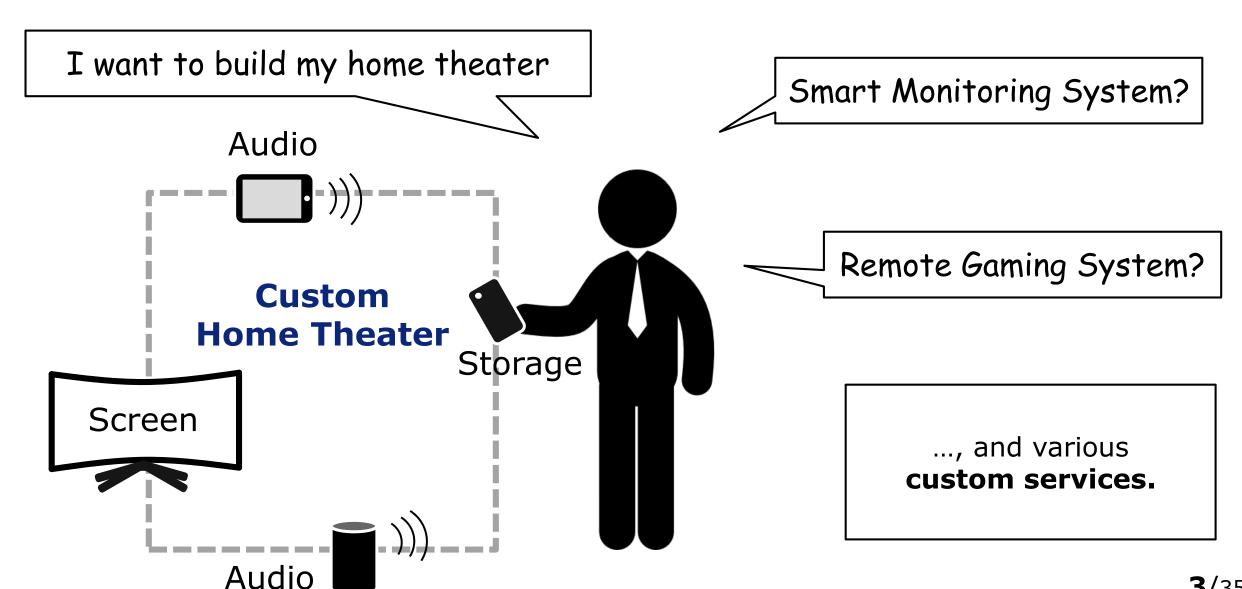


# **Increasing Number of IoT Devices**





# **Sharing Multi-device Enables Many Services**



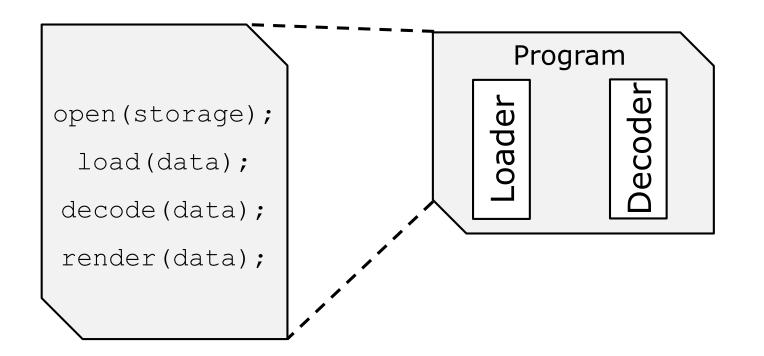


#### **Index**

- Limitations of existing schemes
  - I/O request forwarding
  - Manual programming
- DynaMix: Efficient dynamic resource sharing
- Evaluation
- Conclusion



