Vsys: A programmable sudo

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What is Vsys

- Tool for restricting access to privileged operations
- Sometimes user demands not conveniently satisfied by default security model
- Vsys helps satisfy these demands safely
- Operations:
 - Simple: Open a raw socket, Access system logs
 - Complex: Create private overlay network, shape traffic

Vsys as a tool

- Typically runs in a chroot environment
- Outside chroot: privilege extensions implemented as executable files
- Inside chroot: FIFO pipes, UNIX domain sockets
- Users use these to communicate with extensions by reading from and writing to to these

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- Advanced:
 - Access control policies (ACPs)
 - Passing control structures (sockets, file descriptors)















Vsys as an approach

- Don't extend the OS
- Reuse existing building blocks for isolation:
 - Processes
 - File descriptors
 - Network interfaces
 - Packet tags
- Combine them:
 - Network interface + Packet tag = Isolated Interface
 - Raw socket + Packet tag = Isolated raw socket

Example: Sliceip

- Version of "ip route" tool open to nonadministrators
- Creates user-specific routes

User side	Vsys side
Request new virtual interface	Allocate private IP, Set interface name, configure firewall rules
Request new route	Modify route to apply to user's packets and/or interface

Other Vsys extensions on PlanetLab

- Fusemount: Mount and use userspace filesystems created by other users
- Socketops:
 - Large TCP/UDP buffers
 - Raw sockets
 - Control sockets
 - (e.g. read packet headers from kernel)
 - QoS settings
 - Etc.
- Vtuntap: Create and manage virtual devices

Lesson: Creating new OS abstractions is hard

- Easy to prototype, hard to run over long periods
- E.g. Vsys networking Vs Linux namespaces
- Initially went with Linux namespaces project
- Disadvantages:
 - Bad interactions with other components (iptables, linux-vservers)
 - Bugs
 - Missing tool and library support

Conclusion

- Vsys is a flexible sudo
- Rapid deployment of new isolated functionalities
- Encourages grassroot abstractions
- Experience: supported surprisingly powerful extensions
- Highly successful as tool and approach
 - 50+ privilege extensions
 - Supported papers and PHD dissertions: NIPS, NSDI, OSDI,
 - 10+ external developers