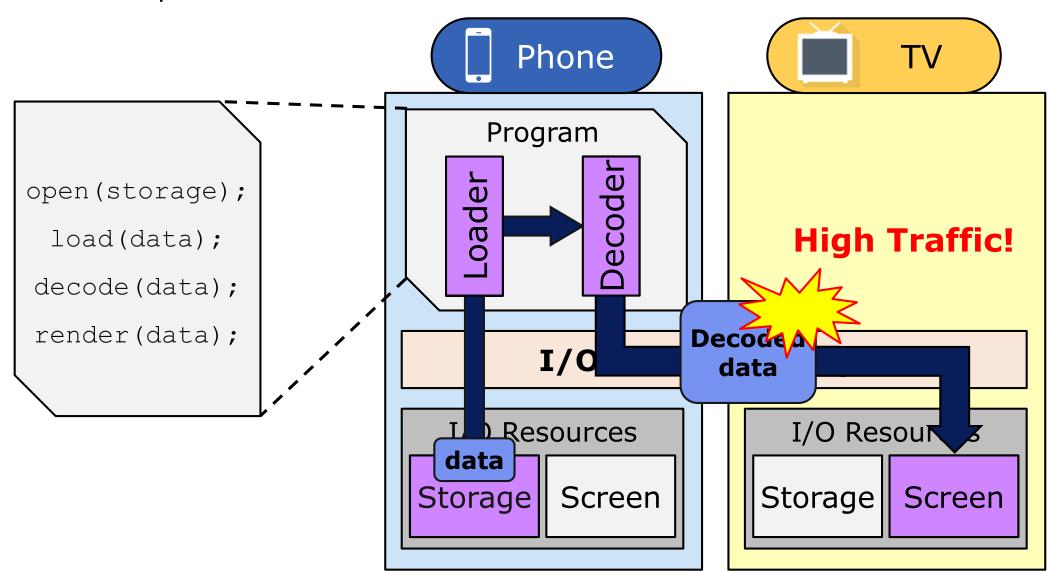
# **Running Example: Home Theater**





# (1) I/O Request Forwarding

- with the example of *home theater* 





# (1) I/O Request Forwarding

- with the example of **home theater** 

#### Good

I/O abstraction layer for transparency

✓ Easy programming environment

#### Bad

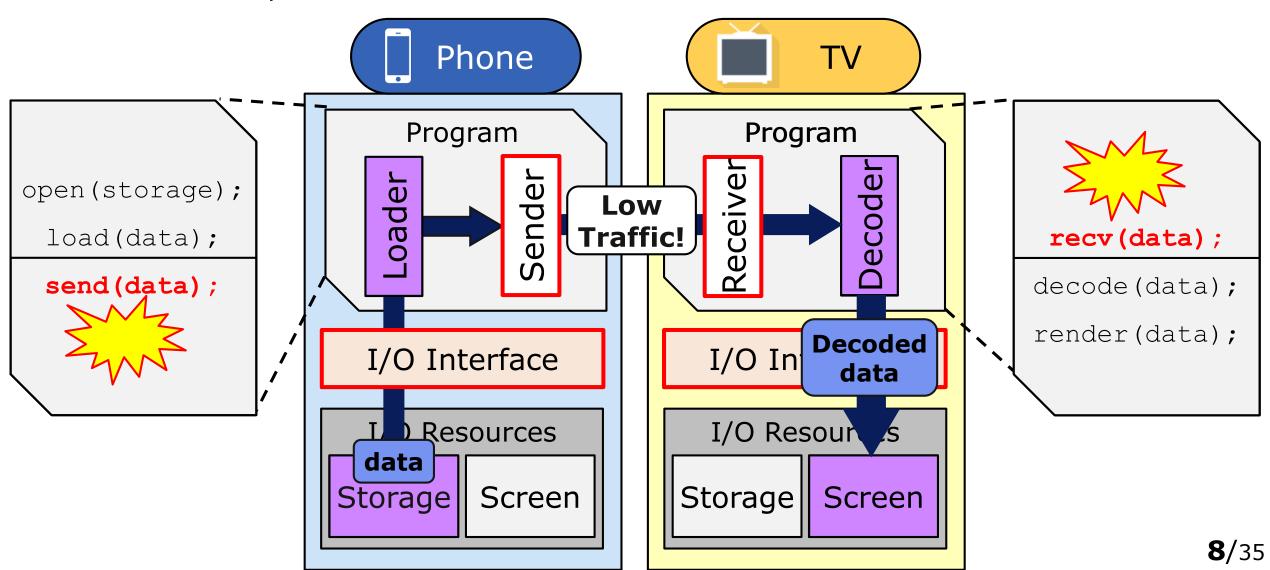
High network traffic due to unoptimized datapath

**✓** Poor performance



# (2) Manual Programming

- with the example of **home theater** 





# (2) Manual Programming

- with the example of **home theater** 

#### Good

Device-aware task partitioning

**✓** Good performance

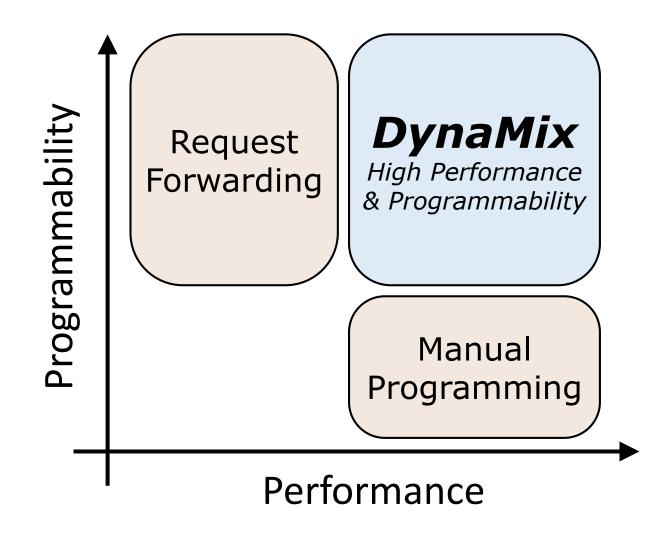
#### Bad

Hand-tuned multi-device application

✓ High programming effort



# **Design Goals**





#### Index

- Limitations of existing schemes
- DynaMix: Efficient dynamic resource sharing
  - Key ideas
  - Architecture & Implementation
- Evaluation
- Conclusion



# **Key Ideas of** *DynaMix*

#### 1) Transparent & Wide Resource Integration

- Kernel-level resource integration
  - → Transparent integration (easy programmability)
- Sharing multiple types of resources (i.e., CPU, Memory, I/O)
  - → Wide resource coverage

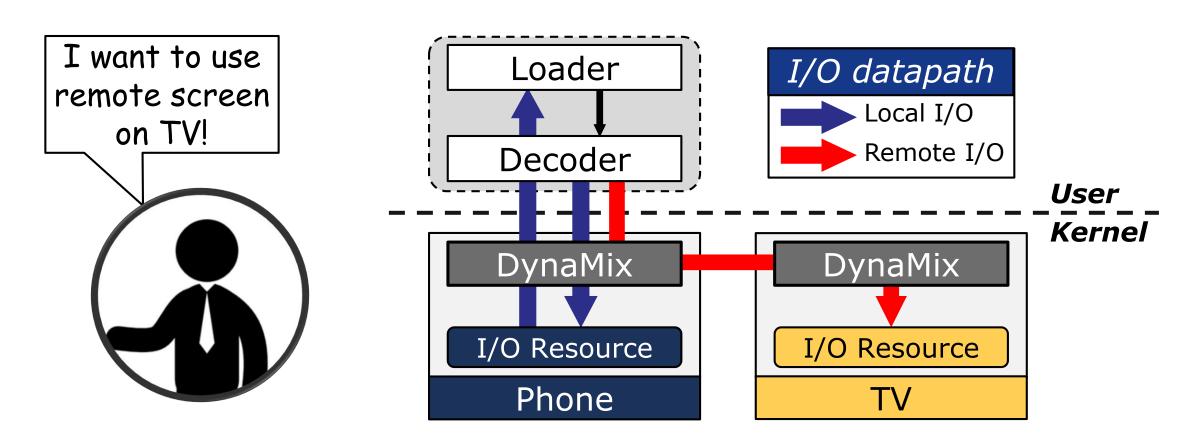
#### 2) Resource-aware Dynamic Task Redistribution

- Contention detection based on resource usage
- Performance estimation for migration scenarios
  - → Optimized performance



# Key Ideas of *DynaMix* (1/2)

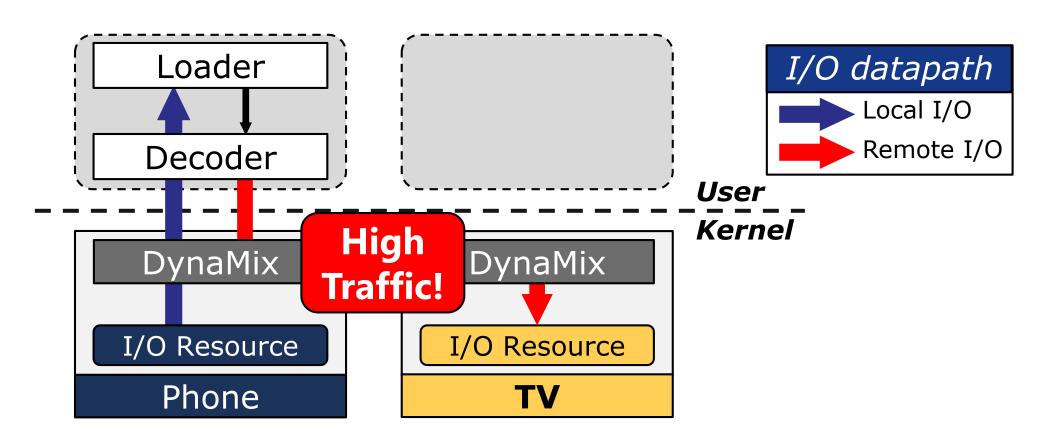
#### 1) Transparent & Wide Resource Integration





# Key Ideas of *DynaMix* (2/2)

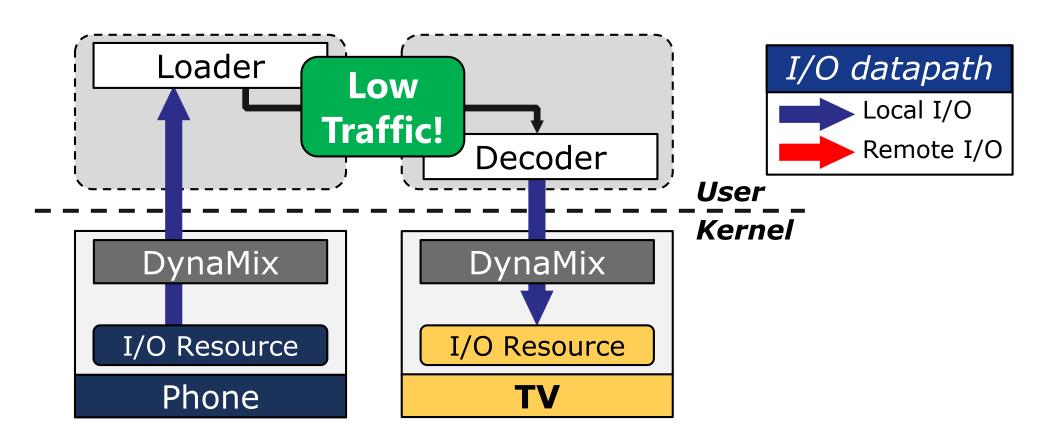
#### 2) Resource-aware Dynamic Task Redistribution





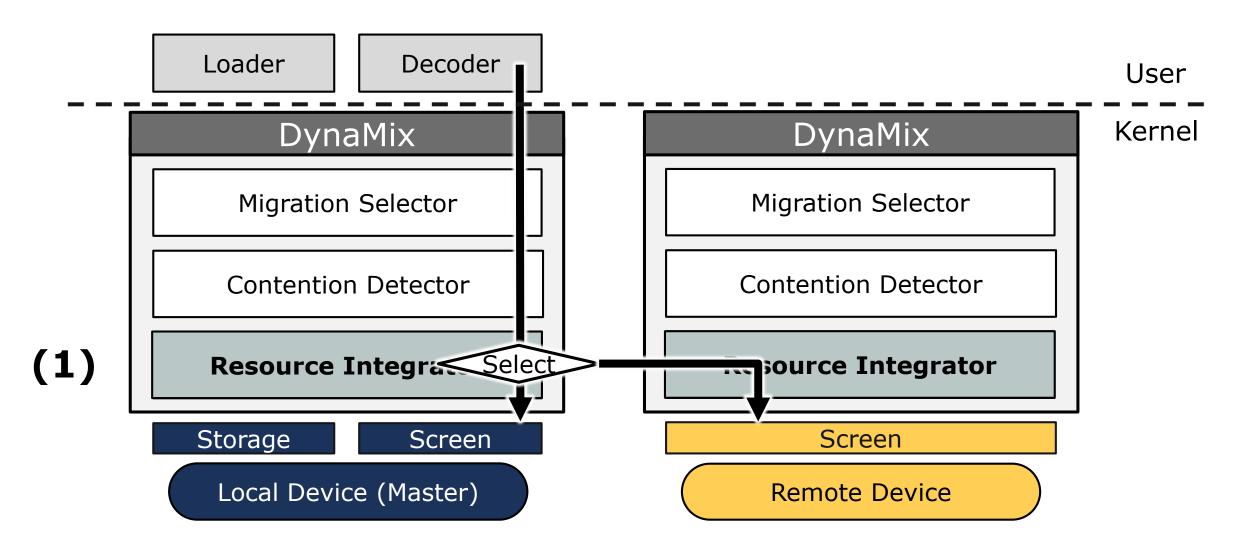
# Key Ideas of *DynaMix* (2/2)

#### 2) Resource-aware Dynamic Task Redistribution



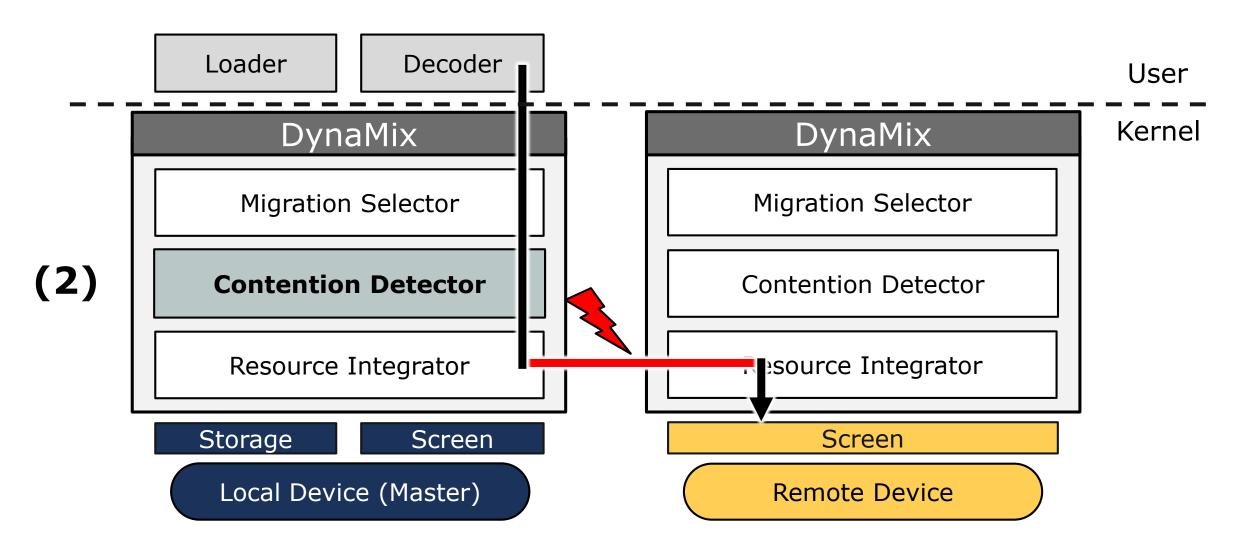


# **DynaMix** Architecture



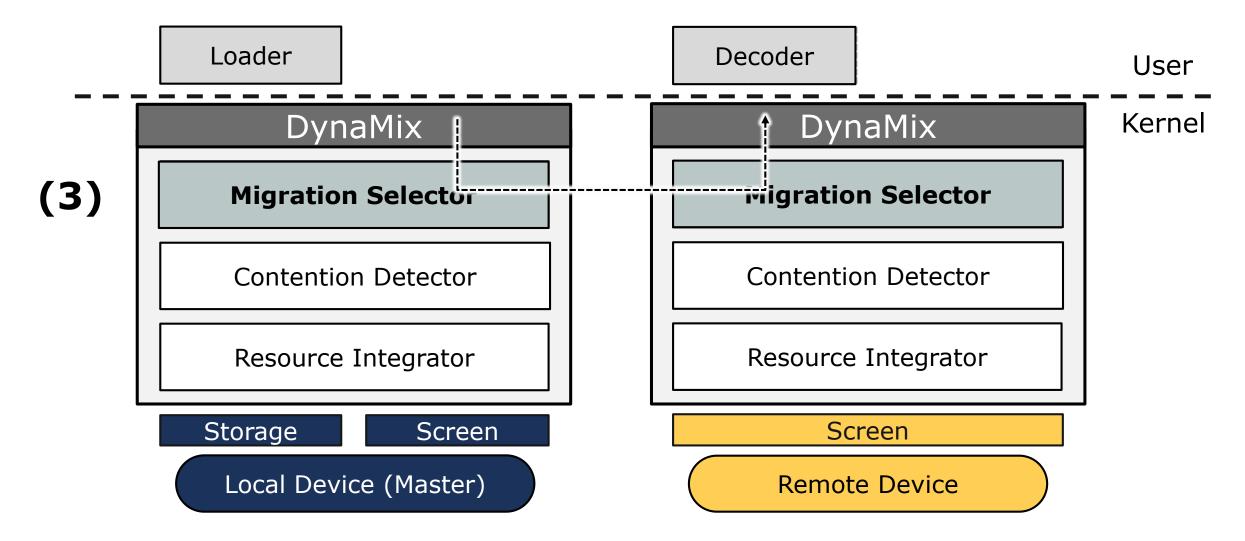


# **DynaMix** Architecture



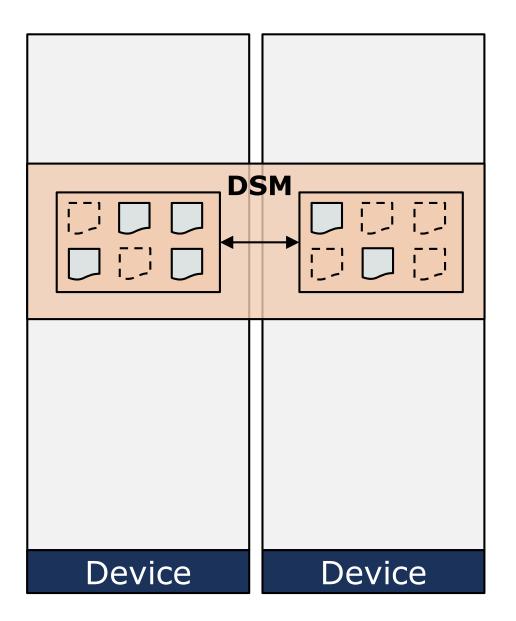


# **DynaMix** Architecture





# (1) Resource Integrator – (Memory, CPU, I/O)



#### Memory integration

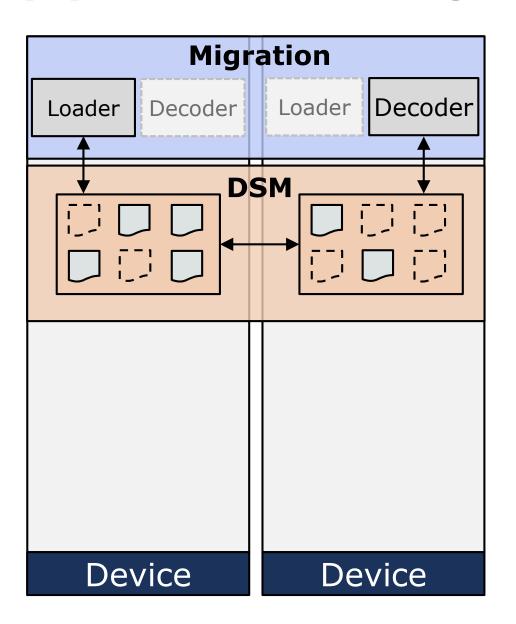
Distributed shared memory (DSM)

#### Three perf. optimizations

- Lazy release consistency model
- Page-level coherency block
- Memory prefetching



# (1) Resource Integrator – (Memory, CPU, I/O)



#### CPU integration

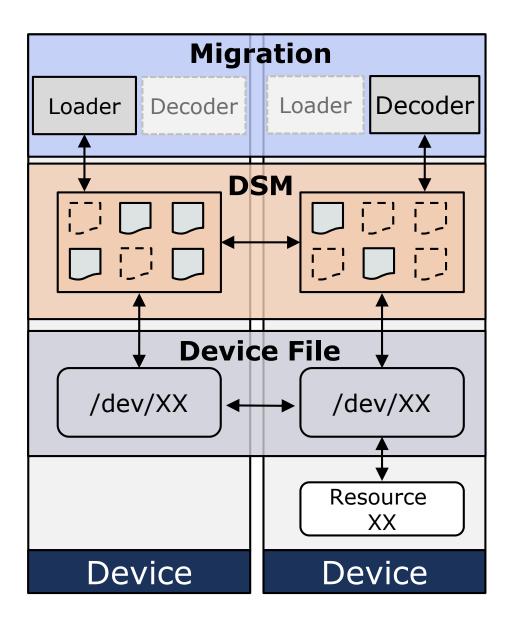
Thread migration

#### Optimizations

- Thread group granularity
- Clone-based migration
- Transparent live migration



# (1) Resource Integrator – (Memory, CPU, <u>I/O</u>)



#### I/O resource integration

Request forwarding (e.g., device file)

#### Optimizations

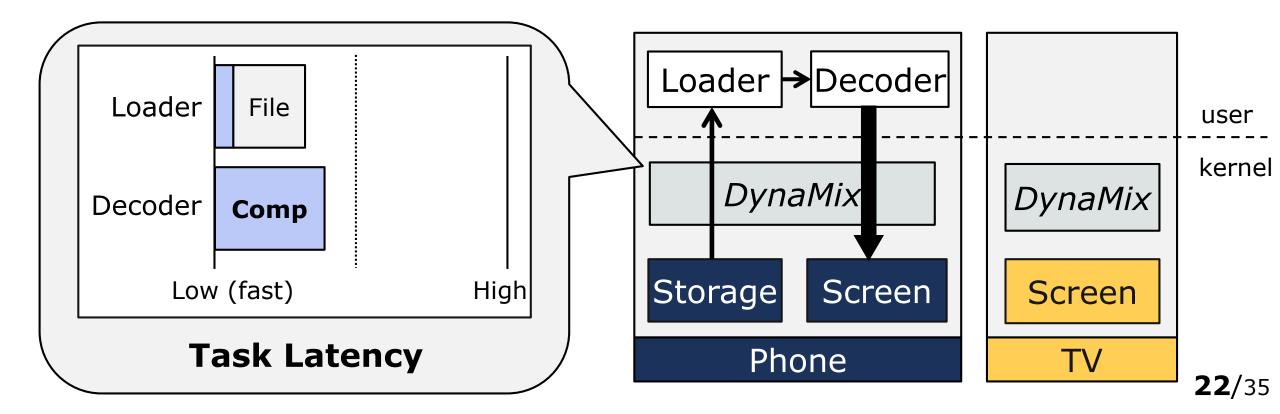
- Data compression
- Platform-assisted handling



# 2) Contention Detector

#### Calculate the slowdown of each thread

- Collect per-thread resource usage (e.g., CPU, network, ...)
- Measure a stall time due to resource access

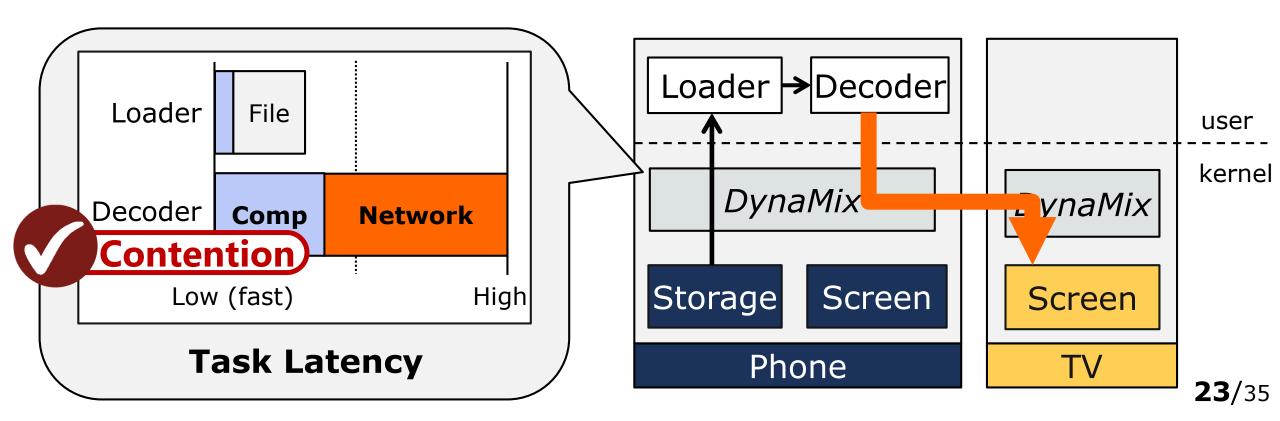




# 2) Contention Detector

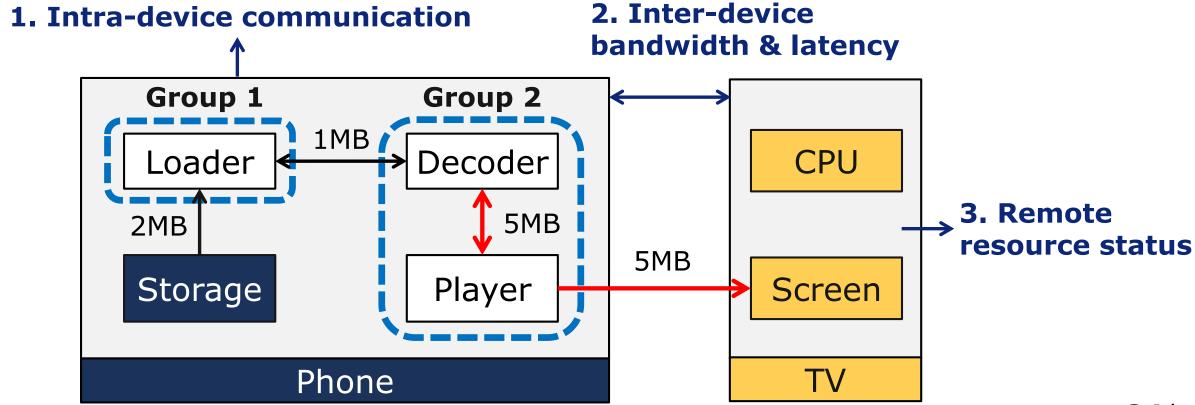
#### Calculate the slowdown of each thread

- Collect per-thread resource usage (e.g., CPU, network, ...)
- Measure a stall time due to resource access



# 3) Migration Selector

- Estimate the performance tradeoff after migration
  - Utilize intra-/inter-device information to decide migration targets

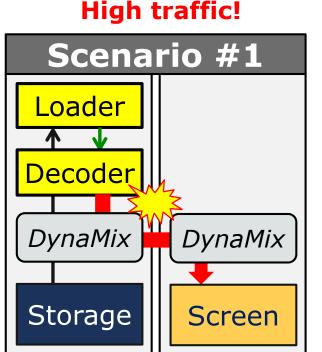


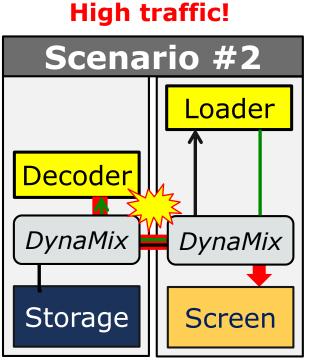


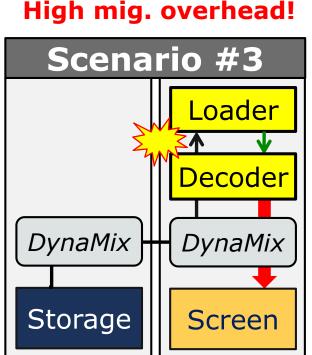
# 3) Migration Selector

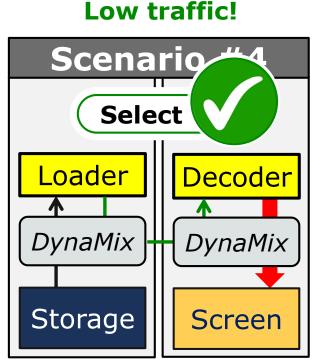
#### Estimate the performance tradeoff after migration

- Utilize intra-/inter-device information to decide migration targets
- Calculate the tradeoffs of all possible migration scenarios











#### Index

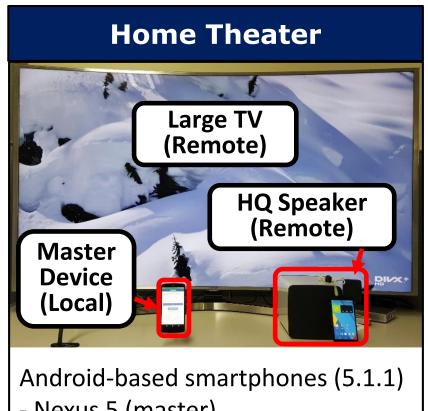
- Limitations of existing schemes
- DynaMix: Efficient dynamic resource sharing

#### Evaluation

- Scenario #1: Home theater
- Scenario #2: Smart monitoring
- Conclusion

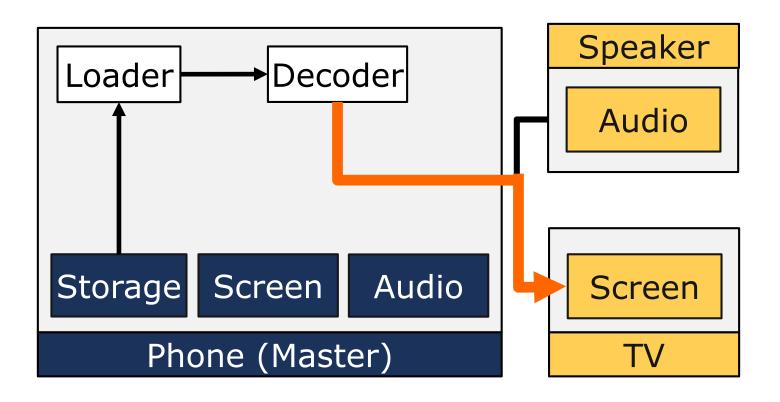


# **Evaluation Setup: Home theater**



- Nexus 5 (master)
- Nexus 4 (connected to a speaker)

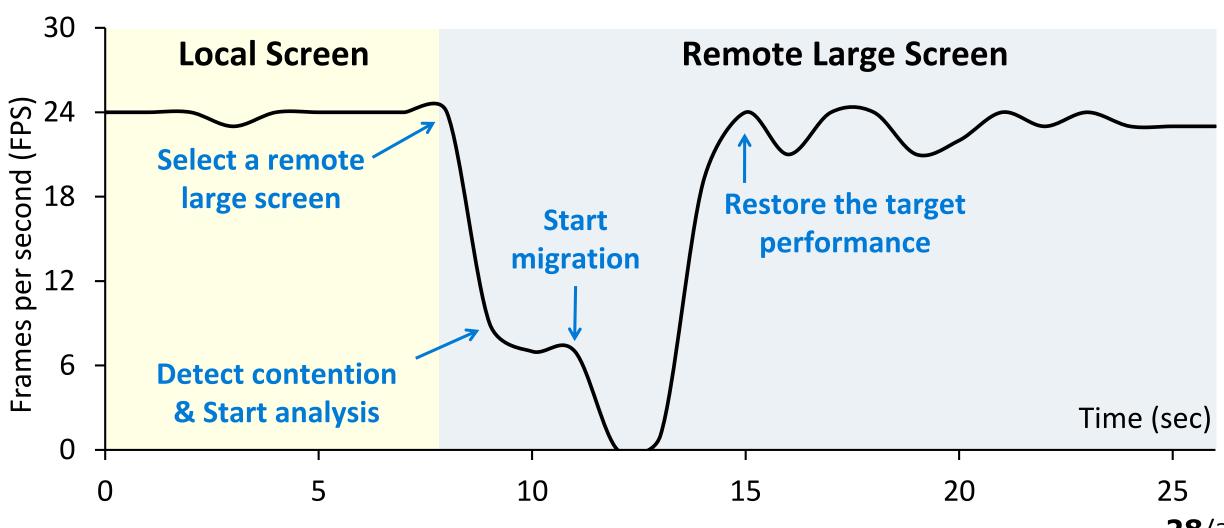
Tizen-based smart TV (2.3)





#### **Performance Timeline**

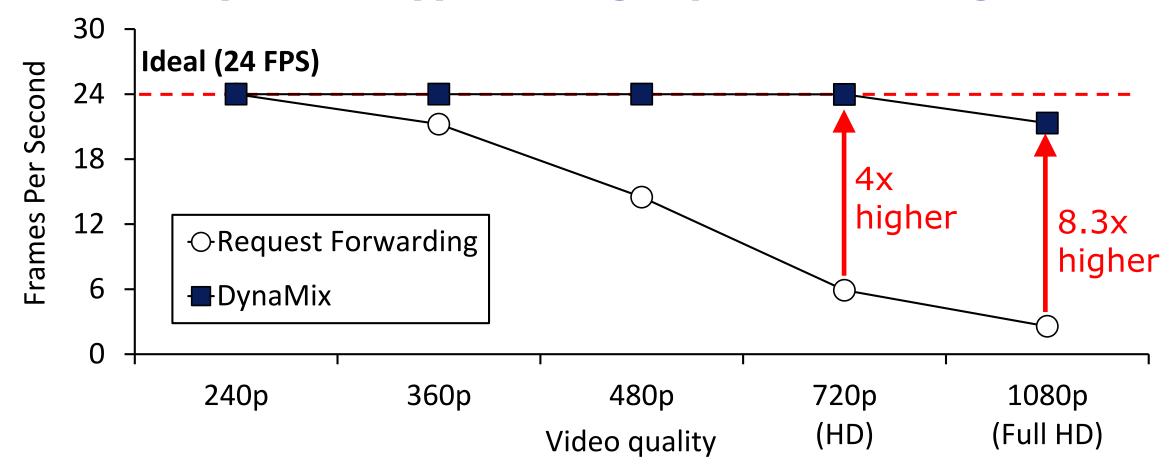
- Resource reconfiguration (local screen → remote large screen)





# **Throughput Improvement**

- Measured FPS for the home theater scenario
- Achieve (or closely) the target performance goal

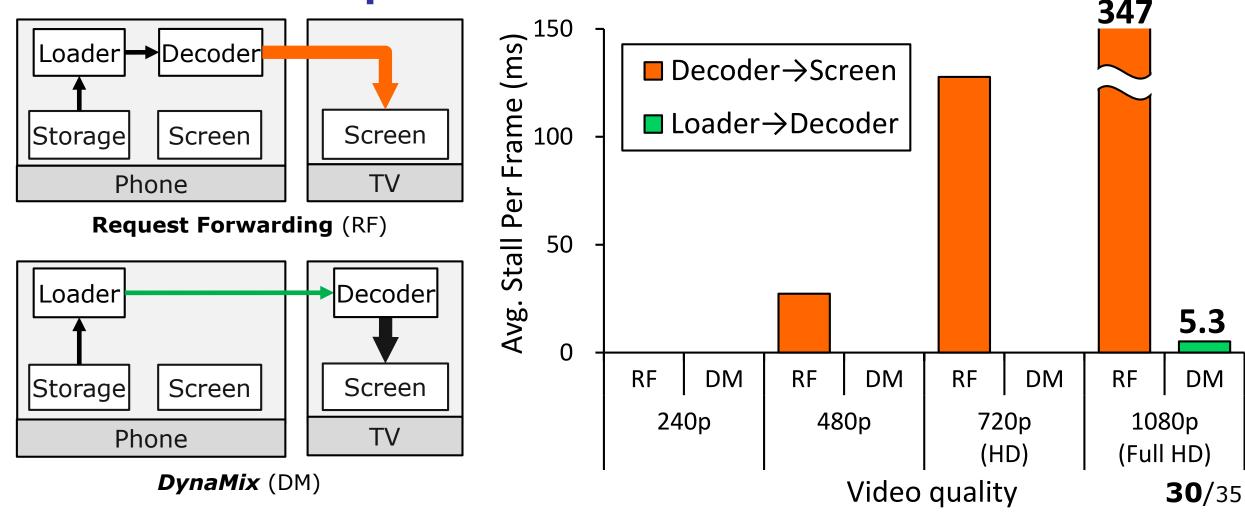




#### **Minimized Network Stall Time**

- Per-frame latency analysis for each datapath

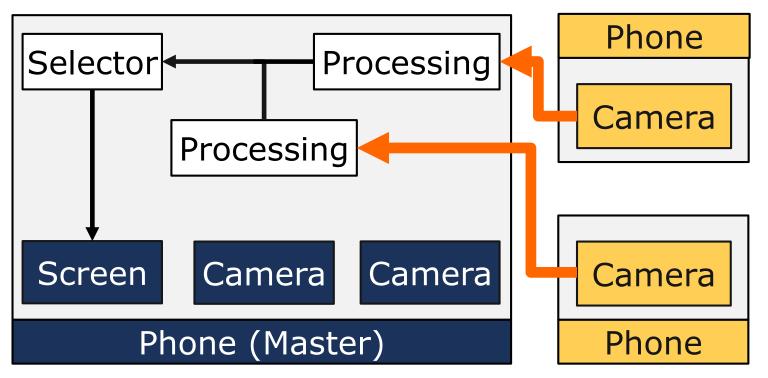
#### Reduce the exposed network traffic





# **Evaluation Setup: Smart Monitoring**

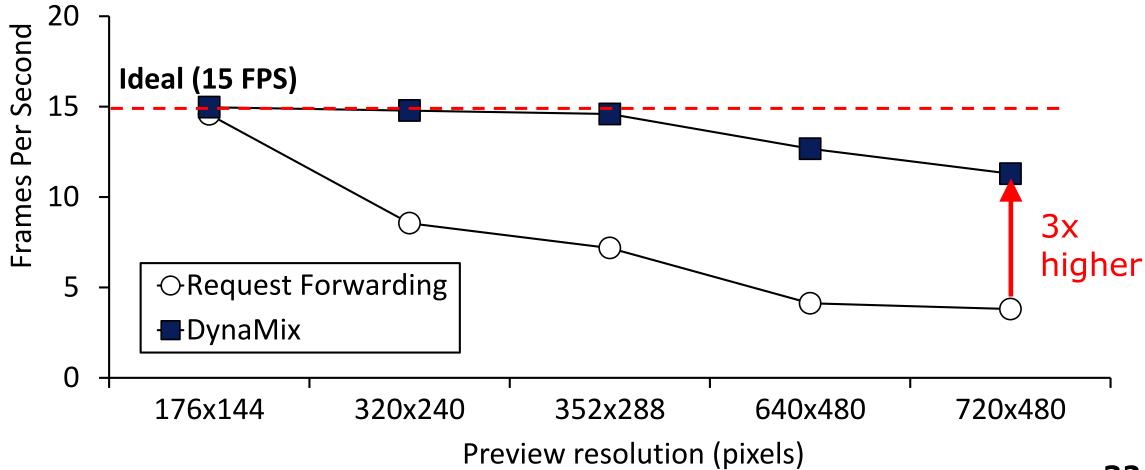






# **Throughput Improvement**

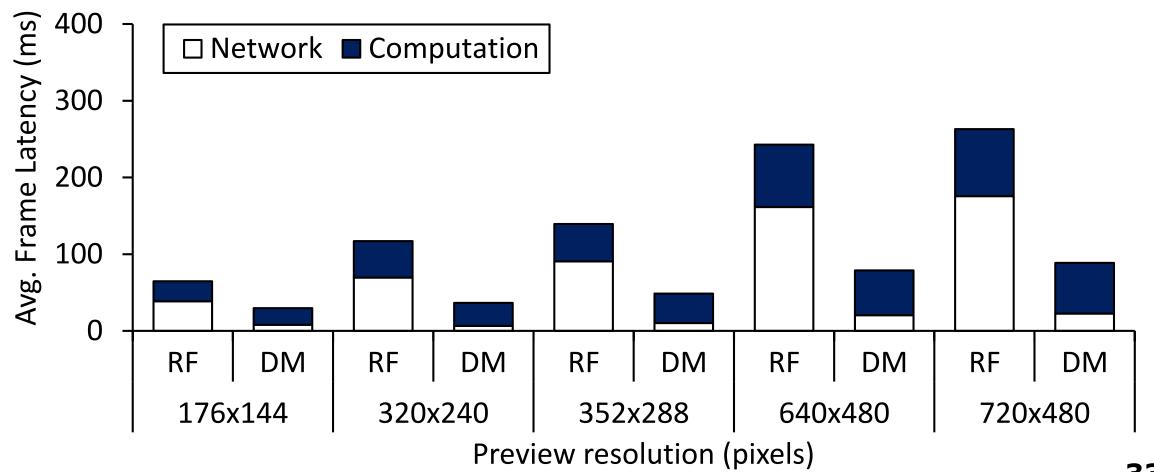
- As the camera preview resolution increases
- Achieve higher throughput than Request Forwarding





# **Computation Bottleneck**

- Per-frame detection latency
- Potential to achieve higher throughput with faster CPUs





#### Conclusion

#### DynaMix: Efficient cross-device resource sharing

- Transparent resource integration for diverse resources
- Resource-aware dynamic task redistribution

#### Implementation on top of Android/Tizen devices

- Achieve target performance for multi-device services
- e.g., 8.2 FPS → 24 FPS on the home theater scenario



# **DynaMix:**

# **Dynamic Mobile Device Integration for Efficient Cross-device Resource Sharing**

# Thank You!

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